Chapter 7

Vectors and transformations

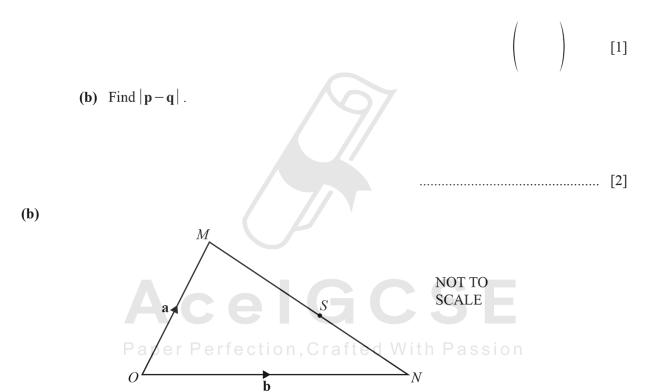


01. 0580_m24_qp_42 Q: 7

(a)
$$\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

(i) Find 3q.

(ii) (a) Find p-q.



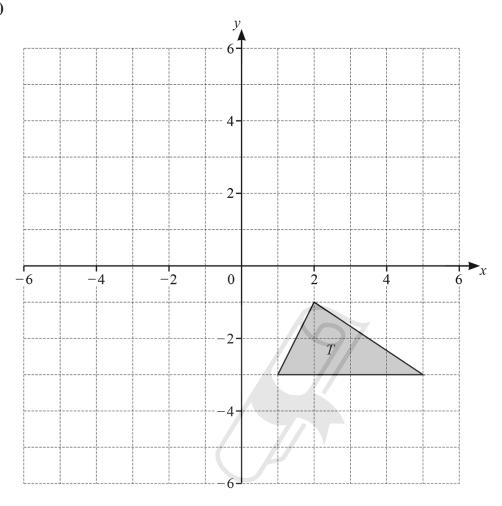
In triangle *OMN*, *O* is the origin, $\overrightarrow{OM} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{ON} = \mathbf{b}$. *S* is a point on *MN* such that MS : SN = 5:3.

Find, in terms of \mathbf{a} and/or \mathbf{b} , the position vector of S. Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....[3]

02. 0580_s24_qp_41 Q: 2

(a)



On the grid, draw the image of

- (i) triangle T after a reflection in the x-axis [1]
- (ii) triangle T after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ ed With Passion [2]
- (iii) triangle T after an enlargement by scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$ with centre (-1,1). [2]

(b) A shape P is enlarged by scale factor 3 to give shape Q. Shape Q is then enlarged by scale factor $\frac{2}{5}$ to give shape R.

The area of shape P is 10 cm^2 .

Calculate the area of shape R.

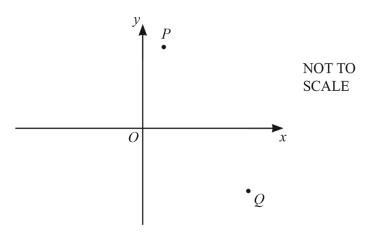
..... cm² [3]



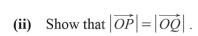
03. $0580 _ s24 _ qp _ 41 \quad Q: 5$

(a) P is the point (1, 7).

Q is the point (5, -5).



(i) Find \overrightarrow{PQ} .



$$\overrightarrow{PQ} = \left(\right)$$
 [2]

[3]

5

(iii) PQ is a chord of a circle with centre O.

Calculate the circumference of this circle.

	[2]
--	-----

(iv) PQ is the diameter of a different circle with centre R.

Find the coordinates of R.

(.....) [2]

(v)	Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of PQ.
	Give your answer in the form $y = mx + c$.

 $y = \dots$ [4]

(b) The position vector of *A* is **a**. The position vector of *B* is **b**.

M is a point on AB such that AM : MB = 2 : 3.

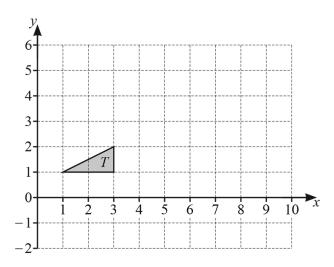
Find, in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , the position vector of M. Give your answer in its simplest form.

AcelGCSE

[4

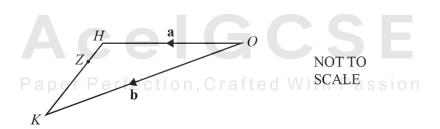
04. $0580 _{\rm m}23 _{\rm q}p_{\rm d}2$ Q: 4

(a)



- (i) Enlarge triangle T by scale factor 3, centre (0, 2). [2]
- (ii) (a) Rotate triangle T about (4, 2) by 90° clockwise. Label the image P. [2]
 - (b) Reflect triangle T in the line x+y=6. Label the image Q. [3]
 - (c) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle P onto triangle Q.

(b)

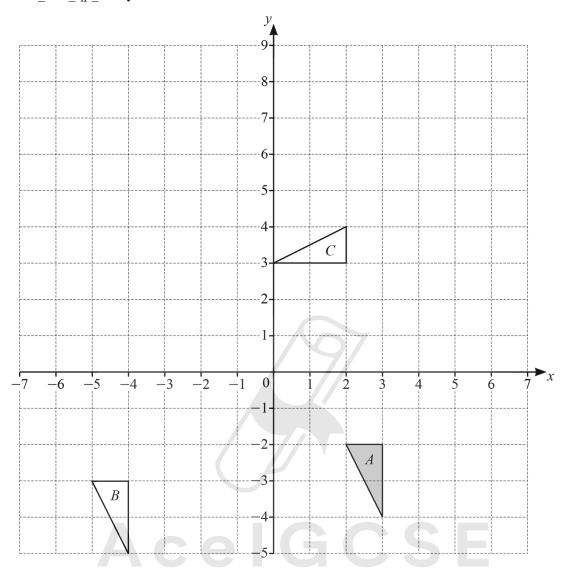


The diagram shows triangle OHK, where O is the origin. The position vector of H is **a** and the position vector of K is **b**. Z is the point on HK such that HZ : ZK = 2 : 5.

Find the position vector of Z, in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} . Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....[3]

05. 0580_w23_qp_41 Q: 1



- (a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps ted With Passion
 - (i) shape A onto shape B

(ii) shape A onto shape C.

.....

(b) On the grid, draw the image of

(i) shape A after a reflection in the line y = 2 [2]

(ii) shape A after an enlargement, scale factor -2, centre (0, 0). [2]

06. $0580 \text{_w} 23 \text{_qp} \text{_41} \quad Q: 10$

(a) ABC is a triangle.

B is the point (1, -10), A is the point (4, 14) and $\overrightarrow{CA} = \begin{pmatrix} -11 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$.

(i) Find the coordinates of C.

(.....) [2]

(ii) Find \overrightarrow{BA} .

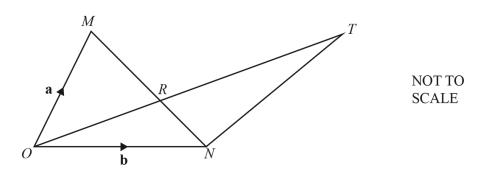
 $\overrightarrow{BA} = \left(\right)$ [1]

(iii) Find $|\overrightarrow{CA}|$.



AcelGCSE

(b)



OMN is a triangle.

$$\overrightarrow{OM} = \mathbf{a}$$
 and $\overrightarrow{ON} = \mathbf{b}$.

R is a point on MN such that MR : RN = 3 : 2.

ORT is a straight line.

(i) Show that $\overrightarrow{OR} = \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{b}$.



(ii) (a)
$$\overrightarrow{NT} = 4\mathbf{a} + k\mathbf{b}$$
 and $\overrightarrow{OT} = c\overrightarrow{OR}$

Find the value of k and the value of c.

AcelGCSE

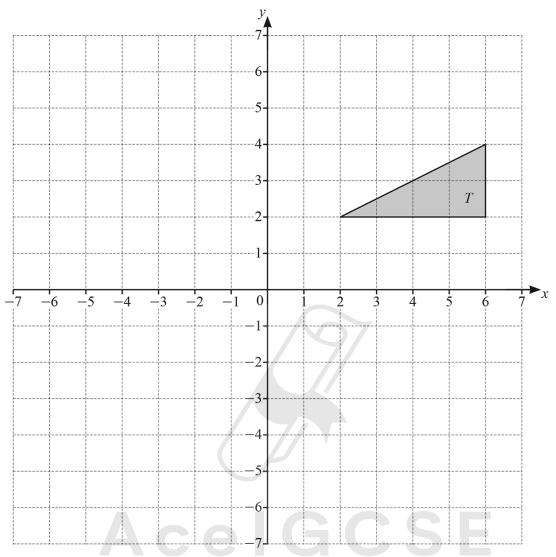
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

$$k = \dots c = \dots [4]$$

(b) Find \overrightarrow{MT} .

$$\overrightarrow{MT} = \dots$$
 [1]

07. 0580 w 23 qp 42 Q: 1

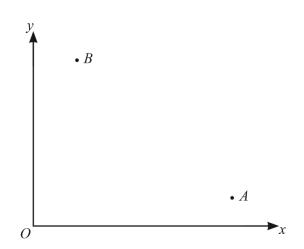


(a)	(i)	Translate triangle T by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -7\\1\\1 \end{pmatrix}$. Label the image K. h. Passion	[2]

(ii) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle *K* onto triangle *T*.

- **(b)** Reflect triangle T in the line y = 4. [2]
- (c) Rotate triangle T through 90° clockwise about (0, 0). [2]
- (d) (i) Enlarge triangle T by scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$, centre (0, 0). Label the image P. [2]
 - (ii) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle P onto triangle T.

08. 0580_{2} 23_{2} 22 2: 12



NOT TO SCALE

O is the origin (0, 0), A is the point (8, 1) and B is the point (2, 5).

- (a) Write as column vectors.
 - (i) \overrightarrow{OB}
 - (ii) \overrightarrow{AB}

- $\overrightarrow{OB} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \end{array} \right)$ [1]
- $\overrightarrow{AB} = \left(\right)$ [1]

(b) Find the equation of the line AB. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

y = [3]

(c) Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AB. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

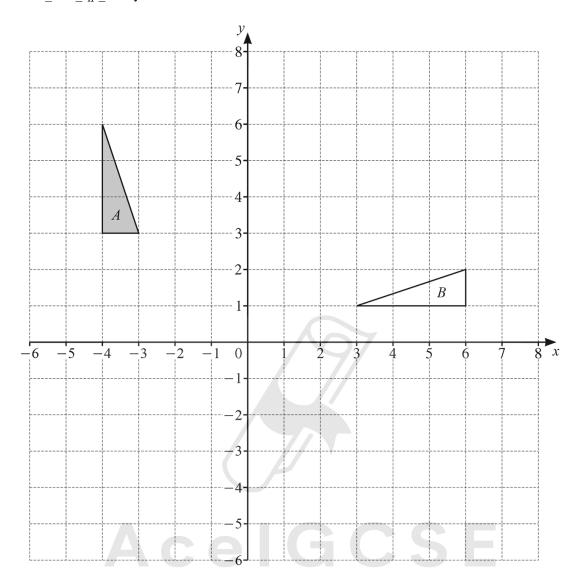
 $y = \dots$ [4]

(d) The line AB meets the y-axis at P. The perpendicular bisector of AB meets the y-axis at Q.

Find the length of PQ.



