

01. 0625_s22_ms_41 Q: 5

Question	Answer	Marks	
(a)	<u>temperature</u>	B1	
	at which liquid becomes a gas or liquid and gas exist together	B1	
(b)(i)	$1.8 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$	A2	
	$(E =) VI t$ (in any form) or $230 \times 13 \times 60$ or 230×13 or 3000	C1	
(b)(ii)	$9.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/s}$	$9.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/s}$	A4
	$(\Delta T =) 100 - 22$ or 78	or $(\Delta T =) 100 - 22$ or 78	C1
	$m = E / c\Delta T$ (in any form) or $1.8 \times 10^5 / (4200 \times 78)$	or $(\text{rate} =) P / c\Delta T$ (in any form) or $m = E / c\Delta T$ and $E = Pt$	C1
	$1.8 \times 10^5 / (4200 \times 78 \times 60)$ or 5.5×10^N or $9.1/9.2 \times 10^N$	or $3000 / (4200 \times 78)$ or $230 \times 13 / (4200 \times 78)$ or $9.1 / 9.2 \times 10^N$	C1
(c)	1 if the tap becomes live or if the (live) cable touches the (metal) tap	B1	
	there is a current to earth / in the earth wire (which blows the fuse)	B1	
	2 the current (in earth wire) is large and fuse melts / blows / stops current / breaks circuit	B1	

02. 0625_w21_ms_43 Q: 8

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)		B2
	five straight, parallel vertical lines, equally spaced by eye, between plates	B1
	arrow head pointing upwards on at least one line and none wrong	B1
(b)(i)	11 A	A2
	$(I =) P / V$ in any form OR $2400 = I220$	C1
(b)(ii)	9900 C OR 9800 C	A2
	$(Q =) It$ in any form OR $(Q =) 11 \times 15 \times 60$	C1
(b)(iii)	13 A	B1

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03. 0625_w20_ms_41 Q: 8

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	(related to) energy supplied in driving charge in a circuit / conductor or property of source / battery / cell / power supply	B1
	energy supplied per / to unit charge or energy transferred to electrical energy or from other form of energy or energy in driving charge around a complete circuit	B1
(b)(i)	$(I = V \div R = 240 \div 30 =) 8.0 \text{ A}$	B1
(b)(ii)	$(P =) VI$ or 240×8.0	C1
	1900 W	A1
(b)(iii)1	half (the size)	B1
	(equal voltage / p.d. / e.m.f. and) resistance is twice the size or I and R are inversely proportional	B1
(b)(iii)2	(fuse rating =) 13 A / 14 A / 15 A / 16 A / 17 A / 18 A / 19 A	B1
	total current is 12.1 A	B1

04. 0625_w20_ms_42 Q: 8

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	conditions (outdoors) may be damp / wet	C1
	water conducts (electricity) OR clear statement of need for waterproof / outdoor specification (components)	A1
(b)	protects components / appliances / circuit / wires / user / mains supply prevents electrical supply overheating / fires / electrocution / shocks	B1
	excess current / power in circuit / wires OR fuse melts / blows OR circuit breaker opens	B1

05. 0625_s19_ms_43 Q: 8

(a)	$P = VI$ in any form	C1
	$I (= \frac{700}{240}) = 2.9 \text{ A}$	A1
(b)	13 A fuse	B1
	any two out of: 2.9 + 7.5 SEEN if too low it would break / blow / melt when the appliances are operating normally if fuse too high wouldn't break / blow until current was too high which would be dangerous (to people /wires /appliance)	B2
(c)	(Resistance inversely proportional to area so) resistance of thicker wire is lower	B1
	Fuse will melt at higher current	B1
	because heating effect = $I^2 R$ OR less heating effect (for same current) owtte	B1
(d)(i)	Any two renewable sources of energy from: solar, wind, water, hydroelectric, waves, tidal, geothermal	B2
(d)(ii)	Any relevant disadvantage for one of their correct answers to (d)(i) e.g.: Energy for wind / waves / Sun not always available Cost of building wind turbines or tidal barrages or hydroelectric dams Wind turbines affect the scenery of some areas Solar (farms) use (agricultural) land / takes up a lot of space	B1

06. 0625_w19_ms_41 Q: 6

(a)(i)	$I = P/V$ or in any form words, symbols or numbers or $(I =) P/V$ or 9000/230 39 A		C1 A1
(a)(ii)	40 A or any greater integer value (in A) up to and including 60 A		B1
(b)	$E = Pt$ or in any form words, symbols or numbers or $(E =) Pt$ or 9000×1.0 or 9000 J seen 35 – 16 or 19 ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) seen $m = E/(c\Delta T)$ or in any form words, symbols or numbers or $(m =) E/(c\Delta T)$ or 9000/(4200 \times 19) 0.11 kg		C1 C1 C1 A1
(c)(i)	two different metal wires <u>joined</u> at one end and voltmeter between free ends	or three metal wires and two different <u>joined</u> ABA and voltmeter between free ends	B1 B1
(c)(ii)	any one from: quick response / makes measurements fast measures rapidly varying temperatures electrical output small heat capacity robust / rugged		B1



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