

01. 0620\_m15\_ms\_62 Q: 5

tests on solution E

- (a) yellow/green/any combination of yellow/green [1]
- (b) white precipitate (1) [1]
- (c) (i) green (1) precipitate (1) [2]  
 (ii) indicator paper turns blue (1)  
 pungent/sharp smell(1) [2]
- (d) brown precipitate (1) [1]
- (g) hydrogen (1) [1]
- (h) any **two** from:  
 transition metal (1)  
 different valencies/colours (1)  
 acidic solution (1) [2]

02. 0620\_m16\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)	blue/green (solid/crystals);	1
(b)(i)	(pale) blue; precipitate; royal / deep blue; dissolves /solution;	4
(b)(ii)	(pale) blue precipitate;	1
(b)(iii)	white precipitate;	1
(b)(iv)	no reaction / change / precipitate;	1
(c)	ammonium; iodide;	2

03. 0620\_m17\_ms\_62 Q: 1

(a)	electrode(s)	1
(b)	diagram of test-tube over either electrode	1
	containing liquid	1
(c)	test: glowing splint result: relights	1
(d)(i)	carbon dioxide	1
(d)(ii)	oxygen reacted with carbon	1
(e)	solution became more acidic/more concentrated	1
	water was broken down/electrolysed	1

04. 0620\_m17\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)(i)	white	1
	precipitate	1
(a)(ii)	(white precipitate) dissolves	1
(b)(i)	white precipitate	1
(b)(ii)	(white precipitate) dissolves	1
(c)	cream	1
	precipitate	1
(d)	sodium	1
	iodide	1

05. 0620\_m17\_ms\_62 Q: 4

(a)	any 4 from: M1 measure initial temperature of (solid) ammonium chloride / barium hydroxide M2 add barium hydroxide / ammonium chloride / other solid AND mix / stir M3 use a thermometer M4 measure the temperature of the mixture / final temperature M5 temperature decreases / test-tube feels cold	4
(b)	M1 add (aqueous) sodium hydroxide (and warm)	1
	M2 gas produced turns (red) litmus blue	1

06. 0620\_m18\_ms\_62 Q: 3

	tests on solution M	
(a)	yellow / brown	1
(b)	white	1
	precipitate	1
(c)	no reaction / change / precipitate	1
(d)(i)	<u>brown</u>	1
	precipitate	1
(d)(ii)	no change / precipitate remains / insoluble	1

	tests on solid N	
(e)	carbon dioxide	1
(f)	copper / transition element	1
	carbonate	1

07. 0620\_m19\_ms\_62 Q: 1

1(a)	Electrolysis	1
1(b)	Open (air hole / collar)	1
1(c)	Fizzing / bubbles / green gas	1
	Chlorine / $Cl_2$	1
1(d)	Iron reacts (with <u>chlorine</u> ) / iron is reactive / not inert	1
1(e)(i)	Bubbles / effervescence / fizzing	1
	Hydrogen (is below zinc in the reactivity series)	1
1(e)(ii)	Litmus	1
	Bleached / turns white	1
1(f)	Wear gloves / goggles	1

08. 0620\_m19\_ms\_62 Q: 2

2(a)	Table of results for Experiment 1	1
	Initial and final volumes completed correctly 1.1, 16.1	
	Difference 15.0	1
2(b)	Table of results for Experiment 2	1
	Initial, final volumes and difference completed correctly 1.9, 31.9, 30.0	
	All readings to 1 dp in (a) and (b)	1
2(c)(i)	Solution A	1
	Smaller volume / less (of potassium manganate used) / solution A	1
2(c)(ii)	2 $\square$ (times) as concentrated	1
2(d)(i)	2 $\square$ (times) value from table for Experiment 2, 60 cm <sup>3</sup>	1
	Double volume (of C) used	1
2(d)(ii)	Volume of potassium manganate solution added > 50 cm <sup>3</sup>	1
	Use more than one burette / refill burette	1
2(e)	Advantage easy to use / quick	1
	Disadvantage not as accurate owtte	1
2(f)	(Solution C) contains iron(II) (ions) / $Fe^{2+}$	1
	Reference to oxidation / (iron(II)) $\rightarrow$ iron(III) / $Fe^{3+}$	1

09. 0620\_m19\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Tests on solution D		
3(a)	1–3	1
3(b)	Bubbles / fizz / effervescence	1
	Lighted splint / flame	1
	'Pops'	1
3(c)	No reaction / no change / no precipitate	1
3(d)	White precipitate	1
Tests on solid E		
3(e)	Carbon dioxide	1
3(f)	Calcium	1
	Carbonate	1

10. 0620\_m20\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
	<b>Tests on solution J</b>	1
(a)	1	1
(b)	carbon dioxide	1
(c)(i)	hydrochloric acid / $HCl$ hydrogen (ions) / $H^+$ chloride (ions) / $Cl^-$	2
	<b>Tests on solid K</b>	1
(d)	no change	1

Question	Answer	Marks
(e)	(red) litmus	1
	(litmus) turns blue	1

Question	Answer	Marks
	<b>Tests on solution J</b>	<b>1</b>
(a)	1	1
(b)	carbon dioxide	1
(c)(i)	hydrochloric acid / $HCl$ hydrogen (ions) / $H^+$ chloride (ions) / $Cl^-$	2
	<b>Tests on solid K</b>	<b>1</b>
(d)	no change	1

11. 0620\_m21\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	ammonia / $NH_3$	1
(b)	lithium nitrate	1
	lithium (ions) / $Li^+$	
	nitrate / $NO_3^-$	1
(c)	white precipitate	1
	dissolves / disappears / forms colourless solution	1
(d)	white precipitate	1
	remains / does not dissolve / no further change / white precipitate / nothing happens	1
(e)	no change	1
(f)	white precipitate	1

12. 0620\_p20\_ms\_60 Q: 3

- (a) platinum / graphite / carbon [1]
- (b) damp blue litmus paper / Universal indicator paper / pH paper;  
bleaches / turns white; [1]  
[1]
- (c) hydrogen [1]