09. 0580 w 23 qp 43 Q: 3



(a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

(b) Draw the image of triangle A after

(i) a reflection in the line y = 1 [2]

(ii) a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$ [2]

(iii) an enlargement, scale factor 2, centre (-4, 5). [2]

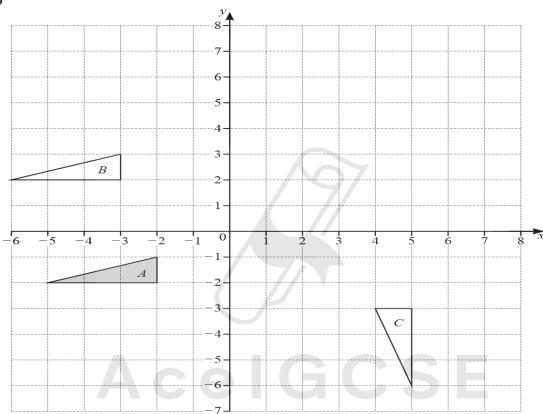
10. 0580_s22_qp_42 Q: 5

(a) Draw the lines of symmetry of the rectangle.



[2]

(b)



- (i) Describe fully the single transformation that maps ed With Passion
 - (a) triangle A onto triangle B,

.....

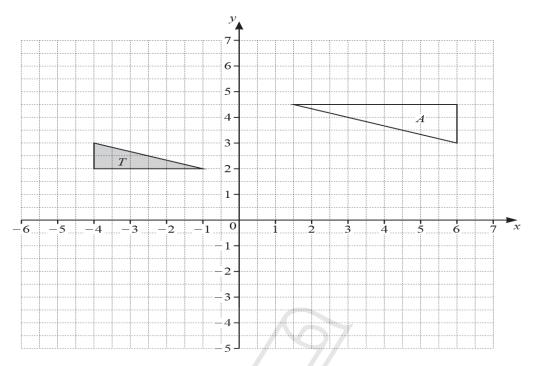
(b) triangle A onto triangle C.

......[3]

- (ii) (a) Draw the image of triangle A after reflection in y = 2. [2]
 - **(b)** Draw the image of triangle A after enlargement by scale factor -2, centre (-1, 1). [2]

11. 0580_s22_qp_43 Q: 2

(a)



- (i) Draw the image of triangle T after a reflection in the line y = x. [2]
- (ii) Draw the image of triangle T after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -1\\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- (iii) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle A.

......[3]

(b) A quadrilateral P is enlarged by a scale factor of 1.2 to give quadrilateral Q. The area of quadrilateral P is $20 \, \text{cm}^2$.

Calculate the area of quadrilateral Q.

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

......cm² [2]

12. 0580_w22_qp_41 Q: 6

(a)
$$\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find

(i) 3q,

(ii) $\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}$,

[1]

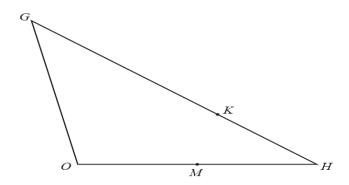
(iii) |p|.

[1]

(b) B is the point (2, 7) and $\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$. Find the coordinates of A.

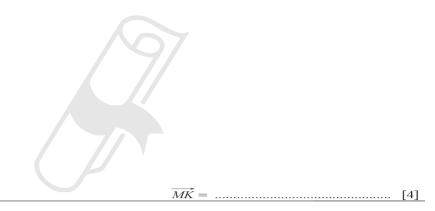
(.....) [2]

(c)



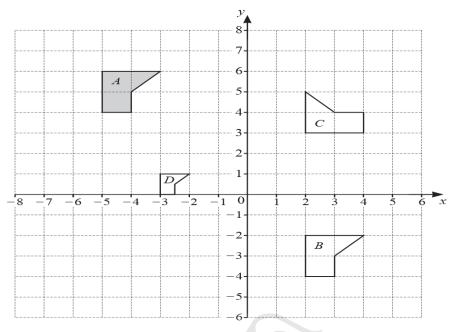
In triangle OGH, M is the midpoint of OH and K divides GH in the ratio 5:2. $\overrightarrow{OG} = \mathbf{g}$ and $\overrightarrow{OH} = \mathbf{h}$.

Find \overrightarrow{MK} in terms of **g** and **h**. Give your answer in its simplest form.



AcelGCSE

 $13.\ 0580 _ w22 _ qp _ 42 \quad Q: 4$



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps

(i) shape A onto shape B,

	F/	_

(ii) shape A onto shape C,

	ГЭТ
	 131
	L - 1

(iii) shape A onto shape D.

		[3]

(b) On the grid, draw the image of shape A after a reflection in the line y = x + 8.

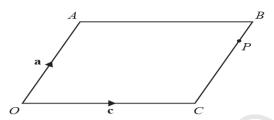
[2]

 $14.\ 0580 _ w22 _ qp _ 42 \quad Q: 11$

(a)
$$\left| \begin{pmatrix} 9m \\ 40m \end{pmatrix} \right| = \frac{205}{2}$$

Find the two possible values of m.

(b)



OABC is a parallelogram.

 $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{c}$. P is the point on CB such that CP : PB = 3 : 1.

- (i) Find, in terms of a and/or c, in their simplest form,
 - (a) \overrightarrow{AC} ,

$$\overrightarrow{AC} = \dots$$
 [1]

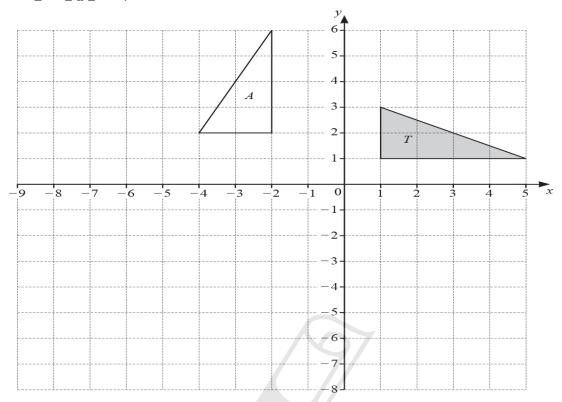
(b) \overrightarrow{CP} ,

(c)
$$\overrightarrow{OP}$$
.

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion [1] (ii) OP and AB are extended to meet at Q.

Find the position vector of Q.

15. 0580 w 22 qp d 3 Q: 4



(a) Draw the reflection of triangle T in the line y = -2.

- [2]
- **(b)** Draw the enlargement of triangle T with scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$ and centre of enlargement (-5, -3). [2]
- (c) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle A.

______[3]

AcelGCSE

16. 0580_w22_qp_43 Q: 10

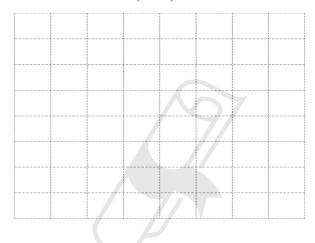
(a)
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

(i) On the grid, draw and label vector 2a.



[1]

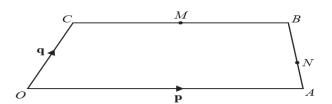
(ii) On the grid, draw and label vector $(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$.



[2]

AcelGCSE

(b)



OABC is a trapezium with OA parallel to CB. M is the midpoint of CB and N is the point on AB such that AN: NB = 1:2.

O is the origin, $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{p}$, $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{q}$ and $\overrightarrow{CB} = \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{p}$.

- (i) Find, in terms of \mathbf{p} and/or \mathbf{q} , in its simplest form
 - (a) \overrightarrow{OB}

$$\overrightarrow{OB} = \dots$$
 [1]

(b) \overrightarrow{AB}

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \dots$$
 [2]

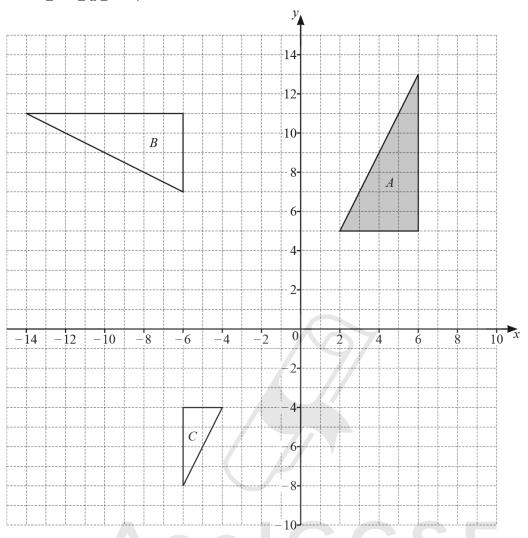
(c) \overrightarrow{MN} .

$$\overrightarrow{MN} = \dots$$
 [3]

(ii) OA and MN are extended to meet at G.

Find the position vector of G in terms of \mathbf{p} .

17. 0580_m21_qp_42 Q: 2



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps

(i)	triangle A onto triangle B, rfection, Crafted With Passion	
		[3]

(ii) triangle A onto triangle C.

(b) Draw the image of triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]

(c) Draw the image of triangle A after a reflection in the line y = 4. [2]

18. 0580_s21_qp_42 Q: 5

- (a) $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (i) Find
 - (a) b-a,

(b) 2a + b,

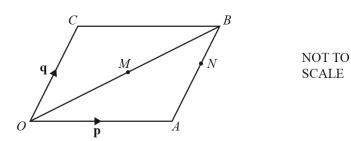
- (c) |b|.
- (ii) $\mathbf{a} + k\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 13 \\ m \end{pmatrix}$, where k and m are integers.

Find the value of k and the value of m.

AcelGCSE

- $k = \dots$
- $m = \dots [3]$

(b)



OABC is a parallelogram and O is the origin.

M is the midpoint of OB.

N is the point on AB such that AN : NB = 3 : 2.

 $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{q}$.

- (i) Find, in terms of p and q, in its simplest form.
 - (a) \overrightarrow{OB}

→	
OB =	 [1]

(b) \overrightarrow{CM}



(c) \overrightarrow{MN}

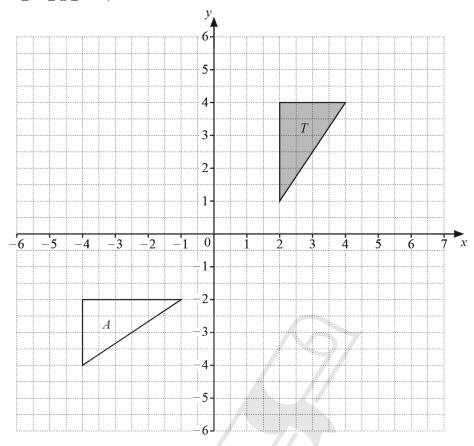
		\overrightarrow{MN}	S	[2]

(ii) CB and ON are extended to meet at D. n. Crafted With Passion

Find the position vector of D in terms of \mathbf{p} and \mathbf{q} . Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....[3]

19. 0580_s21_qp_42 Q: 7



(a) On the grid, draw the image of

- (i) triangle T after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, [2]
- (ii) triangle T after a rotation, 90° clockwise, about the origin, [2]
- (iii) triangle T after an enlargement, scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$, centre (-2, 3).

(b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle A.

.....[2

 $20.\ 0580_s21_qp_43 \quad Q:4$

- (a) A is the point (1, 5) and B is the point (3, 9). M is the midpoint of AB.
 - (i) Find the coordinates of M.

(.....) [2]

(ii) Find the equation of the line that is perpendicular to AB and passes through M. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

y =[4

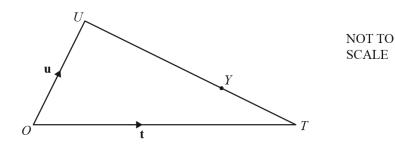
- **(b)** The position vector of P is $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and the position vector of Q is $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$.
 - (i) Find the vector \overrightarrow{PQ} .



(ii) R is the point such that $\overrightarrow{PR} = 3\overrightarrow{PQ}$.

Find the position vector of R.

(c)



 $\overrightarrow{OT} = \mathbf{t}$, $\overrightarrow{OU} = \mathbf{u}$ and UY = 2YT.

(i) Find \overrightarrow{OY} in terms of **t** and **u**. Give your answer in its simplest form.

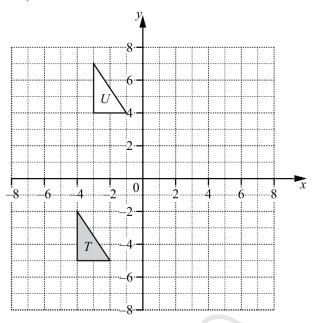


(ii) Z is on OT and YZ is parallel to UO.

Find \overrightarrow{OZ} in terms of t and/or u. Give your answer in its simplest form.



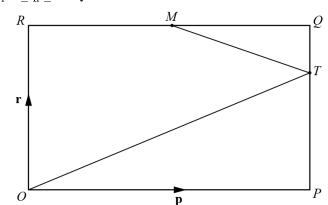
21. 0580_p20_qp_40 Q: 4



- (a) (i) Draw the reflection of triangle T in the line x = 0. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the rotation of triangle T about (-2, -1) through 90° clockwise. [2]
- (b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle U.

AcelGCSE

22. 0580_p20_qp_40 Q: 6



NOT TO SCALE

 \overrightarrow{OPQR} is a rectangle and O is the origin. \overrightarrow{M} is the midpoint of \overrightarrow{RQ} and \overrightarrow{PT} : $\overrightarrow{TQ} = 2:1$. $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{p}$ and $\overrightarrow{OR} = \mathbf{r}$.

(a) Find, in terms of p and/or r, in its simplest form

(i)	MO
(1)	$m_{\mathcal{O}}$

$$\overrightarrow{MQ} = \dots$$
 [1]

(ii) \overrightarrow{MT} ,

$$\overrightarrow{MT} = \dots$$
 [1]

(iii) \overrightarrow{OT} .

$$\overrightarrow{OT} = \dots$$
 [1]

(b) RQ and OT are extended and meet at U. Crafted With Passion

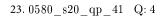
Find the position vector of U in terms of ${\bf p}$ and ${\bf r}$. Give your answer in its simplest form.

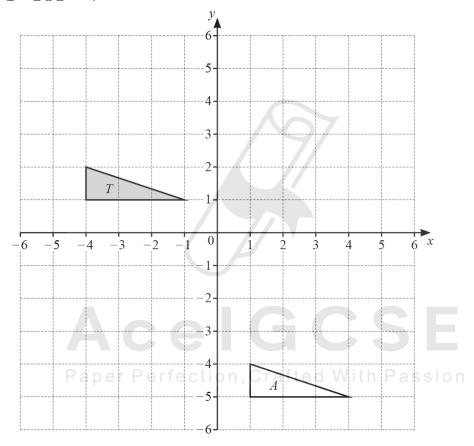
.....[2]

(c)
$$\overrightarrow{MT} = \begin{pmatrix} 2k \\ -k \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $|\overrightarrow{MT}| = \sqrt{180}$.

Find the positive value of k.

 $k = \dots [3]$





- (a) Draw the image of triangle T after a reflection in the line y = -1. [2]
- (b) Draw the image of triangle T after a rotation through 90° clockwise about (0, 0). [2]
- (c) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle A.

[7]

- $24.\ 0580_s20_qp_42 \quad Q: 2$
- $\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ (a)
 - (i) Find $2\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$.

[2]

(ii) Find $|\mathbf{p}|$.

(b) A is the point (4, 1) and $\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. Find the coordinates of B.

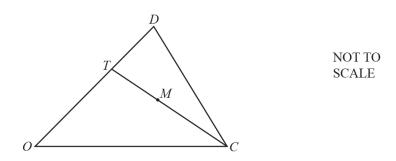


(.....) [1]

(c) The line y = 3x - 2 crosses the y-axis at G. Write down the coordinates of G.

(.....) [1]

(d)



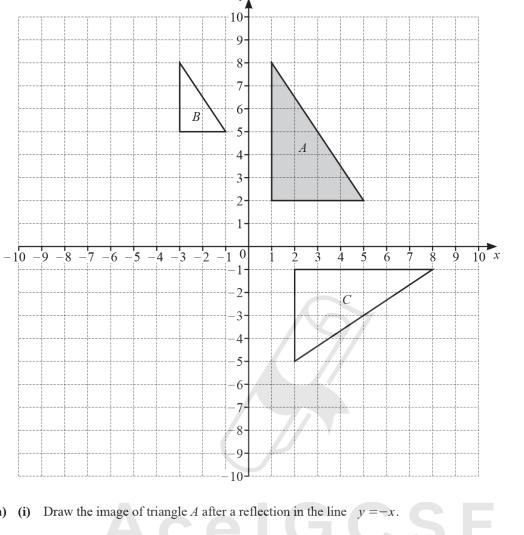
In the diagram, O is the origin, OT = 2TD and M is the midpoint of TC. $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{c}$ and $\overrightarrow{OD} = \mathbf{d}$.

Find the position vector of M. Give your answer in terms of \mathbf{c} and \mathbf{d} in its simplest form.



Powered by AcelGCSE

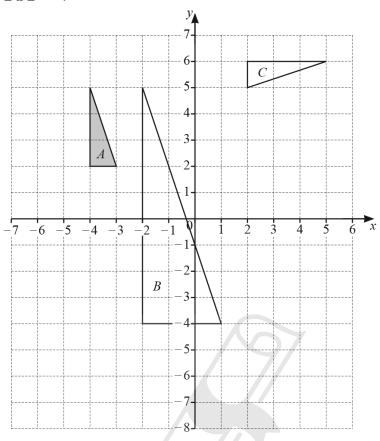
 $25.\ 0580_s20_qp_43 \quad Q: 2$



- (a) (i) Draw the image of triangle A after a reflection in the line y = -x. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the image of triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- (b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps
 - (i) triangle A onto triangle B,

(ii) triangle A onto triangle C.

26. 0580_w20_qp_41 Q: 1



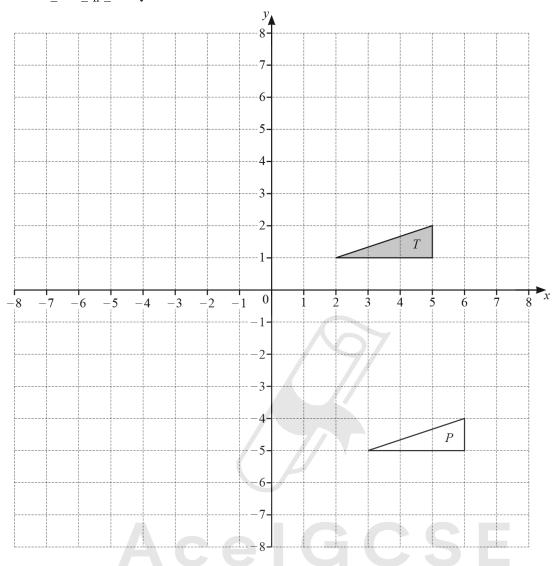
- (a) Draw the image of shape A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- (b) Draw the image of shape A after a reflection in the line y = -1. [2]
- (c) Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape A onto shape B.

Paper Perfection, Crafted with Passion [3

(d) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps shape A onto shape C.

.....[3

27. 0580_w20_qp_42 Q: 2



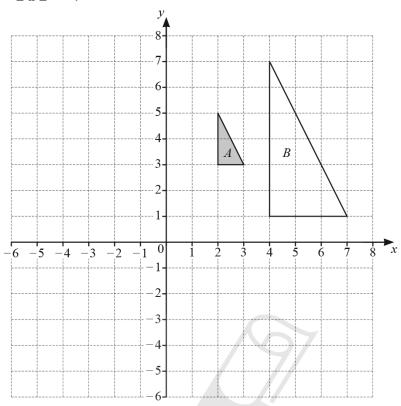
(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle P.

Paper Perfection, Craited With Passion

[2]

- **(b)** (i) Reflect triangle T in the line x = 1. [2]
 - (ii) Rotate triangle T through 90° anticlockwise about (6, 0). [2]
 - (iii) Enlarge triangle T by a scale factor of -2, centre (1, 0). [2]

28. 0580_w20_qp_43 Q: 2



(a) On the grid, draw the image of

(i) triangle A after a rotation of 90° anticlockwise about (0, 0),

[2]

(ii) triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$.

[2]

(b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

	Perfec	rafted	\//ith	
 a.b.a		 		 1.,

Powered by AcelGCSE

29. 0580_w20_qp_43 Q: 8

(a)
$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ $\overrightarrow{DC} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

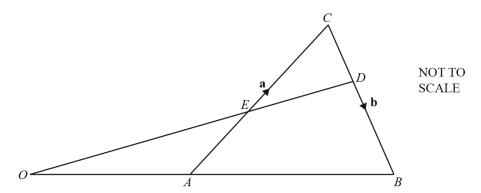
Find

(i) \overrightarrow{AC} ,

$$\overrightarrow{AC} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right) \quad [2]$$
 (ii) \overrightarrow{BD} ,

$$\overrightarrow{BD} = \left(\right) \quad [2]$$
 (iii) $|\overrightarrow{BC}|$.

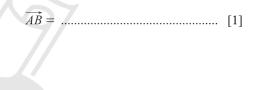
(b)



In the diagram, OAB and OED are straight lines. O is the origin, A is the midpoint of OB and E is the midpoint of AC. $\overrightarrow{AC} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{CB} = \mathbf{b}$.

Find, in terms of a and b, in its simplest form

- (i) \overrightarrow{AB} ,
- (ii) \overrightarrow{OE} ,



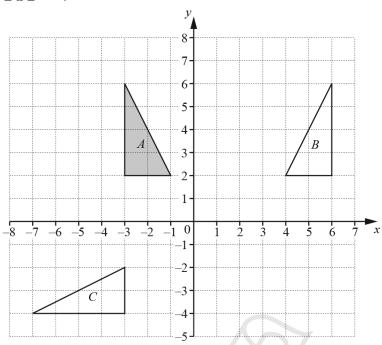
$$\overrightarrow{OE} = \dots$$
 [2]

(iii) the position vector of D.

AcelGCSE

[3	3	3	,	,	,	,	,	;	,	;		3						3	3	3	3	3																																			,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,																																																																			
----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	---	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

 $30.\ 0580_m19_qp_42 \quad Q: 2$



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps

(i) triangle A onto triangle B,

	,		
		Γ	21
•••••			ر-

(ii) triangle A onto triangle C.

		[2]

(b) On the grid, draw the image of

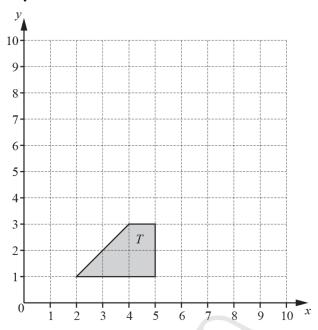
On the grid, draw the image of expection, Crafted With Passion
(i) triangle
$$A$$
 after an enlargement, scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$, centre (3, 0), [2]

(ii) triangle A after a translation by the vector
$$\begin{pmatrix} -3\\1 \end{pmatrix}$$
, [2]

triangle A after the transformation that is represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

[3]

31. 0580_s19_qp_41 Q: 1



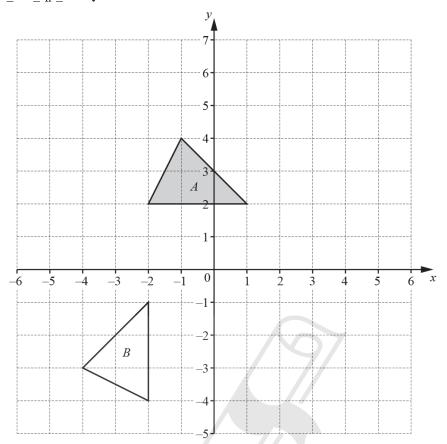
(a) (i) Translate shape T by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$.