13. 0620\_p20\_ms\_60 Q: 4

- (a) (i) white precipitate [1]  
 (ii) precipitate dissolves in excess; [1]  
 (iii) white precipitate; [1]  
 no change / precipitate remains; [1]
- (b) contains water / hydrated [1]
- (c) ammonia [1]  
 not: ammonium
- (d) Any two from: [2]  
 nitrate;  
 hydrated salt / contains water;  
 it is not a sulfate;
- (e) sodium hydroxide is hazardous / irritant / caustic; [1]  
 allow: toxic  
 boiling causes mixture to spit / blow-out; [1]
- 

14. 0620\_p20\_ms\_60 Q: 5

- (a) Universal indicator / pH paper; [1]  
 pH of 4–6 / yellow / orange; [1]  
 note: any suitable test with appropriate result
- (b) Any four from: [4]  
 chromatography;  
 description of applying food colouring to paper;  
 use of solvent;  
 results / number of spots;  
 compare results to known sample / reference to  $R_f$  value;  
 marks can be obtained from a labelled diagram
- 

15. 0620\_s12\_ms\_61 Q: 5

- (c) fizz/bubbles/effervescence (1) limewater (1) [3]  
 milky/cloudy/white ppt (1) **cond:** on limewater
- (e) ammonia (1) [1]
- (f) non-transition metal (1)  
 ammonium (salt or carbonate) (2) **not:** ammonia max [2]

**[Total: 6]**

16. 0620\_s12\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a) bulb/lamp lights/water level falls/green-yellow gas (1) [1]

(b) arrows labelling electrodes as anode/cathode or + – or the electrodes or Pt (1) [1]  
**allow:** labels either way round **not:** the wires labelled

(c) (i) hydrogen (1) [1]

(ii) lighted splint (1) if  $\text{Cl}_2$  in (c)(i) allow ecf for damp litmus/indicator paper  
no ecf for anything other than  $\text{Cl}_2$   
  
pops (1) if  $\text{Cl}_2$  in (c)(i) allow ecf for bleached/white/decolourised [2]  
note: These are conditional marks so the result is conditional on the test, i.e. glowing  
splint pops = 0/2

(d) chlorine (1) soluble/dissolves/reacts (1) [2]

**[Total: 7]**

---

17. 0620\_s12\_ms\_62 Q: 6

(d) appearance colourless (1) **ignore:** clear [2]  
smell vinegar/pungent/sour/sharp (1) **ignore:** sweet/strong

(e) pH 2–6 (1) [1]

(f) carbon dioxide (1) [1]

(g) copper/ $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  (1) carbonate/ $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  (1) [2]

**[Total: 6]**

---

18. 0620\_s12\_ms\_63 Q: 2

bromine (water) (1) not: bromide  
colourless (1)  
aqueous silver nitrate (1)  
yellow precipitate (1)  
named indicator/solution of copper salt (1)  
correct colour change/pH/blue precipitate (1) [6]

**[Total: 6]**

19. 0620\_s12\_ms\_63 Q: 5

- (c) bubbles/fizz/effervescence (1) [1]  
 limewater (1) milky (1) [2]
- (d) (i) blue (1) precipitate (1) [2]
- (ii) blue precipitate (1) [1]  
 dark/deep blue (1) solution/dissolves (1) [2]
- (e) barium/calcium (1) chloride (1) **not:** chlorine ions [2]

**[Total: 10]**

20. 0620\_s13\_ms\_61 Q: 1

- (a) electrode(s) / anode / cathode(either) (1)  
**allow:** electrodes labelled wrong way round **not:** carbon/platinum  
 bulb / lamp / light (1) [2]
- (b) lighted splint (1) pops (1) glowing splint = 0 [2]
- (c) graduated test-tube / measuring cylinder (1) **not:** gas syringe as will not work  
 filled with electrolyte / acid / water inverted over electrode / owtte (1) [2]
- (d) (i) sodium hydroxide (1) [1]
- (ii) universal indicator with pH>7 / litmus turns blue (1) [1]  
**note:** mark not awarded if (d)(i) is incorrect

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

21. 0620\_s13\_ms\_61 Q: 2

- (a) to prevent air / oxygen / bacteria entering jar (1) [1]
- (b) pestle and / or mortar (1) [1]
- (c) diagram of funnel and filter paper (1) labelled (1) [2]
- (d) yeast would not work at high temperatures / kills yeast / denatures enzymes / owtte (1) [1]  
**allow:** kills enzyme
- (e) (i) bubbles / froth (1) [1]  
**not:** gas / CO<sub>2</sub> given off / turns cloudy
- (ii) (collect gas) and measure volume / count bubbles (1)  
over certain time interval (1) [2]  
**allow:** one mark for timing until bubbles / reaction stopped
- (f) fractional distillation (1) [1]
- 

22. 0620\_s13\_ms\_62 Q: 4

- (a) colourless (1) **ignore:** clear, **not:** white [1]
- (b) white (1) precipitate (1)  
dissolves / clears (1) [3]
- (c) white precipitate (1) insoluble / does not dissolve (1) [2]
- (d) no change / colourless solution / no reaction (1) [1]
- (e) white (1) precipitate (1) [2]
- (g) carbon dioxide / CO<sub>2</sub> (1) [1]
- (h) calcium / Ca<sup>2+</sup> (1) **accept:** any Group 2 metals carbonate / CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup> (1) [2]  
**note:** CaCO<sub>3</sub> = 2
-

23. 0620\_s13\_ms\_63 Q: 4

tests on solid H

- (a) blue / green (1) [1]
- (b) blue (1) precipitate (1) [2]
- (c) blue (1) precipitate (1) [2]  
with excess deep blue (1) solution / clear / dissolves (1) [2]
- (d) forms a carbonate on heating / carbon dioxide present (1)  
organic / ethanoate (1) [2]
- 