Label the image A. [2]

- (ii) Rotate shape T about the point (5, 3) through 180° . Label the image B. [2]
- (iii) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps shape A onto shape B.

- **(b)** (i) Reflect shape T in the line y = x. [2]
 - (ii) Find the matrix that represents the transformation in part (b)(i).

32. 0580_s19_qp_43 Q: 3



(a) On the grid, draw the image of

(i) triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -3\\2 \end{pmatrix}$,

[2]

(ii) triangle A after a reflection in the line y = x.

[2]

(b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

(c) (i) Find the matrix that represents an enlargement, scale factor -2, centre (0, 0).

[2]

(ii) Calculate the determinant of the matrix in part (c)(i).

.....[1]

		_w19_qp_42 Q: 3	
A li	ne joi	ns $A(1, 3)$ to $B(5, 8)$.	
(a)	(i)	Find the midpoint of AB .	
	(ii)	Find the equation of the line AB . Give your answer in the form $y = mx + c$.	() [2]
(b)		line AB is transformed to the line PQ . If the co-ordinates of P and the co-ordinates of Q after A a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$,	$y = \dots$ [3] B is transformed by
	(ii)	a rotation through 90° anticlockwise about the origin, Paper Perfection, Craf	P () Q () [2] ted With Passion
			P () Q () [2]

(1	i) a reflection in the line $x = 2$,	
		<i>P</i> ()
		Q () [2]
(y) a transformation by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$.	
	,	
		<i>P</i> ()
		Q () [2]
	Describe fully the single transformation that maps the P is the point $(-2, -6)$ and Q is the point $(-10, -16)$.	line AB onto the line PQ where
		[3]

Powered by AcelGCSE

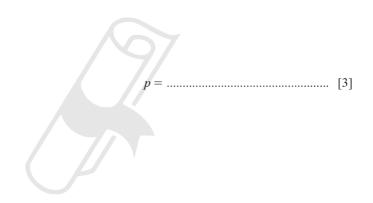
34. 0580 w 19 qp 42 Q: 8

(a) Make p the subject of

(i)
$$5p + 7 = m$$
,

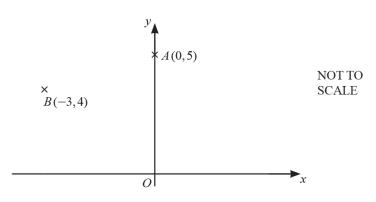
$$p = \dots$$
 [2]

(ii)
$$y^2 - 2p^2 = h$$
.



AcelGCSE

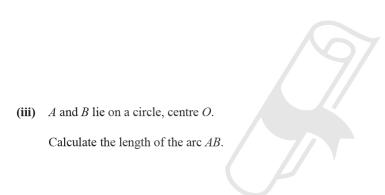
(b)



(i) Write \overrightarrow{OA} as a column vector.

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \left(\right)$$
 [1]

(ii) Write \overrightarrow{AB} as a column vector.



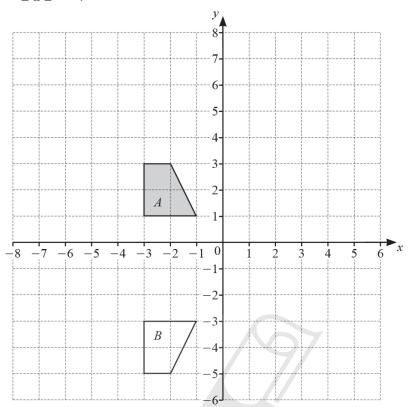
$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \left(\right)$$
 [1]

AcelGCSE

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

.....[6]

 $35.\ 0580_w19_qp_43 \ \ Q: 7$

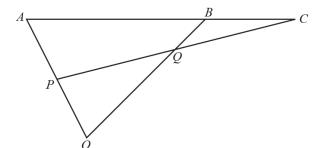


(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape A onto shape B.

(b) On the grid, draw the image of

- (i) shape A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -3\\4 \end{pmatrix}$, [2]
- (ii) shape A after a rotation through 180° about (0,0), after A With Passion [2]
- (iii) shape A after an enlargement, scale factor 2, centre (-7, 0). [2]

36. 0580 w 19 qp 43 Q: 11



NOT TO SCALE

OAB is a triangle and ABC and PQC are straight lines. P is the midpoint of OA, Q is the midpoint of PC and OQ : QB = 3 : 1. $\overrightarrow{OA} = 4\mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OB} = 8\mathbf{b}$.

- (a) Find, in terms of a and/or b, in its simplest form
 - (i) \overrightarrow{AB} ,

(iii) \overrightarrow{PQ} .

 $\overrightarrow{AB} = \dots \qquad [1]$ (ii) \overrightarrow{OQ} ,

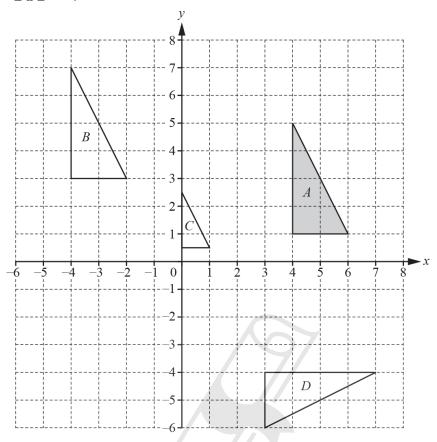
 $\overrightarrow{OQ} = \dots$ [1]

(b) By using vectors, find the ratio AB:BC.

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

.....[3]

37. 0580_s18_qp_41 Q: 4



- (a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps
 - (i) triangle A onto triangle B,

 	 	 	 . [2]

(ii) triangle A onto triangle C, rection, Crafted With Passion

[3]

(iii) triangle A onto triangle D.

(b) On the grid, draw the image of triangle A after an enlargement by scale factor 2, centre (7,3). [2]

38. 0580_s18_qp_41 Q: 11

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

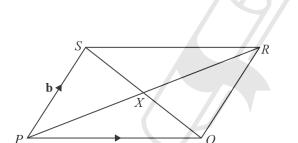
Find

(i) $|\overrightarrow{OB}|$,

 $|\overrightarrow{OB}| = \dots$ [3]

(ii) \overrightarrow{BC} .

(b)



 $\overrightarrow{BC} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right)$ [2]

NOT TO SCALE

PQRS is a parallelogram with diagonals PR and SQ intersecting at X. $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{PS} = \mathbf{b}$.

Find \overrightarrow{QX} in terms of **a** and **b**.

Give your answer in its simplest form. Class de With Passion

$$\overrightarrow{QX} = \dots$$
 [2]

(c)
$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate

(i) \mathbf{M}^2 ,

$$\mathbf{M}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} & & \\ & & \end{pmatrix}$$
 [2]

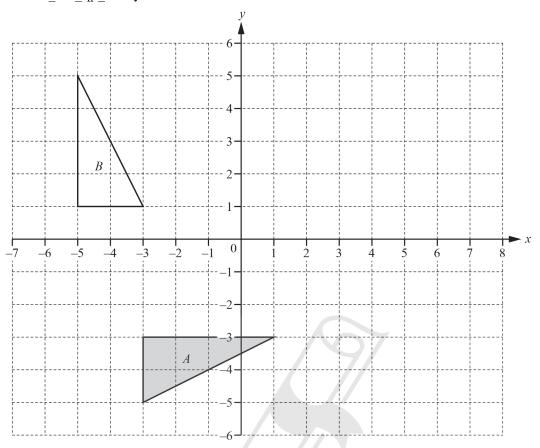
(ii) \mathbf{M}^{-1} .

$$\mathbf{M}^{-1} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \right)$$
 [2]



AcelGCSE

39. $0580 _{s}18_{q}_{p}_{4}$ Q: 3

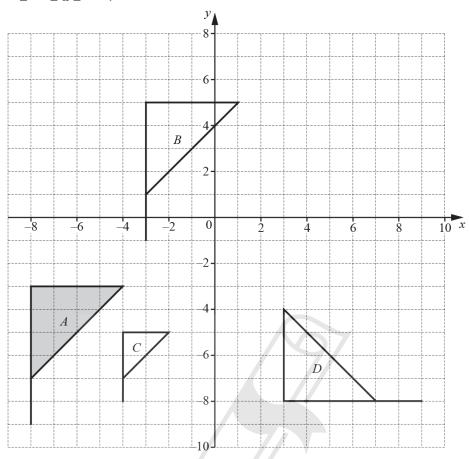


- (a) (i) Draw the image of triangle A after a reflection in the line x = 2. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the image of triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -2\\4 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
 - (iii) Draw the image of triangle A after an enlargement by scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$, centre (3, 1). [3]
- (b) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B. \square

.....[3]

(c) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

 $40.\ 0580 _w18 _qp _41 \quad Q: 2$



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps

(i)	flag A	onto	flag	B.

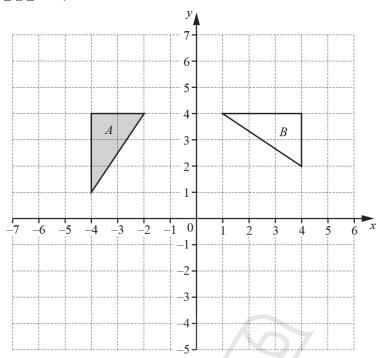
(ii) flag A onto flag C,

(iii) $\operatorname{flag} A$ onto $\operatorname{flag} D$.

[2]

(b) Draw the reflection of flag A in the line y = -1.

 $41.\ 0580 _w18 _qp _42 \quad Q: 3$



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

 [3]

(b) On the grid, draw the image of

- (i) triangle A after a reflection in the x-axis, [1]
- (ii) triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, [2]
- (iii) triangle A after the transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$. Passion [3]

42. 0580_w18_qp_42 Q: 11

- (a) $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -3\\2 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 5\\4 \end{pmatrix}$ $\mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 14\\9 \end{pmatrix}$
 - (i) Find 3a 2b.
 - (ii) Find | a |.



.....[2

(iii) $m\mathbf{a} + n\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$

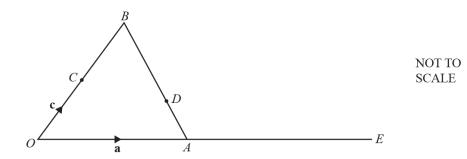
Write down two simultaneous equations and solve them to find the value of m and the value of n. Show all your working.

AcelGCSE

m =	

$$n = \dots [5]$$

(b)



OAB is a triangle and C is the mid-point of OB. D is on AB such that AD : DB = 3 : 5. OAE is a straight line such that OA : AE = 2 : 3. $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$ and $\overrightarrow{OC} = \mathbf{c}$.

- (i) Find, in terms of a and c, in its simplest form,
 - (a) \overrightarrow{AB} ,



(c)
$$\overrightarrow{CE}$$
,

(d)
$$\overrightarrow{CD}$$
. \overrightarrow{D} .

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

$$\overrightarrow{CD} = \dots [2]$$

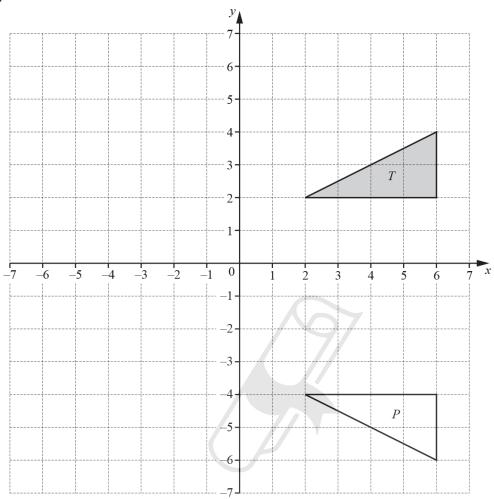
(ii) $\overrightarrow{CE} = k\overrightarrow{CD}$

Find the value of k.

$$k = \dots [1]$$

 $43.\ 0580 _w18 _qp _43 \quad Q: 1$

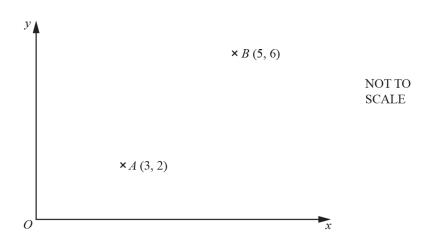
(a)



(i) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle T onto triangle P.

- (ii) Translate triangle T by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- (iii) Rotate triangle T through 90° anticlockwise about (0, 0). [2]
- (iv) Enlarge triangle T by scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$ with centre (0, 0). [2]

(b)



(i) Find the column vector \overrightarrow{AB} .

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \left(\right)$$
 [1]

(ii) Find $|\overrightarrow{AB}|$.

$$|\overrightarrow{AB}| = \dots$$
 [2]

(iii) B is the mid-point of the line AC.

Find the co-ordinates of *C*.

$$(\\ ,\\ ,\\)\ [2]$$

(iv) Find the equation of the straight line that passes through A and B.

AcelGCSE

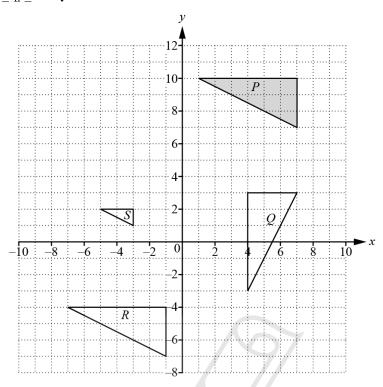
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

 [3]

(v) The straight line that passes through A and B cuts the y-axis at D.

Write down the co-ordinates of D.

44 0580_m17_qp_42 Q: 2



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps

(ï)	sha	ne P	onto	shape	0
•	ъ,	,	SHa		onto	SHape	\mathcal{L}_{2}

1 -	٢

(ii) shape
$$P$$
 onto shape R ,

 	 	10	 	. G G I

(iii) shape P onto shape S.

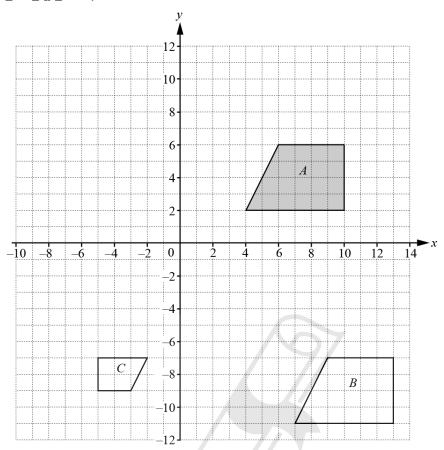
••••
[3]

(b) (i) Draw the reflection of shape S in the line y = x. [2]

(ii) Write down the matrix that represents the transformation in part (b)(i).

/	\	
1	1	[2]
1	J	[-]

45. 0580_s17_qp_43 Q: 6



(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape A onto

(i) shape B,

	 [2]

(ii) shape C. Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

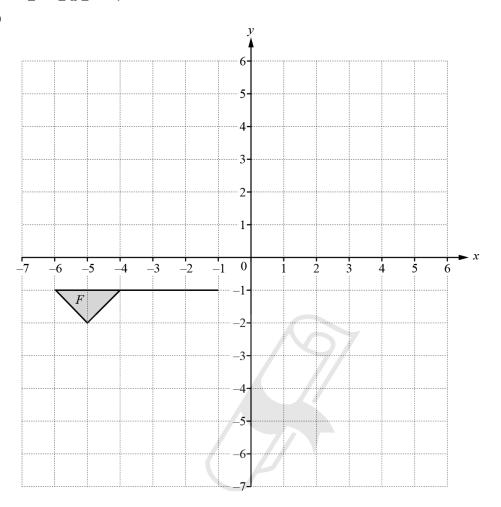
.....[3]

- (b) Draw the image of shape A after rotation through 90° anticlockwise about the point (3, -1). [2]
- (c) Draw the image of shape A after reflection in y = 1. [2]

(d) Describe fully the **single** transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$.

 $46.\ 0580_w17_qp_42 \ \ Q:\ 4$

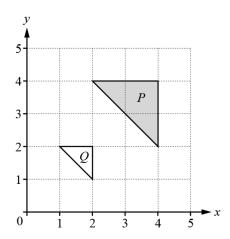
(a)



Draw the image of

- (i) flag F after translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, [2]
- (ii) $\operatorname{flag} F$ after rotation through 180° about (-2,0), rafted With Passion [2]
- (iii) flag F after reflection in the line y = x. [2]

(b)



(i) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle P onto triangle Q.

 [3]

(ii) Find the matrix that represents this transformation.

(c) The point A is translated to the point B by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 4u \\ 3u \end{pmatrix}$

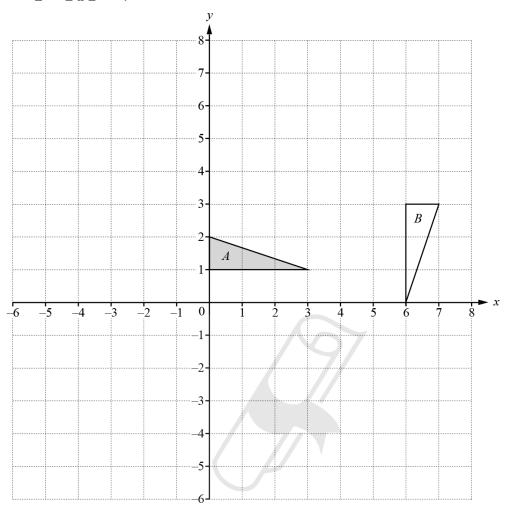
$$\left| \overrightarrow{AB} \right| = 12.5$$

Find u.

AcelGCSE

$$u = \dots [3]$$

47. 0580_w17_qp_43 Q: 5



- (a) Draw the image of
 - (i) triangle A after a reflection in the line x = 0,
- [2]
- (ii) triangle A after an enlargement, scale factor 2, centre (0, 4), With Passion[2]
- (iii) triangle A after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -5\\3 \end{pmatrix}$ [2]
- **(b)** Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.

(c)		$\mathbf{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{U} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	
	Poir	int P has co-ordinates $(1, -4)$.	
	(i)	Find T (<i>P</i>).	
	(ii)	Find $TU(P)$.	() [2]
	(iii)	Describe the single transformation represented by the matri	() [2] x T .
			[3]

AcelGCSE



 $01.\ 0580 \ m24 \ ms \ 42$ Q: 7

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
(a)(ii)(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
(a)(ii)(b)	15.6 or 15.62	2	M14am form d : 10 ² · (d : 1 110) ² an
			M1dep for their $12^2 + (their [-]10)^2$ oe, dep their $12 \neq 0$ and their $-10 \neq 0$
(b)	$\frac{3}{8}a + \frac{5}{8}b$ final answer	3	
	8 8		B2 for an unsimplified correct answer
			or $MS = \frac{5}{8}(b-a)$ soi or $NS = \frac{3}{8}(-b+a)$ soi
		6	or $NS = \frac{3}{8}(-b+a)$ soi
		7/	or B1 for correct route for \overrightarrow{OS}
			or for $MN = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $NM = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$

02. $0580_s24_ms_41$ Q: 2

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Triangle at (2, 1) (1, 3) (5, 3)	1	PCE
(a)(ii)	Triangle at $(-4, -5)$ $(-3, -3)$ $(0, -5)$ Paper Perfection, Cra	2 afted	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$
(a)(iii)	Triangle at (-2.5, 2) (-4, 3) (-2, 3)	2	B1 for enlargement by sf $-\frac{1}{2}$ with any centre
(b)	14.4	3	M2 for $[10 \times] 3^2 \times \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2$ oe
			or M1 for 3^2 or $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2$ soi

03. $0580 _{
m s}24 _{
m ms} _{
m 41}$ Q: 5

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for each
(a)(ii)	$1^2 + 7^2$	M1	
	$5^2 + ([-]5)^2$	M1	
	Both $\sqrt{50}$ oe	A1	With no errors seen If M0M0A0 scored SC1 for $\sqrt{50}$ oe for each
(a)(iii)	44.4 or 44.42[8] to 44.435	2	FT their (a)(ii) correct to 3sf or better
			M1 for $2 \times \pi \times their \sqrt{50}$ oe
(a)(iv)	(3, 1)	2	B1 for each

AcelGCSE

(a)(v) $[y = \frac{1}{3}x]$ 4 B3 for a correct equation in the wrong form as final answer Or B2 for 1/3 stated or used as perpendicular gradient OR M1 for $\frac{-1}{their}$ grad PQ M1dep for substituting $their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{iv})$ or $(0,0)$ into $y = their mx + c$ oe dep on the 2nd M1 or B2 (b) $\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{b}$ final answer B3 for an unsimplified correct answer or B2 for $AM = \frac{2}{5}(b - a)$ soi or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a - b)$ soi or B1 for $AB = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $BA = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ or for a correct route for OM or for correct diagram	Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
M1 for $[\operatorname{grad} PQ] = \frac{75}{1 - 5}$ oe M1 for $\frac{-1}{their}\operatorname{grad} PQ$ M1dep for substituting $their(\mathbf{a})(\mathbf{i}\mathbf{v})$ or $(0,0)$ into $y = their mx + c$ oe dep on the 2nd M1 or B2 (b) $\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{b}$ final answer B3 for an unsimplified correct answer or B2 for $AM = \frac{2}{5}(b - a)$ soi or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a - b)$ soi or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a - b)$ soi or $BM = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ or for a correct route for DM	(a)(v)	$[y=] \frac{1}{3}x$	4	form as final answer Or B2 for 1/3 stated or used as
(b) $\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{b} \text{ final answer}$ $\mathbf{B3} \text{ for an unsimplified correct answer}$ or $\mathbf{B2}$ for $AM = \frac{2}{5}(b-a)$ soi or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a-b)$ soi or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a-b)$ soi or for a correct route for $AM = a - b$ or for a correct route for $AM = a - b$				
(b) $\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{b}$ final answer 4 B3 for an unsimplified correct answer or B2 for $AM = \frac{2}{5}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ soi or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$ soi or B1 for $AB = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $BA = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ or for a correct route for OM				M1 for $\frac{-1}{their \operatorname{grad} PQ}$
B3 for an unsimplified correct answer or B2 for $AM = \frac{2}{5}(b-a)$ soi or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a-b)$ soi or B1 for $AB = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $BA = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ or for a correct route for OM				(0,0) into $y = their mx + c$ oe dep on the 2nd M1 or
or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a-b)$ soi or B1 for $AB = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $BA = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ or for a correct route for OM	(b)	$\frac{3}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{2}{5}\mathbf{b}$ final answer	4	B3 for an unsimplified correct answer
or B1 for $AB = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $BA = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ or for a correct route for OM				or B2 for $AM = \frac{2}{5}(\boldsymbol{b} - \boldsymbol{a})$ soi
or for a correct route for <i>OM</i>				or $BM = \frac{3}{5}(a-b)$ soi
				or B1 for $AB = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $BA = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$
or for correct diagram				or for a correct route for <i>OM</i>
		Acold		or for correct diagram