24. 0620\_s14\_ms\_61 Q: 5

- (d) white (1)  
precipitate (1) [2]
- (e) no reaction / no change / no precipitate (1) [1]  
**allow:** colourless solution
- (f) not a chloride / halide (1) [1]
- (g) oxygen / O<sub>2</sub> (1) [1]  
not O
- (h) transition metal / manganese (1)  
hydrated salt (1)  
**ignore:** sulfate  
**allow:** catalyst (1) max [2]
-

25. 0620\_s14\_ms\_62 Q: 5

(b) pH paper turns blue / pH > 7 / reference to smell of the gas (1) [1]

(c) (i) paper turns blue / pH > 7 (1)

reference to smell of gas (1)

**ignore:** fizzing

(ii) white (1)

precipitate (1)

(f) zinc (1)

**allow:** Zn<sup>2+</sup>

**ignore:** incorrect formulae

carbonate (1)

**allow:** CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>

**ignore:** incorrect formulae

---

26. 0620\_s14\_ms\_63 Q: 4

(a) temperature boxes correctly completed (2),  
25, 36, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34 [2]  
**guidance:** 7 correct (2); 6 correct (1); 5 or fewer correct (0)

(b) temperature boxes completed correctly  
25, 19, 18, 17, 16, 16, 17 [2]  
**guidance:** 7 correct (2); 6 correct (1); 5 or fewer correct (0)

(d) all points correctly plotted (3)  
**guidance:** 7 correct (2); 6 correct (1); 5 or fewer correct (0)  
smooth line graphs (2)  
labels (1) [6]

(e) (i) value from graph (1) 37.5s  
shown clearly (1) [2]

(ii) value from graph (1) 6s  
shown clearly (1) [2]

(f) endothermic (1) [1]

(g) M is a carbonate / carbon dioxide given off (1) [1]

- (h) lower temperature changes (1)  
greater volume / more water (1) [2]
- (i) room temperature or 25°C (1)  
reaction finished (1) [2]
- (j) more readings / points / more accurate / better graph (1) [1]
- 

27. 0620\_s14\_ms\_63 Q: 5

- (c) (i) white (1)  
precipitate(1)  
insoluble(1) [3]
- (ii) no / thin precipitate (1) [1]
- (iii) yellow precipitate (1) [1]
- (d) copper (1)  
oxide (1) [2]
- 

28. 0620\_s15\_ms\_61 Q: 5

(c)	white; precipitate; dissolves / clears;	3	
(d)	white precipitate;	1	
(e)	no reaction / no change / no precipitate / colourless solution;	1	
(f)	white; precipitate;	2	
(g)	hydrated / water;	1	
(h)	not a halide / not a named halide;	1	
(i)(i)	ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub> ;	1	
(i)(ii)	ammonium / NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> ;	1	

29. 0620\_s15\_ms\_62 Q: 3

	<p><i>aqueous potassium hydroxide</i> named indicator e.g. red litmus; correct colour e.g. turns blue; <b>OR</b> pH paper / indicator / meter / probe; &gt;7; <b>OR</b> chemical test e.g. copper sulfate solution; correct result e.g. blue precipitate;</p> <p><i>octane</i> lighted splint; liquid catches fire; <b>OR</b> add to water; immiscible;</p> <p><i>pure water</i> boiling point / melting point; 100 °C / 0 °C;</p>	<p>note: any correct tests allowable for these liquids</p> <p>I pH scale, but <b>A</b> measure pH, <b>A</b> the observation in both cases</p> <p><b>A</b> burn it</p> <p>I chemical tests for water I indicators / pH tests <b>6</b> I tests that would also work for KOH(aq)</p>
--	--	---

30. 0620\_s15\_ms\_62 Q: 5

(b)	pungent smell; paper turns blue / purple / green;	<b>2</b>	<b>A</b> sharp <b>I</b> pH
(c)	(pale) yellow; precipitate;	<b>2</b>	<b>R</b> bright yellow
(e)	pH 8–14;	<b>1</b>	<b>A</b> above 7 / 7–14
(f)	carbon dioxide;	<b>1</b>	
(g)	barium / lead / calcium / silver; carbonate;	<b>2</b>	

31. 0620\_s15\_ms\_63 Q: 5

(c)	red brown; precipitate; no change;	<b>3</b>	
(d)	red brown precipitate;	<b>1</b>	
(e)	no change / no precipitate / no reaction / nothing;	<b>1</b>	
(f)	white; precipitate;	<b>2</b>	
(g)	hydrated / water;	<b>1</b>	
(h)	not a halide / not a named halide;	<b>1</b>	
(i)(i)	ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub> ;	<b>1</b>	
(i)(ii)	ammonium / NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> ;	<b>1</b>	

32. 0620\_s16\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)	sodium; bromide;	<b>1</b> <b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
(b)	green;	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
(c)(i)	green; precipitate; with excess, green solution / clear / dissolves;	<b>1</b> <b>1</b> <b>1</b>	<b>3</b>
(c)(ii)	grey-green; precipitate;	<b>1</b> <b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
(c)(iii)	white precipitate;	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
(d)	fume cupboard / protective clothing, e.g. gloves or goggles;	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>

33. 0620\_s16\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)	white (solid/crystals/powder);	1
(b)(i)	no change;	1
(b)(ii)	turns from purple / pink; to colourless / white;	1 1
(c)	yellow / orange (flame);	1
(d)	ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub> ;	1
(e)	ammonium / NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> ;	1

34. 0620\_s16\_ms\_63 Q: 3

(a)(i)	white; precipitate; dissolves;	1 1 1	3
(a)(ii)	white precipitate; dissolves;	1 1	2
(a)(iii)	no reaction / change / precipitate;		1
(a)(iv)	any 3 from: effervescence / fizz / bubbles; red litmus / pH paper; blue / pH > 7; pungent smell;		3
(b)	lithium; carbonate;	1 1	2

35. 0620\_s17\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)	solid spits out of the tube / the tube might crack	1
(b)	carbon dioxide	1
(c)	copper / Cu <sup>2+</sup>	1
	carbonate / CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1
(d)	white	1
(e)(i)	no reaction / change	1
(e)(ii)	yellow	1
	precipitate	1
(f)	lilac	1
(g)	any 2 from: <input type="checkbox"/> blue / roaring / hot flame <input type="checkbox"/> use of a splint / wire to introduce the solid into the flame <input type="checkbox"/> use of (concentrated) hydrochloric acid	2

36. 0620\_s17\_ms\_61 Q: 4

(a)	(red) litmus turns blue	1
(b)	heat / boil the mixture	1
	condense the vapour	1
(c)	filter / decant	1
	wash residue (with water)	1
	dry	1

37. 0620\_s17\_ms\_62 Q: 1

(a)	measuring cylinder	1
	conical flask	1
(b)	bubbles / fizz / effervescence	1
(c)	time (taken)	1
	s / seconds / secs	1
(d)(i)	80 and 40 (cm <sup>3</sup> )	1
	Experiment 1 at twice / double the volume of Experiment 2	1
(d)(ii)	two times as much / mass / amount / length magnesium used (in Experiment 1)	1
(d)(iii)	curve drawn is steeper than Experiment1	1
	curve drawn finishes at the same level as Experiment 1	1

38. 0620\_s17\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)	initial temperature and final temperature recorded correctly: 19, 23	1
	temperature difference correctly calculated: 4	1
(b)	endothermic	1
(c)	sulfur dioxide	1
(d)	sodium / Na <sup>+</sup>	1
	sulfite / SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1
(e)	red	1
(f)	white	1
	precipitate	1

39. 0620\_s17\_ms\_63 Q: 3

(a)	chlorine	1
(b)(i)	iron(III)	1
	hydroxide	1
(b)(ii)	green	1
	precipitate	1
(c)	oxygen	1
(d)	catalyst	1
	transition element compound / manganese oxide	1

40. 0620\_s18\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)	hydrogen / H <sub>2</sub>	1
(b)	sulfuric	1
	acid	1
(c)	limewater	1
	milky / cloudy / white ppt.	1
(d)(i)	white	1
	precipitate	1
(d)(ii)	dissolves / clears / goes colourless	1
(e)(i)	white precipitate	1
(e)(ii)	dissolves / clears / goes colourless	1

41. 0620\_s18\_ms\_62 Q: 1

(a)	(gas) syringe	1
(b)(i)	volume of gas / volume of carbon dioxide	1
(b)(ii)	reaction finished / no more gas given off	1
	calcium carbonate used up	1
(c)	sketch less steep at beginning	1
	to same level / volume / final amount of gas	1
(d)	limewater / calcium hydroxide solution	1
	milky / cloudy / white ppt.	1

42. 0620\_s18\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)	(pale) green (solid / crystals)	1
(b)	no change / no reaction / no precipitate / no observation	1
(c)	white precipitate	1
(d)	green	1
	precipitate	1
(e)	green precipitate	1
(f)	calcium	1

43. 0620\_s18\_ms\_63 Q: 3

(a)(i)	yellow	1
(a)(ii)	pH 11–14	1
(b)	white precipitate	1
	clears / dissolves	1
	white precipitate	1
(c)	pH / litmus paper	1
	turns pH >7 / turns blue	1
(d)	grey-green	1
	precipitate	1

(e)	organic / fuel / flammable	1
-----	----------------------------	---

44. 0620\_s19\_ms\_61 Q: 1

(a)	(conical) flask (1) gas jar (1)	2
(b)	no bung in second flask (1) gas jar should not be inverted (1)	2
(c)	to dry the gas / remove water	1
(d)	litmus (1) turns white/bleaches (1)	2
(e)	chlorine / gas is poisonous / toxic	1

45. 0620\_s19\_ms\_61 Q: 3

	<b>Tests on solution F</b>	
(a)	0–3	1
(b)	bubbles / fizz / effervescence (1) lighted splint / flame (1) pops (1)	3
(c)	white precipitate	1
(d)	no reaction/change	1
	<b>Tests on solid G</b>	
(e)	calcium (1) carbonate (1)	2

46. 0620\_s19\_ms\_62 Q: 2

(a)	table of results	2
	time boxes completed 20, 34, 68, 98 in seconds	1
(b)	appropriate scale for y-axis	1
	all points plotted correctly	1
	best fit smooth line graph between plotted points	1
(c)	extrapolation shown clearly	1
	value from graph	1
	unit ... s	1
(d)(i)	(length) is a control variable	1
(d)(ii)	times / results would be lower / smaller / less (because less magnesium is used)	1
(e)	apparatus: M1 gas syringe / measuring cylinder over water	1
	measurement 1: M2 volume of gas	1
	measurement 2: M3 time	1

(f)(i)	exothermic / redox / displacement	1
(f)(ii)	hydrogen / H <sub>2</sub>	1

47. 0620\_s19\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Tests on solid L		
(a)	white (solid / crystals)	1
(b)	condensation / drops on side of tube	1
	cobalt(II) chloride paper turns from blue	1
	to pink	1
(c)	any <b>two</b> from: <input type="checkbox"/> (red) litmus paper <input type="checkbox"/> turns blue <input type="checkbox"/> pungent smell	2
(d)	white precipitate	1
(e)	iron(III) / Fe <sup>3+</sup>	1
	chloride / Cl <sup>-</sup>	1

48. 0620\_s19\_ms\_63 Q: 3

Tests on solid N		
(a)	white (solid)	1
(b)	condensation / drops on side of tube	1
	cobalt(II) chloride paper turns (from blue) to pink	1
(c)(i)	white precipitate	1
(c)(ii)	precipitate dissolves / clears / soluble	1
(d)	white precipitate	1
Tests on solid O		
(e)	potassium	1
	chloride	1

49. 0620\_s20\_ms\_61 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid G</b>		
(a)	any <b>three</b> from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• bubble / fizz / effervescence</li> <li>• blue solution formed</li> <li>• (gas made turns) limewater</li> <li>• milky</li> </ul>	3
(b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• carbon dioxide / CO<sub>2</sub></li> </ul>	1