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion 04. 0580_m23_ms_42 $\,\mathrm{Q:}\,4$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Triangle at $(3, -1)$, $(9, -1)$, $(9, 2)$	2	B1 for correct shape, size and orientation or for correct plots but no triangle
(a)(ii)(a)	Triangle at (3, 3), (4, 3), (3, 5)	2	B1 for correct shape size and orientation or for rotation about (4, 2) 90° anticlockwise or for correct plots but no triangle
(a)(ii)(b)	Triangle at (4, 3), (5, 3), (5, 5)	3	B2 for correct shape size and orientation or for correct plots but no triangle or $M1$ for $x + y = 6$ drawn
(a)(ii)(c)	Reflection $x = 4$	2	B1 for each

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(b)	$\frac{5}{7}$ a + $\frac{2}{7}$ b final answer	3	B2 for correct unsimplified answer OR M2 for $\overline{HZ} = \frac{2}{7} (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ or $\overline{KZ} = \frac{5}{7} (\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$ oc or M1 for $\overline{HK} = -\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ or $\overline{KH} = -\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{a}$ or for a correct route

05. $0580_{\mathrm{w}23_{\mathrm{ms}}41}$ Q: 1

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	2	B1 for each
(a)(ii)	Rotation 90° clockwise oe (5, 1)	3	B1 for each
(b)(i)	Image at (2, 6) (3, 6) (3, 8)	2	B1 for reflection in $y = k$, $k \ne 2$ or for reflection in $x = 2$
(b)(ii)	Image at (-4, 4) (-6, 4) (-6, 8)	2	B1 for an enlargement, sf –2 in the wrong position

AcelGCSE

06. $0580 \text{_w} 23 \text{_ms} \text{_} 41 \text{ Q: } 10$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	(15, 6)	2	B1 for each
(a)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 24 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
(a)(iii)	13.6 or 13.60	2	M1 for $(-11)^2 + 8^2$ oe
(b)(i)	$\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5}(\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$	M3	
	or $\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{5}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$ leading to $\frac{2}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{b}$ with no errors		M2 for $[\overline{MR} =] \frac{3}{5} (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})$ oe or $[\overline{NR} =] \frac{2}{5} (\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$ oe
			or M1 for $\overrightarrow{MN} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ or $\overrightarrow{NM} = \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b}$ or a correct route for \overrightarrow{OR}
(b)(ii)(a)	k = 5, c = 10	4	B2 for $c = 10$ or M1 for $c(\frac{2}{5}\mathbf{a} + \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{b}) = \mathbf{b} + 4\mathbf{a} + k\mathbf{b}$ oe or for $\frac{2}{5}c = 4$ and M1 for $\frac{3}{5} \times their c = k + 1$
(b)(ii)(b)	3a + 6b final answer	1	FT $3a + (their k + 1)b$

Paper Perfection. Crafted With Passion

07. $0580_{\mathrm{w}23}_{\mathrm{ms}_{42}}$ Q: 1

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Image at (-5, 3), (-1, 3), (-1, 5)	2	B1 for translation $\begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
(a)(ii)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ cao	1	
(b)	Image at (6, 4), (6, 6), (2, 6)	2	B1 for reflection in line $x = 4$ or for reflection in line $y = k$
(c)	Image at $(2, -2)$, $(2, -6)$, $(4, -6)$	2	B1 for correct size and orientation or for rotation 90° anticlockwise about (0, 0)
(d)(i)	Image at $(-1, -1)$, $(-3, -1)$, $(-3, -2)$	2	B1 for correct size and orientation or for enlargement SF $\frac{1}{2}$, centre $(0, 0)$
(d)(ii)	Enlargement and [centre] (0, 0) [factor] -2	2	B1 for Enlargement and [centre] (0, 0) B1 for [factor] -2

08. 0580_w23_ms_42 Q: 12

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
(a)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$	1	With Passion
(b)	$[y=]-\frac{2}{3}x+\frac{19}{3}$ oe	3	M1 for gradient = $\frac{1-5}{8-2}$ oe M1 for substituting (8, 1) or (2, 5) into y = their mx + c
(c)	$[y=]\frac{3}{2}x-\frac{9}{2}$ oe	4	B1 for (5, 3) oe M1 for gradient = $-\frac{1}{their}$ gradient of AB M1 substituting <i>their</i> midpoint into $y = their mx + c$
(d)	$\frac{65}{6}$ oe	2	M1 for their $\frac{19}{3}$ - their $-\frac{9}{2}$ oe

09. $0580_{\mathrm{w}23_{\mathrm{ms}}43}$ Q: 3

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)	Rotation 90° [anticlockwise] oe (2, 7)	3	B1 for each
(b)(i)	Image at (-4, -1), (-3, -1), (-4, -4)	2	B1 for reflection in $y = k$ or $x = 1$
(b)(ii)	Image at (2, -4), (1, -4), (1, -1)	2	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$
(b)(iii)	Image at (-4, 7), (-4, 1), (-2, 1)	2	B1 for enlargement, factor 2 with other centre

10. 0580_s22_ms_42 Q: 5

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)	Correct lines drawn	2	B1 for one correct with no incorrect lines
(b)(i)(a)	Translation or translate	2	B1 for each
	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ oe		
(b)(i)(b)	Rotation or rotate	3	B1 for each
	90 [anticlockwise] oe		
	[centre] (2, 1)		
(b)(ii)(a)	Triangle at $(-5, 6)$ $(-2, 6)$ $(-2, 5)$	2	B1 for reflection in $y = k$

Question	Pape _{Answer} rfection	Marks	ted With Prartial Marks
(b)(ii)(b)	Triangle at (1, 5) (1, 7) (7, 7)	2	B1 for correct size and orientation, wrong position

11. $0580_s22_ms_43$ Q: 2

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Triangle drawn at $(2, -1)$, $(2, -4)$, $(3, -4)$	2	B1 for two correct points If 0 scored, SC1 for reflection of triangle T in $y = -x$
(a)(ii)	Triangle drawn at (- 5, 6), (-2, 5), (-5, 5)	2	B1 for translation by $\binom{-1}{k}$ or by $\binom{k}{3}$ If 0 scored SC1 for triangle drawn at $(-4.5, 3.5), (-4.5, 4.5)$ and $(-1.5, 3.5)$
(a)(iii)	Enlargement [SF] - 1.5 oe [centre] (0, 3)	3	B1 for each
(b)	$28.8, 28\frac{8}{10}, 28\frac{4}{5}$	2	M1 for 1.2 ² oe

12. 0580 w 22 ms 41 Q: 6

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} -3\\3 \end{pmatrix}$		7
(a)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
(a)(iii)	3.61 or 3.605 to 3.606	2	M1 for $2^2 + 3^2$ oe
(b)	(6, 1)	2	B1 for each

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(c)	$\frac{2}{7}\mathbf{g} + \frac{3}{14}\mathbf{h}$	4	$\overline{B3}$ for correct unsimplified expression for \overline{MK}
	Acel (rafte	or B2 for $[\overline{MK} =] \frac{2}{7} \mathbf{g} + k\mathbf{h}$ or $[\overline{MK} =] k\mathbf{g} + \frac{3}{14} \mathbf{h}$ or $\overline{HK} = \frac{2}{7} (\mathbf{g} - \mathbf{h})$ oe or $\overline{GK} = \frac{5}{7} (\mathbf{h} - \mathbf{g})$ oe or M1 for correct route for \overline{MK}

13. 0580_w22_ms_42 Q: 4

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	2	B1 for each
(a)(ii)	Rotation 90° [anticlockwise] oe (0, 8)	3	B1 for each
(a)(iii)	Enlargement [sf] $\frac{1}{2}$ oe [centre] (-1, -4)	3	B1 for each
(b)	Image at (-4, 4) (-3, 4) (-2, 5) (-2, 3) (-4, 3)	2	B1 for the line $y = x + 8$ drawn soi long enough to be fit for purpose or correct size and orientation but wrong position

14. 0580_w22_ms_42 Q: 11

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)	2.5 and – 2.5 oe	3	M2 for $1681m^2 = \frac{42025}{4}$ oe
	A 1 C		or M1 for $(9m)^2 + (40m)^2$ oe
(b)(i)(a)	c – a final answer	1	63E
(b)(i)(b)	Paper Perfection, Cra $\frac{3}{4}$ a final answer	aftq	d With Passion
(b)(i)(c)	$c + \frac{3}{4}a$ final answer	1	FT c + their (b)(i)(b), must be a vector in terms of a and/or c in its simplest form
(b)(ii)	$\mathbf{a} + \frac{4}{3}\mathbf{c}$ oe	2	B1 for $[\overrightarrow{BQ} =] \frac{1}{3} \mathbf{c}$ or $[\overrightarrow{AQ} =] \frac{4}{3} \mathbf{c}$ or M1 for a correct route
			or for answer $\mathbf{a} + k\mathbf{c}$ oe, where $k > 1$

15. 0580 w 22 ms 43 Q: 4

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)	Triangle drawn at $(1, -5)$, $(1, -7)$, $(5, -5)$	2	B1 for reflection in any horizontal line If 0 scored, SC1 for reflection in $x = -2$
(b)	Triangle drawn at $(-2, 0)$, $(-2, -1)$, $(0, -1)$	2	B1 for correct size and orientation but wrong position
(c)	Rotation	3	B1 for each
	90 [anticlockwise] oe		
	[centre] (-1, 0)		

 $16.\ 0580_w22_ms_43 \quad Q\colon 10$

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	2a drawn correctly with direction arrow	1	7
(a)(ii)	a – b drawn correctly with direction arrow	2	B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ seen or implied
			or M1 for correctly drawing their a – b with an arrow
(b)(i)(a)	$\mathbf{q} + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{p}$ final answer	1	
(b)(i)(b)	$\mathbf{q} - \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{p}$ final answer	2	M1 for a correct route
(b)(i)(c)	$\frac{13}{24}\mathbf{p} - \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{q} \text{ final answer}$	3	M2 for $\frac{3}{8}$ p $-\frac{2}{3}$ (their (b)(i)(b)) oe
	Paper Perfection, C	rafte	or for $-\frac{3}{8}\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q} + \mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{3}(their(\mathbf{b})(\mathbf{i})(\mathbf{b}))$ oe
			or M1 for a correct route or for
			$[BN =] -\frac{2}{3} (their (b)(i)(b))$
			or $[AN=]$ $\frac{1}{3}$ (their (b)(i)(b))
			or final answer $k\mathbf{p} - \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{q}$ oe or $\frac{13}{24}\mathbf{p} - k\mathbf{q}$ oe
(b)(ii)	$\frac{19}{16}$ p oe final answer	2	$\mathbf{M1} \text{ for } AG = \frac{3}{8} \mathbf{p} \div 2 \text{ soi}$
			or for answer kp oe

17. 0580_m21_ms_42 Q: 2

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	rotation 90 anticlockwise oe (-3, 2)	3	B1 for each
(a)(ii)	enlargement $-\frac{1}{2}$ (-2,-1)	3	B1 for each
(b)	Image at $(-3, -5)(1, -5)(1, 3)$	2	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$
(c)	Image at (2, 3) (6, 3) (6, -5)	2	B1 for reflection in $y = k$ or $x = 4$