Question	Answer	Marks
(c)	blue	1
	precipitate	1
	dark(er) / royal blue and dissolves / solution	1
(d)	not a halide	1
<b>tests on solid H</b>		
(e)	hydrated	1
	sodium / Na <sup>+</sup> sulfate / SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1
	sodium sulfate = 2 Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> = 2	

50. 0620\_s20\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solution L</b>		
(a)	stays purple or no change	1
(b)	green ppt	1
	(dissolves / soluble) producing a green solution	1
(c)	grey-green precipitate	1
	remains in excess / does not dissolve	1
(d)	white precipitate	1

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid M</b>		
(e)	sodium / Na <sup>+</sup>	1
	carbonate / CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1

51. 0620\_s20\_ms\_63 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid N</b>		
(a)	ammonia	1
(b)	zinc / Zn <sup>2+</sup>	1
	nitrate / NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	1
<b>Tests on solid P</b>		
(c)	white	1
(d)	lilac	1
(e)(i)	(pale) yellow precipitate	1

Question	Answer	Marks
(e)(ii)	no change	1
(e)(iii)	becomes brown / orange / yellow	1

52. 0620\_s21\_ms\_61 Q: 3

Tests on solid E		
(a)	hydrated / contains water (of crystallisation)	1
(b)	not a halide	1
(c)	ammonium / $\text{NH}_4^+$	1
	aluminium / $\text{Al}^{3+}$	1
	sulfate / $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$	1
Tests on solid F		
(d)	yellow	1
(e)(i)	blue	1
(e)(ii)	blue ppt	1

53. 0620\_s21\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
Tests on solid G		
(a)	oxygen / $\text{O}_2$	1
(b)	calcium / $\text{Ca}^{2+}$	1
	iodide / $\text{I}^-$	1
Tests on solid H		
(c)	any 2 from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>white fumes given off</li> <li>condensation at mouth of tube</li> <li>solid (changes from blue and) becomes white</li> </ul>	2
(d)	blue-green	1

Question	Answer	Marks
(e)	(light) blue precipitate	1
	dissolves / forms a solution / soluble (in excess)	1
	which is a darker / deep blue	1
(f)	white precipitate	1

54. 0620\_s21\_ms\_63 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid I</b>		
(a)	green precipitate	1
	dissolves in excess (forming a green solution)	1
(b)	grey-green precipitate	1
	remains / does not dissolve	1
(c)	white ppt	1
(d)	no change	1
<b>Tests on solid J</b>		
(e)	carbon dioxide / CO <sub>2</sub>	1

Question	Answer	Marks
(f)	potassium / K <sup>+</sup>	1
	carbonate / CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	1

55. 0620\_w12\_ms\_61 Q: 5

- (a) (i)** white (1) precipitate (1) dissolves (1) [3]
- (ii)** white precipitate (1) dissolves (1) [2]
- (b)** no reaction/change (1) [1]
- (c)** white (1) precipitate (1) [2]
- (g)** chlorine (1) **not:** chloride [1]
- (h)** oxygen (1) [1]
- (i)** transition metal present (1) catalyst (1) **allow:** copper oxide for one mark [2]  
manganese (1) oxide (1) max 2

56. 0620\_w12\_ms\_62 Q: 5

- (a) green (1) [1]
- (b) green (1)  
precipitate (1) [2]
- (c) green precipitate (1) [1]
- (d) no reaction/no precipitate/no change/no observation/nothing (1) [1]
- (e) white (1)  
precipitate (1) [2]
- (i) ammonia (1) [1]
- (j) transition metal/cobalt (1) ignore copper  
nitrate (1) [2]
- 

57. 0620\_w12\_ms\_63 Q: 4

tests on filtrate

- (a) (i) white (1) precipitate (1) with excess does not dissolve/clear (1) [3]  
(ii) no precipitate/very slight precipitate/no reaction [1]  
(iii) white (1) precipitate (1) [2]
- (c) carbon dioxide/CO<sub>2</sub> (1) [1]
- (d) lead/silver (1) carbonate (1) [2]
-

58. 0620\_w13\_ms\_61 Q: 4

tests on liquid L

- (a) colourless (liquid) [1]  
**allow:** (pale) yellow
- (c) no reaction / change (1) [1]
- (d) yellow (1) precipitate (1) [2]
- (e) iodine dissolves / owtte (1) [1]
- (f) organic (1) solvent (1) liquids do not mix (1) max [2]
- 

59. 0620\_w13\_ms\_62 Q: 5

- (a) colourless **and** smells acidic/vinegar/pungent/choking/sour (1) [1]  
**not:** strong  
red/orange/yellow (1) pH 1–6 (1) [2]
- (b) fizzes/effervescence (1)  
lighted splint (1) pops (1) [3]  
**not:** glowing splint pops
- (c) effervescence/fizz/bubbles (1) [1]  
**not:** carbon dioxide unless limewater test described as an observation
- (f) organic/hydrocarbon (1) fuel/flammable (1) reducing agent (1) max [2]  
**allow:** 2 marks for alcohol/ethanol
- 

AceIGCSE  
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

60. 0620\_w13\_ms\_63 Q: 4

**(a)** table of results for experiment 1

initial and final volumes and differences completed correctly (1)  
 15.7, 0.0 and 15.7  
 to 1 decimal place (1) [2]  
**allow:** 2 decimal places

**(b)** table of results for experiment 2

initial and final volumes completed correctly (1)  
 47.3 and 15.9  
 differences completed correctly (1)  
 31.4 [2]

**(c)** iron / Fe (1) (II) / 2+ (1) oxidised / reacts with air / to iron(III) (1) [3]

**(d) (i)** colourless to pink / purple (1) [1]  
**not:** clear **allow:** reverse

**(ii)** not an acid and alkali reaction / potassium manganate is coloured / owtte / indicator not needed / a colour change already occurs / potassium manganate acts as an indicator (1) [1]

**(e) (i)** experiment 2 (1) [1]

**(ii)** experiment 2 2× volume experiment 1 [1]

**(iii)** solution E more concentrated / stronger (1) or converse  
 2 × as concentrated (2) [2]

**(f)** half value from table result for Experiment 2 / 15.7 cm<sup>3</sup> (1)  
 half volume of E used (1) [2]

**(g)** advantage  
 easy to use / quick / convenient (1)

disadvantage  
 not accurate / owtte (1) [2]

61. 0620\_w13\_ms\_63 Q: 5

- (c) no reaction / no change / no precipitate (1) [1]
- (d) white (1) precipitate (1) [2]
- (e) neutral (1) transition metal (ion) present (1) [2]
- (f) reversible / equilibrium / neutralisation / (1)  
solution returned to original colour / solution turns back to yellow (1) [2]
- (g) oxygen (1) [1]

62. 0620\_w14\_ms\_61 Q: 5

- (c) no reaction / no change / no precipitate (1) [1]
- (d) white (1)  
precipitate (1) [2]
- (e) transition metal present (1)  
**allow:** iron  
water / hydrated (1) [2]
- (f) hydrated (1) iron (1) (II) (1) (sulfate) [3]

63. 0620\_w14\_ms\_61 Q: 6

- (a) (i) gas syringe / inverted measuring cylinder in trough of water (1)  
labelled (1) [2]
- (ii) limewater (1)  
milky (1) [2]
- (b) measured volume of water (1)  
in named weighed container (1)  
evaporate to dryness (1)  
reweigh / measure mass of solid (1)  
conclusion: e.g. double the mass of residue if 500 cm<sup>3</sup> water used to check mass in  
1000 cm<sup>3</sup> (1) max [4]

64. 0620\_w14\_ms\_62 Q: 2

**a solution of chlorine in water**

named indicator (1)

bleaches / turns white (1)

**do not allow:** halide test

[2]

**sulfuric acid**

named indicator (1)

result (1)

**or**

add barium nitrate (1)

white precipitate (1)

**or**

carbonate (1)

fizzes (1)

**allow:** other valid alternatives

[2]

**hexene**

bromine (water) (1)

decolourises (1)

**allow:** lighted splint (1)

ignites (1)

[2]

**limewater**

pass carbon dioxide (1)

milky / cloudy (1)

**allow:** named indicator (1)

correct result (1)

[2]

65. 0620\_w14\_ms\_62 Q: 5

tests on solution **A****(a)** yellow / brown / orange (1)**allow:** combination of above colours**do not allow:** red, but **allow:** red-brown

[1]

**(b)** (orange / red) brown (1)**allow:** rusty

precipitate (1)

[2]

**(c)** (orange / red) brown precipitate (1)

[1]

**(d)** white precipitate (1)

[1]

**(i)** aluminium (1)

sulfate (1)

list principle applies here

[2]

66. 0620\_w14\_ms\_63 Q: 5

tests on solution **N**

- (e)** appearance colourless (1) [1]  
 pH 11–14 (1) [1]
- (f)** colourless / no change (1)  
 white (1)  
 precipitate (1) [3]
- (g)** litmus paper turns blue (1)  
 pungent smell (1) [2]
- (h) (i)** hydrogen / H<sub>2</sub> (1) [1]  
**(ii)** ammonia (1) [1]
- (i)** hydrochloric acid (2) [2]  
 acid or chloride only, 1 mark.

67. 0620\_w15\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)	electrolysis;	1	
(b)	bulb lights/bubbles;	1	
(c)	platinum;	1	R: copper
(d)	glowing splint; relights;	1 1	R: relights a lighted splint A: lighted splint glows brighter
(e)	hydrogen (ions) positive / opposites attract	1	
(f)	chlorine produced; poisonous/toxic;	1 1	

68. 0620\_w15\_ms\_61 Q: 4

(d)	all time readings correctly recorded: 48, 68, 96, 132 4 correct = 3 3 correct = 2 2 correct = 1 0 or 1 correct = 0 in seconds;	3     1	
(e)	all points correctly plotted: 48, 68, 96, 132 4 correct = 2 3 correct = 1 2 or fewer correct = 0 smooth line graph;	2    1	
(f)(i)	value from the graph, 0.7; shown clearly on the graph;	1 1	

(f)(ii)	value from the graph, e.g. 34 s; extrapolation shown clearly;	1 1	
(g)	idea of fair test / comparability;	1	
(h)	21 (°C); 49 (°C);	1 1	
(i)(i)	exothermic / redox / displacement;	1	I: neutralisation
(i)(ii)	hydrogen;	1	
(i)(iii)	values halved;	2	'smaller temperature change' = 1 mark
(j)	<i>apparatus</i> gas syringe / thermometer;	1	
	<i>measurements</i> volume of gas / temperature of reaction;	1	
	over time;	1	

69. 0620\_w15\_ms\_61 Q: 5

(a)	yellow / green;	1	R: reference to ppt.
(b)	white precipitate;	1	
(c)	green; precipitate;	1	
		1	
(d)	green precipitate;	1	
(e)	brown; precipitate;	1	
		1	
(i)	silver / lead; nitrate;	1	
		1	

70. 0620\_w15\_ms\_62 Q: 4

	<i>tests on ethene</i> bromine (water); turns colourless;	1	A: Allow any test which gives only a <b>unique detectable result</b> for that substance, e.g. lighted splint / ethene burns.	
		1		
	<i>ammonia</i> red litmus / pH paper; turns blue / pH > 7;	1		
		1		
	<i>oxygen</i> glowing splint; relights;	1		R: relights a lighted splint
		1		A: lighted splint glows brighter

71. 0620\_w15\_ms\_62 Q: 5

(c)	copper; chloride;	1	I: any reference to copper's oxidation state
		1	
(d)	colourless;	1	R: white / pale yellow
(e)(i)	white; precipitate ; insoluble / no change / no reaction ;	1	R: colourless
		1	
(e)(ii)	no precipitate / slight white precipitate; no change / no reaction;	1 1	
(e)(iii)	yellow; precipitate;	1	
		1	