AcelGCSE

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -13 \end{pmatrix}$ final answer	1	
(a)(i)(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} -4\\11 \end{pmatrix}$ final answer	2	B1 for answer $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 16 \end{pmatrix}$ seen
(a)(i)(c)	5.39 or 5.385	2	M1 for $2^2 + ([-]5)^2$
(a)(ii)	[k=] 8 [m=] - 32	3	B2 for $k = 8$ or $m = -32$ or M1 for $-3 + 2k = 13$ oe or for $m = -5 \times their \ k + 8$ correctly evaluated
(b)(i)(a)	$\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$ final answer	1	
(b)(i)(b)	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} - \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{q} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}) \text{ or } \frac{\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}}{2} \text{ final}$ answer	2	M1 for unsimplified answer or any correct vector route for \overrightarrow{CM} , e.g. $-\mathbf{q} + \frac{1}{2}$ their (b)(i)(a)
(b)(i)(c)	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{10}\mathbf{q}$ or $\frac{5\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}}{10}$ final answer	2	M1 for unsimplified answer or any correct vector route for \overrightarrow{MN}
(b)(ii)	$\frac{5}{3}$ p + q or $\frac{5$ p + 3 q }{3} final answer	3	B2 for unsimplified correct answer OR M1 for $\mathbf{p} + \frac{3}{5} \mathbf{q}$ seen
	Acel	5 (B1 for final answer of form $k\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$ $(k > 1)$ or final answer $\frac{5}{3}\mathbf{p} + j\mathbf{q}$ oe (any j)

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

19. 0580_s21_ms_42 Q: 7

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Triangle at (4, 0) (4, 3) (6, 3)	2	B1 for translation by $\binom{2}{k}$ or $\binom{k}{-1}$ If 0 scored SC1 for triangle at $(3, 0.5)$ (3, 3.5) $(5, 3.5)$
(a)(ii)	Triangle at (1, -2) (4, -4) (4, -2)	2	B1 for rotation 90 clockwise wrong centre or for rotation 90 anticlockwise about the origin
(a)(iii)	Triangle at (-4, 4) (-4, 2.5) (-5, 2.5)	2	B1 for enlargement SF $-\frac{1}{2}$ with wrong centre or for enlargement SF $\frac{1}{2}$ with centre (-2, 3)
(b)	Reflection $y = -x$ oe	2	B1 for each

20. 0580_s21_ms_43 Q: 4

	Answer	/ 7/	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	(2, 7)		2	B1 for each coordinate



	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(ii)	$-\frac{1}{2}x+8$ oe	4	Correct equivalent in different form scores 3 marks.
			M1 for gradient of $AB = \frac{9-5}{3-1}$ or $\frac{4}{2}$ or 2
			M1 dep for gradient
			$p = -\frac{1}{\text{their grad of } AB}$
			M1 (dep on previous M1) for substitution of <i>their</i> midpoint into $y = (their p)x + c$ oe
			where their $p \neq 0$
(b)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
(b)(ii)	(-2)	2	FT their \overrightarrow{PQ}
	(9)		B1FT for $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$
(c)(i)	$\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{t} + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{u} \text{ or } \frac{1}{3}(2\mathbf{t} + \mathbf{u}) \text{ final answer}$	2	M1 for $\overrightarrow{UY} = \frac{2}{3} (\mathbf{t} - \mathbf{u})$ oe
			or $\overrightarrow{TY} = \frac{1}{3}(\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{t})$ oe
			or correct route soi
(c)(ii)	$\frac{2}{3}$ t cao	1	

21. 0580_p20_ms_40 Q: 4

	Panor Panswer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Correct image (2, -5) (4, -5) (4, -2)	2	SC1 for reflection in $y = 0$ or 3 correct points not joined
(a)(ii)	Correct image (-3, 1) (-6, 1) (-6, -1)	2	SC1 for rotation 90° clockwise any centre or 3 correct points not joined
(b)	Translation by $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for each

22. 0580_p20_ms_40 Q: 6

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p}$	1	
(a)(ii)	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} - \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{r}$	1	
(a)(iii)	$\mathbf{p} + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{r}$	1	
(b)	$r + \frac{3}{2}p$	2	M1 for correct unsimplified answer or for correct route or for recognising OU as position vector
(c)	6 nfww	3	B2 for $(2k)^2 + ([-]k)^2 = 180$ oe or M1 for $(2k)^2 + ([-]k)^2$ oe

23. 0580_s20_ms_41 Q: 4

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)	Triangle at (-4, -4) (-1, -3) (-4, -3)	2	B1 for correct points not joined or for reflection in any $y = k$ or for reflection in $x = -1$
(b)	Triangle at (1, 1) (1, 4) (2, 4)	2	B1 for correct points not joined or rotation 90 clockwise around any point or rotation 90 anticlockwise around (0, 0)
(c)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for translation or correct vector oe

$24.\ 0580_s20_ms_42 \quad Q:\ 2$

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \triangle \qquad \qquad \bigcirc$	2	B1 for each
(a)(ii)	6.4[0] or 6.403	2	M1 for $4^2 + 5^2$
(b)	(1,2)	1 1	eu with Passion
(c)	(0,-2)	1	

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(d)	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{c} + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{d}$		B2 for correct unsimplified answer or M1 for $\overrightarrow{CT} = -\mathbf{c} + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{d}$ oe or $\overrightarrow{TC} = \mathbf{c} - \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{d}$ oe or for correct route

$25.\ 0580_s20_ms_43 \quad Q: 2$

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	triangle with vertices at $(-2, -1) (-8, -1) (-2, -5)$	2	B1 for correct reflection in $y = x$
(a)(ii)	triangle with vertices at $(-1, -1) (-1, -7) (3, -7)$	2	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$
(b)(i)	Enlargement [centre] (-7, 8) [sf] ½	3	B1 for each
(b)(ii)	Rotation [centre] (0, 0) 90° clockwise oe	3	B1 for each

$26.\ 0580_w20_ms_41 \ \ Q:1$

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)	Image at $(4,-1)(4,-4)(5,-4)$	2	B1 for translation by $\binom{8}{k}$ or $\binom{k}{-6}$ or for correct vertices not joined
(b)	Image at (-4, -4) (-4, -7) (-3, -4)	2	B1 for reflection in $x = -1$ or $y = k$ or for correct vertices not joined
(c)	Enlargement 3 (-5, 5)	3	B1 for each
(d)	Rotation 90° clockwise oe (1, 1) Paper Perfection,	Craft	B1 for each ed With Passion

$27.\ 0580_w20_ms_42 \quad Q: 2$

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)	Translation $ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} $	2	B1 for each
(b)(i)	Image at (0, 1), (-3, 1), (-3, 2)	2	B1 for reflection in $x = k$ or $y = 1$
(b)(ii)	Image at $(5, -4)$, $(5, -1)$, $(4, -1)$	2	B1 for rotation 90° anticlockwise with other centre or for rotation 90° clockwise about (6, 0)
(b)(iii)	Image at (-1, -2), (-7, -2), (-7, -4)	2	B1 for enlargement, factor –2 with other centre

$28.\ 0580_w20_ms_43 \quad Q: 2$

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Triangle at (-3, 2) (-3, 3) (-5, 2)	2	B1 for correct rotation about incorrect point or for rotation 90 clockwise around (0, 0)
(a)(ii)	Triangle at $(5, -2)$ $(6, -2)$ $(5, 0)$	2	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$
(b)	Enlargement [SF] 3 [Centre] (1, 4)	3	B1 for each

Paper Perfection. Crafted With Passion

29. $0580_{\mathrm{w}20_{\mathrm{ms}}}43$ Q: 8

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$
(a)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$
(a)(iii)	5.39 or 5.385	2	M1 for $(-2)^2 + 5^2$ oe
(b)(i)	$\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$	1	
(b)(ii)	$\frac{3}{2}\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$	2	M1 for a correct route, e.g. $\overrightarrow{OA} + \overrightarrow{AE}$
(b)(iii)	$2\mathbf{a} + \frac{4}{3}\mathbf{b}$	3	M2 for unsimplified \overrightarrow{OD} or for $\frac{4}{3}$ b
		9	or M1 for \overrightarrow{OD} attempted in terms of a and b or for $\overrightarrow{CD} = \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b}$ or $\overrightarrow{DB} = \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{b}$ seen

AcelGCSE

30. 0580_m19_ms_42 Q: 2

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Reflection	2	B1 for each
	x=1.5		
(a)(ii)	Rotation	3	B1 for each
	(0,-1)		
	90° [anticlockwise] oe		
(b)(i)	Image at $(5,-1)(6,-1)(6,-3)$	2	B1 for correct size and orientation but wrong position If 0 scored, SC1 for enlargement SF $\frac{1}{2}$ with centre (3, 0)
(b)(ii)	Image at (-6, 3) (-4, 3) (-6, 7)	2	B1 for translation $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
(b)(iii)	Image at $(2, -1)(2, -3)(6, -3)$	3	M2 for 3 correct coordinates soi or M1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -3 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ or B1 for stating reflection in $y = x$

31. 0580_s19_ms_41 Q: 1

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Image at (1, 7), (4, 7), (4, 9), (3, 9)	2	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$
(a)(ii)	Image at (5, 3), (6, 3), (8, 5), (5, 5)	2	B1 for 180° rotation with wrong centre
(a)(iii)	Rotation 180° (4.5, 6) OR Enlargement,	3	B1 for rotation B1 for 180° B1FT for centre from their (a)(i)
	[factor] – 1 (4.5, 6)		B1 for -1 B1FT for centre from their (a)(i)
(b)(i)	Image at (1, 2), (1, 5), (3, 5), (3, 4)	2	B1 for $y = x$ drawn or for 3 correct points
(b)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for one correct row or one column within a 2 by 2 matrix

32. 0580_s19_ms_43 Q: 3

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Image at (-5, 4), (-2, 4), (-4, 6)	2	B1 for translation by $\binom{-3}{k}$ or $\binom{k}{2}$
(a)(ii)	Image at (2, 1), (4, -1), (2, -2)	2	B1 for reflection in $y = -x$ or $y = x$ drawn
(b)	Rotation	3	B1 for each
	90°[anticlockwise] oe		
	(1,-1)		
(c)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for 2 by 2 matrix with one correct row or column
(c)(ii)	Strict FT their (c)(i)	1	Answer not equal to zero FT their (c)(i) only if 2 by 2

33. 0580_w19_ms_42 Q: 3

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	(3, 5.5)	2	B1 for either value correct
(a)(ii)	$\frac{5}{4}x + \frac{7}{4}$ final answer	G	B2 for answer $\frac{5}{4}x + c$ oe or for correct equation in different form or M1 for $\frac{8-3}{5-1}$ oe and M1 for correct substitution shown of (1, 3) or (5, 8) or <i>their</i> (a)(i) into $y = (their\ m)x + c$ oe
(b)(i)	(6, 1) aper Perfection (10, 6)	, Craf <u>a</u> t	B1 for 2 or 3 values correct
(b)(ii)	(-3, 1) (-8, 5)	2	B1 for 2 or 3 values correct If 0 scored, SC1 for (3, -1) and (8, -5)
(b)(iii)	(3, 3) (-1, 8)	2	B1 for 2 or 3 values correct but not for (1, 3) and (5, 8)

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(b)(iv)	(5, -3) (11, -8)	2	B1 for either or M1 for $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$
(c)	Enlargement -2 Origin oe	3	B1 for each

34. 0580_w19_ms_42 Q: 8

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\frac{m-7}{5}$ oe final answer	2	M1 for $5p = m - 7$ or $p + \frac{7}{5} = \frac{m}{5}$
(a)(ii)	$\left[\pm\right]\sqrt{\frac{y^2-h}{2}} \text{ or } \left[\pm\right]\sqrt{\frac{h-y^2}{-2}} \text{ oe }$ final answer	3	M1 for first correct step isolate term in p or divide by ± 2 M1 for second correct step FT <i>their</i> first step
(b)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$	1	
(b)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$	1	

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(b)(iii)	3.22 or 3.216 to 3.220 Paper Perfection,	6	B3 for [angle $AOB =]$ 36.8 or 36.9 or 36.84 to 36.87 or M2 for $tan[AOB] = \frac{3}{4}$ oe or for $[AOB =]2 \times sin^{-1}$

35. 0580_w19_ms_43 Q: 7

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)	Reflection $y = -1$	2	B1 for each
(b)(i)	Image at (-6, 5) (-6, 7) (-5, 7) (-4, 5)	2	B1 for translation by $\binom{-3}{k}$ or $\binom{k}{4}$

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(b)(ii)	Image at $(1,-1)(3,-1)(3,-3)(2,-3)$	2	B1 for shape correct size and orientation but wrong position
(b)(iii)	Image at (1, 2) (1, 6) (3, 6) (5, 2)	2	B1 for shape correct size and orientation, wrong position

36. 0580_w19_ms_43 Q: 11

	Answer	Mark		Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$8\mathbf{b} - 4\mathbf{a}$ oe		1	
(a)(ii)	6 b		1	
(a)(iii)	6b - 2a or 2(3b - a)		1	$\mathbf{FT} - 2\mathbf{a} + their$ (a)(ii)
(b)	2:1 oe final answer		3	Dep on correct \overrightarrow{BC} or correct \overrightarrow{AC} seen B2 for $\overrightarrow{BC} = 4\mathbf{b} - 2\mathbf{a}$ or M1 for a correct route for \overrightarrow{BC} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b}
	Acel C	afte	0	or for a correct route for \overrightarrow{AC} in terms of a and b If no/incorrect working seen then SC1 for final answer of 2:1 (oe)

37. 0580_s18_ms_41 Q: 4

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Translation	2	B1 for each
	$\begin{pmatrix} -8\\2 \end{pmatrix}$ oe		
(a)(ii)	Enlargement	3	B1 for each
	$[sf =] \frac{1}{2} \text{ oe}$ (-4, 0)		
	$(-4,0)^{2}$		
(a)(iii)	Rotation	3	B1 for each
	90° clockwise oe		
	(1,-1)		
(b)	Triangle with $(1, -1)$, $(5, -1)$, $(1,7)$	2	B1 for correct size and orientation in wrong position or for 3 correct points
		07	not joined



38. 0580_s18_ms_41 Q: 11

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	12.6 or 12.64 to 12.65	3	M2 for $12^2 + (-4)^2$ OR B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ M1 for $(their12)^2 + (their - 4)^2$
(a)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} -11 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for $\begin{pmatrix} -11\\k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k\\13 \end{pmatrix}$ or for $\begin{bmatrix} \overrightarrow{BA} = \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -8\\7 \end{pmatrix}$
(b)	$\frac{1}{2}$ (b – a) oe	2	M1 for correct route or correct unsimplified answer or B1 for $\overline{QS} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$ oe
(c)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & 50 \\ 10 & 69 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for 2 correct elements
(c)(ii)	$\frac{1}{11} \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -5 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ oe isw}$	2	B1 for $k \begin{pmatrix} 8 & -5 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\frac{1}{11} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ or det = 11 soi

39. 0580_s18_ms_42 Q: 3

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Image at $(3, -3)$, $(7, -3)$, $(7, -5)$	2	B1 for reflection in any $x = k$ or if 3 correct points not joined
(a)(ii)	Image at (-5, 1), (-1, 1), (-5, -1)	afteg	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ or if 3 correct points not joined

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(iii)	Image at (6, 3), (6, 4), (4, 3)	3	B2 for correct size and orientation but wrong position or if 3 correct points not joined B1 for enlargement SF ½ with centre (3, 1)
(b)	Rotation 90° [anticlockwise]oe (-6, -2)	3	B1 for each
(c)	Reflection $y = -x$ oe	2	B1 for each

40. 0580_w18_ms_41 Q: 2

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Translation	2	B1 for each
	$\binom{5}{8}$	9	Accept 5 right and 8 up
(a)(ii)	Enlargement [sf] 0.5 oe [centre] (0, -7)	3	B1 for each
(a)(iii)	Rotation 90 [anticlockwise] oe Origin oe	3	B1 for each
(b)	Image at (-8, 1) (-8, 5) (-8, 7) (-4, 1)	2	B1 for reflection of flag A in the line $x = -1$ or $y = k$ or for vertices of triangle in correct place but not joined

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

 $41.0580 w18 ms_42 Q: 3$

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)	Rotation	3	B1 for each
	90 ^[o] clockwise oe		
	Origin oe		
(b)(i)	Image at (-4, -1) (-4, -4) (-2, -4)	1	
(b)(ii)	Image at $(3, -1)(5, -1)(3, -4)$	2	B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ or for 3 correct points not joined
(b)(iii)	Image at $(-2, \frac{1}{2})$ $(-2, 2)$ $(-1, 2)$	3	B2 for 3 correct co-ordinates soi in working or correct size and orientation in wrong position or M1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -4 & -2 \\ 1 & 4 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$ shown or for statement: enlargement, sf 0.5, (0, 0)

AcelGCSE

$42.\ 0580 \ w18 \ ms_42$ Q: 11

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} -19 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for answer $\begin{pmatrix} -19 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$
			or for $\begin{pmatrix} -9 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\pm \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ seen
(a)(ii)	3.61 or 3.605 to 3.606	2	M1 for $\sqrt{([-]3)^2 + 2^2}$ oe
(a)(iii)	-3m + 5n = 14 and $2m + 4n = 9$	B1	Accept equivalents
	$[m=]-\frac{1}{2}$ or -0.5 and $[n=]2\frac{1}{2}$ or 2.5 or $\frac{5}{2}$ with evidence of a correct algebraic method	4	M1 for correctly equating one set of coefficients of <i>their</i> equations or rearranges one of <i>their</i> equations to make m or n the subject e.g. $[m =] \frac{1}{2}(9 - 4n)$ oe M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable for <i>their</i> equations or correctly substitutes <i>their</i> m or <i>their</i> n into the other equation e.g. $-\frac{3(9-4n)}{2} + 5n = 14$ oe B1 for one correct answer
(b)(i)(a)	$-\mathbf{a} + 2\mathbf{c}$	1	
(b)(i)(b)	$\frac{3}{8}$ (-a + 2c) or $-\frac{3}{8}$ a + $\frac{3}{4}$ c oe	1	FT $\frac{3}{8}$ (their (b)(i)(a)) in simplest form

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(b)(i)(c)	$\frac{1}{2}$ (5a-2c) or $\frac{5}{2}$ erfection, C	raft₽	d With Passion
(b)(i)(d)	$\frac{1}{8}(5\mathbf{a} - 2\mathbf{c}) \text{ or } \frac{5}{8}\mathbf{a} - \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{c} \text{ oe}$	2	M1 for a correct unsimplified route
(b)(ii)	4	1	

43. 0580_w18_ms_43 Q: 1

	Answer	Mark	Partial Marks
(a)(i)	Reflection $y = -1$	2	B1 for each
(a)(ii)	Triangle at $(0, -3), (4, -1), (4, -3)$	2	B1 for translation $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ or for three correct vertices
(a)(iii)	Triangle at (-2, 2), (-2, 6), (-4, 6)	2	B1 for rotation about (0, 0) 90° clockwise or 90° anticlockwise with wrong centre or for three correct vertices
(a)(iv)	Triangle at $(-3, -1)$, $(-3, -2)$, $(-1, -1)$	2	B1 for scale factor $-\frac{1}{2}$ with wrong centre or scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$ with centre (0, 0) or for three correct vertices
(b)(i)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ cao	1	97
(b)(ii)	4.47 or 4.472	2	M1 for $(their \ 2)^2 + (their \ 4)^2$
(b)(iii)	(7, 10)	2	B1 for each
(b)(iv)	y = 2x - 4 oe	3	M1 for gradient = $\frac{6-2}{5-3}$ oe or answer $y = mx - 4$ M1 for substituting (3, 2) or (5, 6) into $y = their mx + c$ or into $y - k = their m(x - h)$ or into $their y = mx - 4$
(b)(v)	(0, -4)	1	FT their (b)(iv)

Paper Perfection,Crafted With Passion

44. 0580 m17 ms 42 Q: 2

	ANSWER	MARK	PARTIAL MARKS
(a) (i)	Rotation	1	
	90° [anticlockwise] oe	1	
	(9, 5)	1	
(ii)	Translation	1	
	$\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -14 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	1	
(iii)	Enlargement	1	
	$[sf]$ $\frac{1}{3}$	1	
	(-8, -2)	1	
(b) (i)	Image at $(1, -3)(2, -3)(2, -5)$	2	M1 for triangle correct size and orientation, wrong position
			or SC1 for correct reflection in $y = -x$
(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for 1 correct column or row

AcelGCSE

	ANSWER	MARK	PARTIAL MARKS
(a)(i)	Translation	1	
	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -13 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	1	
(a)(ii)	Enlargement	1	
	$[sf] - \frac{1}{2}$ oe	1	
	(0,-4)	1	
(b)	Image at (0,0)(0,6)(-4,6)(-4,2)	2	B1 for rotation of 90° anticlockwise about the wrong centre or 90° clockwise about (3, -1) or 4 points correct but not joined.
(c)	Image at (4,0)(10,0)(10,-4)(6,-4)	2	B1 for reflection in $y = k$ or in $x = 1$ or 4 points correct but not joined
(d)	Enlargement	1	
	[sf] 3	1	
	Origin oe	1	

AcelGCSE

46. 0580_w17_ms_42 Q: 4

	ANSWER	MARK	PARTIAL MARKS
(a)(i)	Correct translation	2	B1 for translation $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$
(a)(ii)	Correct rotation	2	B1 for rotation 180° but other centre
(a)(iii)	Correct reflection	2	B1 for reflection in $y = -x$
(b)(i)	Enlargement [factor] $\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.5 [centre] (0, 0) oe	3	B1 for each
(b)(ii)		2	B1 for matrix of form $\begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ 0 & k \end{pmatrix}$ oe, $k \neq 0$ or 1
(c)	± 2.5	3	B2 for $25u^2 = 156.25$ or $5u = [\pm]12.5$ or M1 for $(4u)^2 + (3u)^2$

AcelGCSE

47. 0580_w17_ms_43 Q: 5

	ANSWER	MARK	PARTIAL MARKS
(a)(i)	Image at $(0, 1), (0, 2), (-3, 1)$	2	B1 for reflection in $y = 0$ or $x = k$
(a)(ii)	Image at $(0, 0)$, $(0, -2)$, $(6, -2)$	2	B1 for correct size and correct orientation wrong position or for 2 correct vertices plotted
(a)(iii)	Image at (-5, 4), (-5, 5), (-2, 4)	2	B1 for translation by $\binom{-5}{k}$ or $\binom{k}{3}$
(b)	Rotation 90° clockwise oe (4, -1)	3	B1 for each
(c)(i)	(4, 1)	2	M1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$
(c)(ii)	(8, -1)	2	M1 for $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}$
(c)(iii)	Rotation 90° anti-clockwise oe Origin oe	3	B1 for each

AcelGCSE