72. 0620\_w15\_ms\_63 Q: 4

(a)	green; precipitate;	1 1	use list principle for extra incorrect observations
(b)	correct table of results for Experiment 1: final volumes, initial volumes and difference: 10.8 0.0 10.8; all readings in <b>both</b> tables to 1 decimal place;	1 1	
(c)	correct table of results for Experiment 2: final volumes and initial volumes: 12.3 6.9; difference correct: 5.4;	1 1	<b>A:</b> ecf (usually 6.6)
(d)(i)	to remove <b>M</b> / residue/impurities/to clean it;	1	
(d)(ii)	to remove water/so <b>N</b> is not diluted;	1	<b>R:</b> <b>N</b> reacts with water
(e)	there is already a colour change/self-indicating/ it goes pink/owtte; <b>M</b> and <b>N</b> <u>change</u> colour or show when the reaction is complete;	1 1	<b>A:</b> it is not acid-alkali / potassium permanganate or solutions <b>I:</b> potassium permanganate / solutions <b>M</b> and <b>N</b> are coloured
(f)(i)	Experiment 2/ solution <b>M</b> / the first titration;	1	
(f)(ii)	Experiment 2 uses 2 × volume of Experiment 3 ora;	1	<b>A:</b> (nearly) 2 × / (13.7 v. 6.6)
(f)(iii)	twice as concentrated/ strong ora;	2	<b>A:</b> solution <b>N</b> more concentrated / stronger for 1 mark ora <b>R:</b> references to conc. of solution L (iron(II) sulfate)
(g)	half value from table result for Experiment 3/2.7; half volume (of L) used;	1 1	<b>R:</b> just 'half the volume' <b>A:</b> this shown by calculation
(h)	<i>advantage</i> easy to use/quick/convenient; <i>disadvantage</i> not accurate owtte;	1 1	<b>I:</b> reference to large volumes

73. 0620\_w15\_ms\_63 Q: 5

(f)	hydrogen/H <sub>2</sub> ;	1	
(g)	hydrated/water; acid;	1 1	<b>A:</b> hydrous <b>I:</b> other conclusions unless contradictory
(h)	(grey /) white (solid);	1	<b>I:</b> crystals <b>R:</b> pale blue
(i)	temperature increase/rise; blue (solution);	1	additional incorrect observations, such as bubbles, contradicts a correct observation <b>I:</b> state and starting colour
(j)	blue; precipitate;	1 1	
(k)	blue precipitate; dissolves/soluble/solution; deep/dark/royal blue (solution);	1 1 1	

74. 0620\_w16\_ms\_61 Q: 1

(a)	electrodes	1
(b)	bubbles / fizz / effervescence	1
(c)(i)	more hydrogen twice as much hydrogen / half as much oxygen	1 1
(c)(ii)	water	1
(d)	<i>lighted splint</i> no effect / brighter light for oxygen 'pops' for hydrogen <b>OR</b> <i>glowing splint</i> relights for oxygen no effect for hydrogen	1 1 1 1

75. 0620\_w16\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)	water present / hydrated	1
(b)	no change / colour	1
(c)(i)	white precipitate	1
	dissolves	1
		1
(c)(ii)	white precipitate	1
	no change	1
(d)	not a halide	1
(e)	(aluminium) sulfate	1
(f)	white (crystals)	1

76. 0620\_w16\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)(i)	pH 1–3	1
(a)(ii)	solid disappears / dissolves	1
	blue / green colour	1
(a)(iii)	solid dissolves	1
	limewater	1
	turns milky	1
(a)(iv)	white precipitate	1
(b)	iron(III)	1
	nitrate	1

77. 0620\_w16\_ms\_63 Q: 3

(a)(i)	pH 1–3	1
(a)(ii)	effervescence / fizzing / bubbling / solid disappears / dissolves	1
	lighted splint	1
	'pops'	1
(a)(iii)	effervescence / fizzing / bubbling / solid disappears / dissolves	1
	limewater	1
	milky	1
(a)(iv)	white precipitate	1
(b)	calcium / $\text{Ca}^{2+}$	1
	hydroxide / $\text{OH}^-$	1

78. 0620\_w17\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)(i)	red-brown	1
	precipitate	1
(a)(ii)	insoluble / no change	1
(b)	red-brown precipitate	1
(c)	(red) litmus paper	1
	turns blue	1
(d)	ammonia	1
(e)	lithium	1
	carbonate	1

79. 0620\_w17\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)	white (crystals)	1
(b)	bubbles / fizz	1
	limewater	1
	(turns) milky	1
(c)	carbon dioxide	1
(d)	yellow	1
(e)	non-transition metal / Group II metal / barium / calcium / magnesium	1
(e)	chloride	1

80. 0620\_w17\_ms\_63 Q: 3

(a)(i)	green	1
	precipitate	1
(a)(ii)	green solution / precipitate dissolves	1
(a)(iii)	bubbles / fizzing / effervescence	1
	(red) litmus paper / Universal Indicator paper	1
	(red litmus paper) turns blue / (Universal Indicator paper) turns purple	1
(b)	ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub>	1
(c)	(aqueous) ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub>	1

81. 0620\_w18\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)	Sulfur dioxide;	1
(b)	Potassium	1
	sulfite;	1
(c)(i)	White	1
	precipitate;	1
(c)(ii)	insoluble / remains / no change	1
(d)	No / (very) slight white precipitate;	1
(e)	No precipitate / reaction / change / remains colourless	1
(f)	(red)litmus / pH paper / universal indicator paper	1
	turns blue / pH>7 / alkaline	1

82. 0620\_w18\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Tests on solid N		
(a)	White(solid/crystals)	1
(b)	White	1
	precipitate	1
(c)	pH / (red)litmus paper	1
	>7 / blue	1
(d)	Ammonia	1

Tests on solid O		
(e)	Group 1 cation present or named group 1 cation present	1
(f)	potassium	1
	chloride	1

83. 0620\_w18\_ms\_63 Q: 1

(a)	mortar	1
	(Teat / dropping) pipette / dropper	1
(b)	M1 Limewater	1
	M2 milky	1
(c)	M1 Larger surface area	1
	M2 Increases rate of reaction	1
(d)	M1 Add magnesium / zinc / iron	1
	M2 More reactive metal / displacement reaction	1

84. 0620\_w18\_ms\_63 Q: 3

Tests on solid P		
(a)	White (solid / crystals / powder)	1
(b)	M1 Bubbles / fizz	1
	M2 pH / (red) litmus paper / universal indicator	1
	M3 pH>7 / turns blue / alkaline	1
(c)	No reaction / (remains) colourless / no change	1
(d)	red	1

Tests on solid Q		
(e)	<input type="checkbox"/> Transition metal / element	1
	<input type="checkbox"/> Chloride / Cl	1

85. 0620\_w19\_ms\_61 Q: 3

(a)(i)	white precipitate	1
	precipitate	1
(a)(ii)	clears / dissolves / colourless solution	1
(b)(i)	white precipitate	1
(b)(ii)	clears / dissolves / colourless solution	1
(c)	bubbles / effervescence	1
	litmus turns blue	1

(d)	lithium	1
	iodide	1

86. 0620\_w19\_ms\_62 Q: 3

(a)	blue-green	1
(b)	blue precipitate	1
(c)(i)	blue precipitate	1
(c)(ii)	deep / royal blue	1
	solution / dissolves / soluble	1
(d)	litmus / pH paper	1
	turns blue / pH > 7	1
(e)	potassium	1
	bromide	1

87. 0620\_w19\_ms\_63 Q: 3

(a)	blue / purple / green / violet	1
(b)(i)	green	1
	precipitate	1
(b)(ii)	green solution / precipitate dissolves	1
(c)	grey-green precipitate	1
(d)	any <b>two</b> from: <input type="checkbox"/> effervescence <input type="checkbox"/> (damp red / purple) litmus / pH paper <input type="checkbox"/> turns blue / pH 8–10	2
(e)	fuel / organic	1

88. 0620\_w20\_ms\_61 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid Y</b>		
(a)	ammonia	1
(b)	aluminium / $Al^{3+}$	1
	nitrate / $NO_3^-$	1
(c)	(weakly) acidic	1
<b>Tests on solid Z</b>		
(d)	green precipitate	1
	precipitate insoluble / remains / no further change	1
(e)	no change	1
(f)	no change / remains purple	1
(g)	white precipitate	1

89. 0620\_w20\_ms\_62 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
	<b>Tests on solid Q</b>	
(a)	fizzing / effervescence / bubbles	1
	(some of the) solid dissolves / disappears <b>OR</b> colourless solution	1
	limewater turns milky	1
(b)	carbon dioxide / CO <sub>2</sub>	1
(c)(i)	white precipitate	1
	dissolves / forms a colourless solution	1
(c)(ii)	aluminium (ions) give the same result	1
(c)(iii)	add (excess) ammonia (solution)	1
(d)	<b>Tests on solid R</b>	
	sodium / Na <sup>+</sup>	1
	iodide / I <sup>-</sup>	1

90. 0620\_w20\_ms\_63 Q: 1

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	<b>A</b> delivery tube	1
	<b>B</b> trough	1
(b)	to hold / absorb / soak up the water	1
(c)	error: bung in (collecting) tube / the apparatus is sealed / water cannot get out of the boiling tube	1
	explanation: (pressure would increase and so the apparatus / tube would) explode / break	1
(d)	arrows under both zinc and mineral wool	1
(e)	test: lighted splint	1
	result: pops	1

91. 0620\_w20\_ms\_63 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	4	1
(b)	carbon dioxide / CO <sub>2</sub>	1
(c)	hydrated	1
	acid / contains H <sup>+</sup> / hydrogen ions	1
(d)(i)	white precipitate	1
(d)(ii)	no change <b>OR</b> remains <b>OR</b> does not dissolve	1

Question	Answer	Marks
(e)	drops: no reaction <b>OR</b> no change <b>OR</b> remains colourless <b>OR</b> faint / slight (white) precipitate	1
	excess: no reaction <b>OR</b> no change <b>OR</b> remains colourless <b>OR</b> faint / slight (white) precipitate / precipitate remains / does not dissolve	1
(f)	white precipitate	1
(g)	no reaction <b>OR</b> no change <b>OR</b> remains colourless	1

92. 0620\_w21\_ms\_61 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	11–14	1
(b)	lithium / Li <sup>+</sup>	1
	hydroxide / OH <sup>-</sup>	1
(c)	(from) purple	1
	(to) colourless	1
(d)	sulfur dioxide / SO <sub>2</sub>	1
(e)	(red) litmus turns blue	1
(f)	ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub>	1

Question	Answer	Marks
(g)	no change / no reaction	1

93. 0620\_w21\_ms\_62 Q: 3

0620/62

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme  
PUBLISHED

October/November 2021

Question	Answer	Marks
	<b>Tests on solid O</b>	
(a)	no change / colourless / no reaction / no observation	1
(b)(i)	(red litmus) becomes blue	1
(b)(ii)	ammonia / NH <sub>3</sub>	1
(c)	cream precipitate	1
(d)	(solution becomes) orange / yellow	1
	<b>Tests on a liquid P</b>	
(e)	any two from: flammable / fuel unsaturated / alkene / any named alkene organic / contains carbon / hydrocarbon	2

94. 0620\_w21\_ms\_63 Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid S</b>		
(a)	test: (bubble the gas through) limewater	1
	result: turns milky	1
(b)	calcium / $\text{Ca}^{2+}$	1
	carbonate / $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$	1
<b>Tests on solid T</b>		
(c)	red-brown precipitate	1
	remains / insoluble in excess	1
(d)	red-brown precipitate	1
(e)	white precipitate	1
(f)	no change	1



**AcelGCSE**  
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion