

01. 0580_m24_ms_42 Q: 5

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | $(x-4)(x+3)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $(x+a)(x+b)$ where $ab = -12$ or $a + b = -1$ or for $x(x+3) - 4(x+3)$ or $x(x-4) + 3(x-4)$ |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{x+4}{x+3}$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $(x-4)(x+4)$ seen |
| (b) | $3x^2 - 14x + 8$ or $(x-4)(3x-2)$ final answer | 3 | M2 for $((2x-3)-(x+1))((2x-3)+(x+1))$ or $(4x^2 - 6x - 6x + 9) - (x^2 + x + x + 1)$ or better or correct answer seen or M1 for $(x-4)(ax+b)$ or $(3x-2)(x+c)$ or $(4x^2 - 6x - 6x + 9)$ or $\pm(x^2 + x + x + 1)$ oe |
| (c) | $\frac{x^2 - 3x - 12}{(x+1)(x-3)}$ or $\frac{x^2 - 3x - 12}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$ final answer | 4 | B1 for common denominator $(x+1)(x-3)$ oe isw B1 for $(2x+4)(x-3) - x(x+1)$ or better seen B1 for $2x^2 - 6x + 4x - 12$ or $-x^2 - x$ seen |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| (d) | $2x^3 - 15x^2 + 22x + 15$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct expansion of three brackets unsimplified or for simplified four-term expression of correct form with 3 terms correct in final answer or B1 for correct expansion of two brackets with at least 3 terms out of 4 correct |
| (e) | $2x^2 - 3x - 77 [= 0]$ oe $(6x^2 - 9x - 231 [= 0])$ or $18y^2 + 147y + 222 [= 0]$ oe $(6y^2 + 49y + 74 [= 0])$ | M2 | M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable e.g. $2(13 + 3y)^2 - 9y = 116$ or $2x^2 - 3(x - 13) = 116$ oe |
| | $(2x + 11)(x - 7) [= 0]$ oe or $\frac{[- -]3 \pm \sqrt{([- -]3)^2 - 4 \times 2 \times -77}}{2 \times 2}$ oe or $(6y + 37)(3y + 6) [= 0]$ or $\frac{-147 \pm \sqrt{147^2 - 4 \times 18 \times 222}}{2 \times 18}$ oe | M2 | FT <i>their</i> 3-term quadratic in x or y , correct factors, correct substitution into formula or for correctly completing square M1 for a pair of factors giving 2 correct terms when expanded <i>their</i> quadratic or for e.g. $\sqrt{([- -]3)^2 - 4 \times 2 \times -77}$ oe or $\frac{[- -]3 \pm \sqrt{p}}{2 \times 2}$ oe |
| | $x = 7$ and $y = -2$ $x = -5\frac{1}{2}$ oe and $y = -6\frac{1}{6}$ oe | B2 | B1 for both x -values or both y -values or for 1 correct pair |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|---|
| (a) | Ruled line with negative gradient and positive y -intercept | 2 | B1 for ruled line with negative gradient or for ruled line with positive y -intercept or straight line with negative gradient and positive y -intercept |
| (b) | Negative quadratic, with vertex at origin | 2 | B1 for negative quadratic in other position or for sketch in 3rd and 4th quadrants only with single maximum at (0, 0) and no other turning point or for positive quadratic, with vertex at origin |
| (c)(i) | $18x - 6x^2$ isw | B2 | B1 for one correct term $18x$ or $-6x^2$ seen |
| | setting <i>their</i> derivative = 0 or $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ | M1 | Dep on at least B1 earned or <i>their</i> derivative = $\pm 18x \pm 6x^2$ |
| | (0, 10) and (3, 37) | B2 | B1 for $x = 0$ and $x = 3$ or for (0, 10) or (3, 37) |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (c)(ii) | (0, 10) minimum with correct reason AND (3, 37) maximum with correct reason | 3 | <p>Reasons could be e.g.</p> <p>1 A reasonable sketch of a negative cubic</p> <p>2 Correct use of 2nd derivative = $-12(0) + 18 = 18$, $18 > 0$, so (0, 10) is a minimum oe. 2nd derivative = $-12(3) + 18 = -18$, $-18 < 0$ so (3, 37) is a maximum oe.</p> <p>3 Evaluates correctly values of y on both sides of both correct stationary points</p> <p>4 Finds gradient on each side of both correct stationary points.</p> <p>B2 for 1 correct with correct reason for that stationary point</p> <p>or for both x-values correct and reasonable sketch of a negative cubic,</p> <p>or for correct substitution and evaluation of both of <i>their</i> x-values into <i>their</i> second derivative</p> <p>or substitution and evaluation for one x-value on both sides of both of <i>their</i> stationary points to find the gradients soi</p> <p>or M1 for showing [2nd derivative =] $-12x + 18$ or correct FT <i>their</i> 2nd derivative</p> <p>or substitution and evaluation shown for one x-value on both sides of one of <i>their</i> stationary points to find the gradients soi</p> <p>or for sketch of any negative cubic.</p> |

03. 0580_m24_ms_42 Q: 10

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|----------------|-----------|---|
| (a) | -2.5 -1.25 5.5 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Correct graph | 4 | B3FT for 8 or 9 correct points or B2FT for 6 or 7 correct points or B1FT for 4 or 5 correct points |
| (c) | $y = 2$ drawn | M1 | |
| | -2.75 to -2.65 | A2 | A1 for 1 solution |
| | -1.1 to -1.05 | | |
| | 0.75 to 0.85 | | |
| (d) | -2.5 5.5 | 2 | B1 for each |

04. 0580_m24_ms_42 Q: 11

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | -3.5 oe | 2 | M1 for $g\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ seen or $3\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - 5$ or better |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{x+5}{3}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for correct first step $y+5=3x$, $\frac{y}{3} = x - \frac{5}{3}$ or $x = 3y - 5$ |
| (b) | $3x - 11$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $3(x-2) - 5$ |
| (c)(i) | 5 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{3x-5} [= 0.1]$ |
| (c)(ii) | 4 nfww | 2 | M1 for $2^x - (3 \times 7 - 5) [= 0]$ or better |

05. 0580_s24_ms_41 Q: 3

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | 80 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{4} \times 5 \times 8^2$ |
| (a)(ii) | 5 | 2 | M1 for $[y^2 =] \frac{15 \times 4}{2.4}$ oe |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| (b) | $\frac{5x+23}{(x-1)(2x+5)}$ or $\frac{5x+23}{2x^2+3x-5}$ final answer | 3 | B1 for $4(2x+5)-3(x-1)$ oe isw B1 for common denominator = $(x-1)(2x+5)$ oe isw |
| (c) | $2x^3-13x^2+8x+48$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct expansion of 3 brackets but unsimplified or for simplified four-term expression of correct form with 3 terms correct or B1 for correct expansion of two brackets with at least 3 terms out of 4 correct |
| (d) | $\frac{8x^{12}}{y^6}$ or $8x^{12}y^{-6}$ final answer | 3 | B2 for two elements correct in final answer or for correct answer seen then spoiled or for correct expression where all parts of the power have been dealt with or for $()^{-1}$ or $\left(\frac{2x^4}{y^2}\right)^3$ or B1 for 8 or y^6 or y^{-6} or x^{12} correct in final answer or for $\left(\frac{16x^{16}}{y^8}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}$ or $\left(\frac{y^2}{2x^4}\right)^{-3}$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------------|--|
| (a) | Correct sketch with roots indicated at $x = -9$ and $x = 2$ and y intercept $= -18$ Minimum should be in 3rd quadrant | 4 | B1 for U shaped parabola B2 for roots at -9 and 2 on diagram or M1 for $(x + 9)(x - 2) [= 0]$ B1 for y – intercept at -18 on diagram Maximum 3 marks if sketch not fully correct |
| (b)(i) | $2x - 3$ | 2 | B1 for $2x + k$ or $kx^{[p]} - 3$ |
| (b)(ii) | $(1.5, -30.25)$ oe | 3 | B2 for $x = 1.5$ or M1 for <i>their</i> (b)(i) $= 0$ or for $(x - 1.5)^2$ |
| (c) | $x^2 - x - 33 [= 0]$ seen | B1 | |
| | $\frac{[-] \pm \sqrt{([-])^2 - 4(1)(-33)}}{2 \times 1}$ oe | B2FT | FT <i>their</i> quadratic dep on no factors B1 for $\sqrt{([-])^2 - 4(1)(-33)}$ or better or B1 for $\frac{[-] + \sqrt{q}}{2(1)}$ oe or $\frac{[-] - \sqrt{q}}{2(1)}$ oe |
| | -5.27 or -5.267 to -5.266 and 6.27 or 6.266 to 6.267 | B2 | B1 for each If 0 scored, SC1 for -6.27 and 5.27 |
| | $(-5.27, 15.53$ or $15.54)$ and $(6.27, -7.53$ or $-7.54)$ | B1 | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------|----------|---|
| (a)(i) | 13 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | -20 | 1 | FT $6 - 2(\text{their } (a)(i))$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------|---|
| (b) | $\frac{6-x}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for correct first step $x = 6 - 2y, y - 6 = -2x, \frac{y}{2} = 3 - x$ |
| (c) | 2.375 oe | 4 | B1 for $6 - 2(2x - 7)$ oe B1 for $4x + 1 = 6 - 4x + 14$ M1 for $8x = 19$ FT <i>their</i> linear equation rearranged correctly from $ax + b = cx + d$ to form $ex = f$ |
| (d) | $\frac{1}{3}$ or 0.333... | 2 | M1 for $h(1)$ or $3^{(3^{x-2} - 2)}$ or $3^{(3^{2-2} - 2)}$ or better |
| (e) | 6561 | 2 | M1 for 3^{10-2} or $x = h(10)$ |

08. 0580_s24_ms_42 Q: 7

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------|-------|--|
| (a) | 2 | 2 | M1 for $3x + 4x = 6 + 8$ or better |
| (b) | $5a(2a + 1)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $a(10a + 5)$ or $5(2a^2 + a)$ or $5a(2a + 1)$ then spoilt |
| (c) | $4x(x - 3)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $((2x - 3) - 3)((2x - 3) + 3)$ or better or for $4x^2 - 6x - 6x + 9 [-9]$ oe or better |
| (d)(i) | $\frac{1}{15}$ oe | 1 | |
| (d)(ii) | 19683 | 2 | B1 for $g(9), 3^9$ or 3^{3^x} seen |
| (d)(iii) | -3 | 2 | M1 for $3^k = \frac{1}{27}$ or $3^k = 3^{-3}$ or answer $g(-3)$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------------------|-----------|---|
| (a) | $-4(-1)^3 - 9(-1)^2 + 5$ or better | M1 | |
| | $= 0$ [so stationary point] | A1 | with no errors |
| (b)(i) | 18 | 3 | B2 for $6x^2 - 6$ isw OR B1 for $6x^2 + k$ (any k) isw or $px^2 - 6$ isw ($p \neq 0$) or $6x^2 - 6 + 8$ M1 dep on B1 for $x = -2$ substituted into <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx}$ |
| (b)(ii) | 1 and -1 | 2 | M1 for $6x^2 - 6 = 0$ oe seen or for <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ if B1 scored in part (b)(i) |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------------------------------|----------|---|
| (a)(i) | 56 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 11 | 2 | M1 for $120 - n^3 = -1211$ or $120 - 11^3 = -1211$ |
| (b) | 0.0048 or $\frac{3}{625}$ oe | 1 | |

| Question | Answer | | | Marks | Partial Marks | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|--|-----------------|-------|---------------|--|-----------|---|---------------|--|-----------------|---|----|--|-----------|---|--|
| (c) | <table><tr><td>A</td><td>-5</td><td></td><td>$10 - 3n$</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>$\frac{5}{8}$</td><td></td><td>$\frac{n}{n+3}$</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>20</td><td></td><td>$n^2 - n$</td></tr></table> | | | A | -5 | | $10 - 3n$ | B | $\frac{5}{8}$ | | $\frac{n}{n+3}$ | C | 20 | | $n^2 - n$ | 8 | <p>B1 for -5</p> <p>B2 for $10 - 3n$ oe or B1 for $k - 3n$ or for $10 - kn$</p> <p>B1 for $\frac{5}{8}$</p> <p>B1 for $\frac{n}{n+3}$ oe</p> <p>B1 for 20</p> <p>B2 for $n^2 - n$ oe or B1 for any quadratic or for at least two second differences of 2</p> |
| A | -5 | | $10 - 3n$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B | $\frac{5}{8}$ | | $\frac{n}{n+3}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C | 20 | | $n^2 - n$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

11. 0580_s24_ms_43 Q: 5

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | 3 cao | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | -2, -0.45 to -0.4, 2.40 to 2.45 | 3 | B1 each |
| (a)(iii) | 3 cao | 1 | |
| (a)(iv) | Asymptote | 1 | |
| (b)(i) | Correct ruled line | 2 | B1 for ruled line through (0, -2) but not $y = -2$ or for ruled line with gradient 1 |
| (b)(ii) | 1 cao | 1 | |
| (c) | Substituting values of x and y into $y = x^2 - \frac{c}{x}$ for an exact point on graph of $y = f(x)$ or substituting <i>their</i> value of x from 5b(ii) into $x^2 - \frac{c}{x} = x - 2$ | M1 | |
| | leading to $c = 2$ with no errors | A1 | |
| (d) | $[p =] -1$ and $[q =] 2$ nfw | 2 | M1 for $x^3 - x^2 + 2x = 2$ seen or B1 for each nfw |

12. 0580_s24_ms_43 Q: 10

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------|--|
| (a) | $7x^6 - 42x^5$ final answer | 2 | B1 for one correct term $7x^6$ or $42x^5$ or for $7x^6 - 42x^5$ seen and spoiled |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------|---|
| (b) | $49x + 41$ | 4 | M1 for substituting $x = -1$ into $[y =] x^7 - 7x^6$ M1 for $x = -1$ substituted in <i>their</i> (a) or the correct derivative to give <i>their</i> m M1 for <i>their</i> $-8 = (\text{their } m)(-1) + c$ oe |
| (c) | $(0, 0)$ $(6, -46\ 656)$ | 5 | B4 for $(6, -46\ 656)$ or B3 for $x = 0$ and 6 OR M1 for <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ or stating $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ and M1 for a correct method to solve <i>their</i> $7x^6 - 42x^5$ |

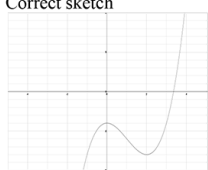
13. 0580_m23_ms_42 Q: 5

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|---|
| (a) | $6p^4 - 13p^2 + 6$ final answer | 2 | B1 for three of $6p^4 - 9p^2 - 4p^2 + 6$ seen |
| (b)(i) | 175 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{2}(20+30) \times 7$ oe |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{2s-ut}{t}$ or $\frac{2s}{t} - u$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct answer but unsimplified e.g. $\frac{s \div t}{0.5} - u$, $\frac{s}{\frac{1}{2}t} - u$, $\frac{s}{0.5t} - u$ OR M1 for correct multiplication by 2 or division by 0.5 M1 for correctly rearranging terms to isolate term in v M1 for correct division by t Max 2 marks if final answer incorrect |
| (c)(i) | $(2q-3)(t+2)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $t(2q-3) + 2(2q-3)$ or $2q(t+2) - 3(t+2)$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| (c)(ii) | $x(x+5)(x-5)$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $(x^2 - 5x)(x+5)$ or $(x^2 + 5x)(x-5)$ or for correct answer seen then spoiled or B1 for $x(x^2 - 25)$ |

14. 0580_m23_ms_42 Q: 9

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------|-------|--|
| (a) | -3 | 3 | B2 for $3x^2 - 6x$ or B1 for $3x^2 - kx$ or for $kx^2 - 6x$ or for $3x^2 - 6x + c$ |
| (b) | (0, -4) and (2, -8) | 4 | B3 for $x = 0$ and 2 or for (2, -8) OR M1 for <i>their</i> $3x^2 - 6x = 0$ or stating $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ oe M1 for correct method to solve <i>their</i> $3x^2 - 6x = 0$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (c) | Correct sketch  | 2 | Max on negative y-axis and min in correct quadrant and extends into first quadrant B1 for positive cubic graph and two turning points |

15. 0580_m23_ms_42 Q: 11

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------|-------|--|
| (a) | 1 | 1 | |
| (b) | $-\frac{1}{5}$ or -0.2 | 2 | M1 for $2x - 1 + 3x + 2 = 0$ oe isw |
| (c) | $9x + 8$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $3(3x + 2) + 2$ |

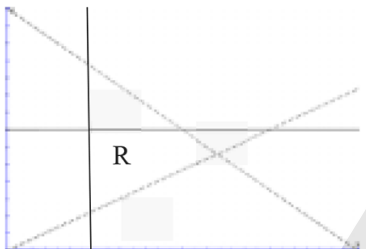
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (d) | $\frac{4x^2 + 5x - 3}{x(2x - 1)}$ final answer | 4 | M1 for $\frac{1}{2x-1}$ and $3\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + 2$ oe B1 for $x + 3(2x-1) + 2x(2x-1)$ oe or better isw B1 for common denominator = $x(2x-1)$ isw If 0 scored, SC1 for answer $\frac{4x^2 + 9x + 3}{x(2x+1)}$ |
| (e) | $h(x)$ indicated | 1 | |

16. 0580_s23_ms_41 Q: 7

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | $3(3y-1)(3y+1)$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $(9y-3)(3y+1)$ or $(3y-1)(9y+3)$ or or M1 for $3(9y^2-1)$ or [...] $(3y-1)(3y+1)$ if 0 scored SC1 for an otherwise correctly completely factorised expression but with fractions within the brackets |
| (a)(ii) | $(2-p)(m+k)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $2(m+k)-p(m+k)$ or $m(2-p)+k(2-p)$ |
| (b) | $-\frac{1}{2}$ oe nfw | 5 | B4 $-8x = +4$ oe nfw or B3 for $\frac{x^2-8x-5}{(x-1)(x+1)} = 1$ or better OR B2 x^2-8x-5 or M1 for $(x-1)(x-1)-6(x+1)$ or better B1 $(x-1)(x+1)$ as full denominator or on the right hand side |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| (c) | $\frac{-(-3) \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(4)(-2)}}{2 \times 4} \text{ oe}$ or $\frac{3}{8} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{2}{4}} \text{ oe}$ | M2 | M1 for $\sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(4)(-2)}$ or for $\frac{-(-3) + \sqrt{q}}{2(4)}$ or $\frac{-(-3) - \sqrt{q}}{2(4)}$ or for $[4]\left(x - \frac{3}{8}\right)^2$ |
| | -0.43 and 1.18 final ans cao | A2 | B1 for each SC1 for -0.4, -0.42 or -0.425.... and 1.2 or 1.17 or 1.175.... or answers 0.43 and -1.18 or -0.43 and 1.18 seen in working |
| (d) | $k = \frac{4m}{1 - pm} \text{ or } k = \frac{-4m}{pm - 1}$ final answer | 4 | M1 for clearing fractions M1 for collecting terms in k M1 for factorising M1 for dividing by bracket Maximum 3 marks if answer incorrect |

17. 0580_s23_ms_41 Q: 8

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a) | $y \leq 7$ oe $x + y < 14$ oe $y > \frac{2}{3}x$ oe | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | $x = 4$ solid $y = 7$ solid $x + y = 14$ dashed $y = \frac{2}{3}x$ dashed | M4 | B1 for each |
| | <p>correct shading everywhere but region R</p>  | A2 | M1dep (dependent on M4 or B1B1B1B0 where the only error is wrong use of solid/dashed lines) for shading the correct side of 3 of the 4 lines. |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------|-------|--|
| (c) | 4 dresses and 3 shirts | 1 | |
| (d) | 106 | 2 | M1 for $10x + 6y$ evaluated for (x, y) in <i>their</i> region R or B1 for (7, 6) After 0 scored, SC1 for answer 112 or 116 |

18. 0580_s23_ms_41 Q: 10

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------------|----------|---|
| (a)(i) | -7 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{x-5}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for correct first step e.g. $x = 2y + 5$ or $2x = y - 5$ or $\frac{y}{2} = x + \frac{5}{2}$ |
| (a)(iii) | $2x^3 - 11x^2 - 8x + 80$ final answer | 4 | M1 for $(x-4)(2x+5)(x-4)$ oe B2 for $2x^3 - 8x^2 - 8x^2 + 5x^2 - 20x - 20x + 32x + 80$ or for simplified 4 term expression of the correct form with 3 terms correct in final answer or B1 for 3 terms correct out of 4 from $x^2 - 4x - 4x + 16$ or $2x^2 - 8x + 5x - 20$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------|----------|---|
| (b) | 0 | 2 | M1 for $g(-2)$ or $2(x-4) + 5$ oe or $3^x = 1$ or $g(f(2)) = 1$ |

19. 0580_s23_ms_42 Q: 6

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|----------|---|
| (a)(i) | $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{3}{9}$ final answer | 2 | B1 for 2 correct terms isw or for 0.2 and (0.286 or 0.2857...) and 0.333... |
| (a)(ii) | 36 | 2 | M1 for $k = \frac{12(2k+3)}{25}$ or better |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------------------------------------|----------|---|
| (b)(i) | $n^3 + 5$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for any cubic or common third differences of 6 (at least 2) or for correct answer seen and spoilt |
| (b)(ii) | $100 \times 2^{1-n}$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for $2^{-n[+k]}$ oe or $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n[+k]}$ oe in answer or for correct answer seen and spoilt |

20. 0580_s23_ms_42 Q: 9

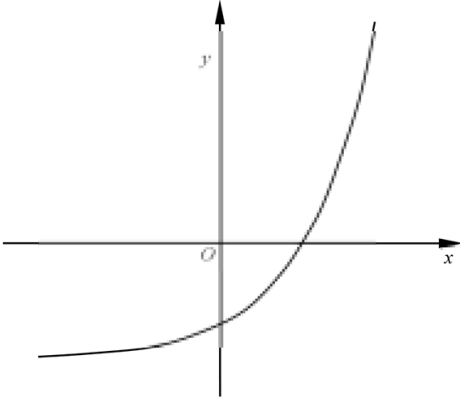
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|----------------------------|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | $27x^6y^{12}$ final answer | 2 | B1 for two terms correct in answer e.g. $27x^6y^k$ or $27x^ky^{12}$ or kx^6y^{12} or for correct answer seen then spoilt |



AceIGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|--|
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{x^{24}y^{12}}{64}$ final answer | 3 | <p>B2 for final answer with two correct elements or final answer $\frac{64}{x^{24}y^{12}}$ or $\frac{64^{-1}}{x^{-24}y^{-12}}$ or better or for correct answer seen</p> <p>or B1 for 64 or x^{24} or y^{12} seen in final answer or final answer $\frac{k}{x^{-24}y^{-12}}$ or M1 for first correct step seen eg $\left(\frac{x^{16}y^8}{16}\right)^{\left[\frac{3}{2}\right]}$ or $\left(\frac{4}{x^8y^4}\right)^{[-3]}$ or $\left(\frac{4096}{x^{48}y^{24}}\right)^{\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]}$</p> |
| (b)(i) | $(x+3)(x-3)$ final answer | 1 | |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{x+3}{2y+5}$ final answer | 3 | <p>M2 for $(x-3)(2y+5)$ or M1 for $2y(x-3)+5(x-3)$ or $x(2y+5)-3(2y+5)$</p> |
| (c) | $5x^2+4x-20 [=0]$ oe or $5y^2-78y+221 [=0]$ oe | M2 | <p>M1 for $7-2x=5x^2+2x-13$ oe seen or $y=5\left(\frac{7-y}{2}\right)^2+2\left(\frac{7-y}{2}\right)-13$ oe seen</p> |
| | $\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{(4)^2 - 4(5)(-20)}}{2(5)}$ oe or $-\frac{4}{10} \pm \sqrt{4 + \left(\frac{4}{10}\right)^2}$ oe | M2 | <p>FT their 3-term quadratic or M1 for $\sqrt{(4)^2 - 4(5)(-20)}$ or better or for $\frac{-4 + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 5}$ or $\frac{-4 - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 5}$ or for $\left(x + \frac{4}{10}\right)^2$ oe</p> |
| | $x = 1.64$ $y = 3.72$ and $x = -2.44$ $y = 11.88$ | B2 | <p>B1 for one correct pair or both x-values correct or both y-values correct</p> |

21. 0580_s23_ms_43 Q: 10

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (a) | -2.5 -2 -1 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Correct curve  | 4 | B3 FT for 8 or 7 correct plots B2 FT for 6 or 5 correct plots B1 FT for 4 or 3 correct plots |
| (c) | 2.3 to 2.4 | 1 | |
| (d) | ruled line $y = x - 1.5$ | M2 | M1 for $y = x - 1.5$ soi or for $2^x - 3 = x - 1.5$ seen. or $y = x + k$ or $y = kx - 1.5$ drawn Do not accept $y = -1.5$ |
| | -1 and 1.55 to 1.7 | A2 | A1 for each |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a) | 1960 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times 20^2$ oe |
| (b) | 1.5 or $1\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{2}$ | 3 | M1 for a first correct step, e.g. $20y - 15 = 15$ or $4y - 3 = 3$ M1FTdep for a second correct step, e.g. $20y = 30$ or $4y = 6$ or $y - \frac{15}{20} = \frac{15}{20}$ oe |
| (c) | $9x - 10$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $kx - 10$ or $9x + c$ or M1 for $15x - 24$ or $-6x + 14$ or B1 for correct answer seen and then spoiled |
| (d) | $\sqrt[3]{\frac{2b^2 - A}{3}}$ oe final answer | 3 | M1 for isolating $3c^3$, $3c^3 = 2b^2 - A$ oe or for $\frac{A}{3} = \frac{2b^2}{3} - c^3$ or $\frac{A}{-3} = \frac{2b^2}{-3} + c^3$ M1FT for isolating c^3 , follow through their first step dep on a 3-term expression with a kc^3 term M1FT taking the cube root to the final answer, follow through their previous step Maximum of two marks if answer incorrect |
| (e) | $(2q - 1)(3p - 2)$ or $(1 - 2q)(2 - 3p)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $2q(3p - 2) - [1](3p - 2)$ or $3p(2q - 1) - 2(2q - 1)$ or for correct answer seen then spoiled |

23. 0580_w23_ms_41 Q: 6

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|
| (a) | A 9 | B1 | |
| | $4n - 11$ oe final answer | B2 | B1 for $4n - k$ or $jn - 11$ oe $j \neq 0$ |
| | B 55 | B1 | |
| | $2n^2 + 5$ oe final answer | B2 | B1 for any quadratic or second differences = 4 |
| | C $\frac{6}{2187}$ oe | B1 | |
| | $\frac{n+1}{3^{n+2}}$ oe final answer | B3 | B2 for 3^{n+2} oe OR B1 for 3^{n+k} seen oe B1 for $n + 1$ as the numerator of a fraction |
| (b) | 331 cao | 1 | |

24. 0580_w23_ms_41 Q: 9

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------|----------|---|
| (a)(i) | -20 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{x+3}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 2y - 3$ or better or $y + 3 = 2x$ or better or $\frac{y}{2} = x - \frac{3}{2}$ or better |
| (a)(iii) | 125 | 2 | M1 for $g(64)$ or $2(4^{2x-1}) - 3$ |
| (b) | 2.5 oe | 2 | M1 for $2(2x) - 3 = 7$ or better |
| (c) | $2x^2 + 4x - 11$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $2x^2$ and either $+4x$ or -11 in final 3 term answer or for correct answer seen then spoiled or M1 for $2x^2 - 3 + 2(2x - 3) - 3 [+1]$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (d) | 1.5 oe | 2 | M1 for $4^{2x-1} = 4^2$ or better |
| (e) | $a = 3$ $b = 4$ $c = -59$ $d = -20$ | 3 | B2 for 3 correct values or for correct unsimplified expanded expression or for simplified four-term expression of correct form with 3 terms correct or B1 for 2 correct values or for correct expansion of one pair of brackets with at least 3 out of 4 terms correct. |

25. 0580_w23_ms_41 Q: 11

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------|-------|--|
| (a) | $3x^2 - 8x - 3$ | 2 | B1 for two terms correct or correct answer seen |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| (b) | $3x^2 - 8x - 3 = 0$ | M1 | FT their part (a) |
| | Correct method to solve their 3-term quadratic $(3x + 1)(x - 3) [=0]$ $\frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(3)(-3)}}{2(3)}$ | M2 | M1 for $(3x + a)(x + b) [=0]$ where $ab = -3$ or $3b + a = -8$ or for $\sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(3)(-3)}$ or for $\frac{p \pm \sqrt{q}}{r}$ where $p = -(-8)$ and $r = 2(3)$ seen or for a correct method for solving a 2-term quadratic |
| | $(3, -18)$ $\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{14}{27}\right)$ | B2 | B1 for one correct point or for two correct x -values, or M1 for substitution of <i>their</i> x -values into $y = x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x$ shown |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (c) | $(3, -18)$ minimum with reason $\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{14}{27}\right)$ maximum with reason | 3 | <p>Reasons could be e.g.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A reasonable sketch of a positive cubic 2. Correct use of 2nd derivative $= 6x - 8 = 10$, $10 > 0$, so $(3, -18)$ is a minimum oe. 2nd derivative $= 6x - 8 = -10$, $-10 < 0$ so $\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{14}{27}\right)$ is a maximum oe. 3. Evaluates correctly values of y on both sides of both correct stationary points 4. Finds gradient on each side of both correct stationary points. <p>B2 for 1 correct with a reason for that stationary point</p> <p>or for both x-values correct with correct conclusions and reasonable sketch of a positive cubic, or for correct substitution of both of <i>their</i> x-values into <i>their</i> second derivative shown, or substitution shown for one x-value either side of both of <i>their</i> stationary points to find the gradients. Or M1 for showing [2nd derivative $=$] $6x - 8$ or substitution shown for one x-value either side of one of <i>their</i> stationary points to find the gradients. or for reasonable sketch of positive cubic.</p> |

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

26. 0580_w23_ms_42 Q: 5

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------|-------|------------------------------------|
| (a) | 20 | 2 | M1 for $11x = 10(x + 2)$ oe |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| (b)(i) | $\frac{95}{y} + \frac{147}{y+2} = 12$ | M2 | M1 for $\frac{95}{y}$ or $\frac{147}{y+2}$ |
| | $95(y+2) + 147y = 12y(y+2)$ oe | M1 | Allow correct or for clearing <i>their</i> equation with algebraic fractions in y and $y+2$ Allow $95y + 190 + 147y = 12y^2 + 24y$ oe |
| | leading to $6y^2 - 109y - 95 = 0$ | A1 | With all brackets shown expanded and no errors or omissions |
| (b)(ii) | $(6y+5)(y-19)$ | 2 | B1 for $(6y+a)(y+b)$ with $ab = -95$ or $a + 6b = -109$ or $(3y+a)(2y+b)$ with $ab = -95$ or $2a + 3b = -109$ or for partial factorisation $y(6y+5) - 19(6y+5)$ or $6y(y-19) + 5(y-19)$ |
| (b)(iii) | 19 | 1 | Correct or FT <i>their</i> positive answer from factors dep on B1 earned |

27. 0580_w23_ms_42 Q: 11

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------|---|
| (a) | 4 | 1 | |
| (b) | $7 - 3x$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $1 - 3(x - 2)$ |
| (c) | $\frac{1-x}{3}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 1 - 3y$ or $y - 1 = -3x$ or $1 - y = 3x$ or $\frac{y}{3} = \frac{1}{3} - x$ |
| (d) | $a = 2, b = 5, c = -1$ | 5 | <p>B4 for two correct values <u>only</u> after correct substitution seen i.e. $(1 - 3x - 1)^2 - (x - 1)^2(1 - 3x)$ or for correct unsimplified expansion or a correct simplified expansion. OR M1 for $(1 - 3x - 1)^2 - (x - 1)^2(1 - 3x)$</p> <p>B2 for correct expansion of $[-](x - 1)^2(1 - 3x)$ $[-](x^2 - x - x + 1 - 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x^2 - 3x)$ or better</p> <p>or B1 for expansion of one pair of brackets $[(x - 1)^2 =]x^2 - x - x + 1$ or better</p> <p>or $[(x - 1)(1 - 3x) =] - 3x^2 + x + 3x - 1$</p> |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------------------------|-------|---|
| (e) | $\frac{3-x+3x^2}{x}$ final answer | 3 | <p>B1 for $3 - x(1 - 3x)$ or better B1 for common denominator x isw</p> |
| (f) | -7 | 1 | |

28. 0580_w23_ms_43 Q: 6

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | 7 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{1}{8}$ oe | 2 | <p>M1 for $g(-0.5)$ or for $64^{5(x)-3}$ or better</p> |

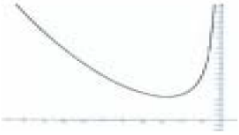
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| (b) | $\frac{2-x}{x}$ or $\frac{2}{x}-1$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $y(x+1) = 2$ or $x = \frac{2}{y+1}$ or better M1 for $\frac{2-y}{y}$ or $xy = 2-x$ oe |
| c | $-\frac{5}{6}$ -0.833 or better | 2 | M1 for $[64^x =] 2^{6x}$ or $(2^6)^x$ or $6x = -5$ |
| (d) | $\frac{7-9x}{(5x-3)(x+1)}$ or $\frac{7-9x}{5x^2+2x-3}$ or $-\frac{9x-7}{5x^2+2x-3}$ final answer | 4 | B1 for $\frac{1}{5x-3} - \frac{2}{x+1}$ M1 for $x+1-2(5x-3)$ seen isw M1 for $(5x-3)(x+1)$ seen isw |

29. 0580_w23_ms_43 Q: 10

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|---|
| (a) | $14x - 22$ or $2(7x - 11)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for answer $kx - 22$ or $14x + c$ or for $8x - 4$ or $-18 + 6x$ or for correct answer seen in working |
| (b)(i) | $3xy(2x + 3)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for answer $3(2x^2y + 3xy)$ or $3x(2xy + 3y)$ or $3y(2x^2 + 3x)$ or $xy(6x + 9)$ B1 for correct answer seen and spoilt |
| (b)(ii) | $(2x + y)(2x - y + 4)$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $(2x + y)(2x - y)$ M1 for $4(2x + y)$ If 0 scored, SC1 for answer $4x(x + 2) + y(4 - y)$ oe |
| (c)(i) | $\frac{100}{x} + \frac{150}{x+10} = 4\frac{1}{3}$ oe or $150 = \left(\frac{13}{3} - \frac{100}{x}\right)(x+10)$ | M1 | |
| | $\frac{100(x+10)+150x}{x(x+10)} [= \text{their } 4\frac{1}{3}]$ or better | M1 | |
| | $300x + 3000 + 450x = 13x^2 + 130x$ oe or better | B1 | Allow correct multiples |
| | $13x^2 - 620x - 3000 = 0$ | A1 | With no errors or omissions |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|---|
| (c)(ii) | $\frac{[-]620 \pm \sqrt{(-620)^2 - 4(13)(-3000)}}{2(13)}$ or $-\frac{(-620)}{2 \times 13} \pm \sqrt{\frac{620^2}{4 \times 13^2} - \frac{(-3000)}{13}}$ both oe or better | M2 | M1 for $\sqrt{(-620)^2 - 4 \times 13 \times -3000}$ oe or for $\frac{-620 + \sqrt{p}}{2(13)}$ or $\frac{-620 - \sqrt{p}}{2(13)}$ oe |
| | 52.1 final answer | B1 | |

30. 0580_m22_ms_42 Q: 2

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|----------|--|
| (a) | 1[.0] 0.9 | 2 | B1 for each |
| (b) | correct curve  | 4 | B3 FT for 6 or 7 points B2 FT for 4 or 5 points B1 FT for 2 or 3 points |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| (c) | ruled line at $y = -1$ | B1 | |
| | 0.3 to 0.32 | B1 | |

31. 0580_m22_ms_42 Q: 3

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------------|----------|---|
| (a)(i) | 169 | 2 | M1 for $g(13)$ or $(1+4x)^2$ or better |
| (a)(ii) | $1+4x^2$ final answer | 1 | |
| (a)(iii) | x | 1 | |
| (b) | 3.5 or $\frac{7}{2}$ | 2 | M1 for $1+4x=15$ |

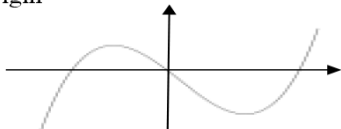
32. 0580_m22_ms_42 Q: 8

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| (a) | $\frac{12}{x} + \frac{26}{x+10} = 2.8$ oe isw | 3 | B2 for $\frac{12}{x} + \frac{26}{x+10}$ oe isw OR B1 for $\frac{26}{x+10}$ seen B1 for time = 2.8 or $\frac{168}{60}$ or $2\frac{48}{60}$ oe |
| (b) | $12(x+10) + 26x = 2.8x(x+10)$ or better | M2 | FT their time, provided 2 algebraic fractions one in x and other in $\pm x \pm 10$ M1 for $12(x+10) + 26x$ seen or better |
| | $12x + 120 + 26x = 2.8x^2 + 28x$ | M1 | FT their equation dep on M2 |
| | $2.8x^2 - 10x - 120 = 0$ oe or $30x + 300 + 65x = 7x^2 + 70x$ or better leading to $7x^2 - 25x - 300 = 0$ | A1 | with no errors or omissions |
| (c) | $\frac{[-]25 \pm \sqrt{([-]25)^2 - 4 \times 7 \times -300}}{2 \times 7}$ oe | B2 | B1 for $\sqrt{([-]25)^2 - 4(7)(-300)}$ or better or for $\frac{[-]25 + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 7}$ or $\frac{[-]25 - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 7}$ |
| | - 5 and 8.57 or 8.571... | B2 | B1 for each or SC1 for final answers 5 and -8.57 |
| (d) | 84 to 84.01... | 2 | FT $\frac{720}{\text{their positive answer}}$ to 3 sf or better M1 for $\frac{12}{\text{their positive answer}}$ [$\times 60$] oe |

33. 0580_m22_ms_42 Q: 10

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|----------|---|
| (a) | $x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 6$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct expansion of three brackets unsimplified or for simplified expression of correct form with 3 out of 4 terms correct or B1 for correct expansion of 2 of the 3 given brackets with at least 3 terms out of four correct |
| (b) | $\frac{Mc}{M-2f}$ or $\frac{-Mc}{2f-M}$ final answer | 4 | M1 for clearing $g - c$ from denominator e.g. $M(g - c) = 2fg$ M1 for correctly isolating terms in g in numerator on one side M1 for correctly factorising or simplifying, to single term in g in an equation M1 for correctly dividing by bracket to final answer |
| (c) | $\frac{4x}{x+4}$ final answer | 3 | B1 for $4x(x-4)$ B1 for $(x+4)(x-4)$ |

34. 0580_m22_ms_42 Q: 12

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (a) | 85[.0], 265[.0] and no others | 2 | B1 for each If 0 scored SC1 for two values in the range with a difference of 180 but not multiples of 90 |
| (b) | correct shape and passes through origin  | 3 | B1 for any positive cubic shape B1 for sketch with one max and one min and with 3 roots including zero If 0 scored, SC1 for $x(x+2)(x-2)$ soi |
| (c) | $a = -12$ $b = 5$ $k = -11$ | 6 | B5 for 2 correct OR B2 for $3x^2 + a$ or B1 for $3x^2$ isw M1dep on at least B1 for <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ M1dep on at least B1M1 for $x = 2$ or $x = -2$ substituted in <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ equation M1 for $k = 2^3 + 2 \times \text{their } a + b$ and $10 - k = (-2)^3 + (-2) \times \text{their } a + b$ |

35. 0580_s22_ms_41 Q: 3

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | 6 | 3 | B2 for $4x + 6 = 30$ or better or M1 for $x + x + 7 + 2x - 1 [= 30]$ |
| (a)(ii) | 21 | 3 | M2 for $(555 - \text{their } x \times 15 - \text{their } (x + 7) \times 18) \div \text{their } (2x - 1)$ or M1 for $\text{their } x \times 15$ or $\text{their } (x + 7) \times 18$ |
| (b)(i) | 8 | 2 | M1 for isolating the term in w or correctly removing all fractions e.g. $\frac{3w}{16} = 1 + \frac{1}{2}$ or better or $3w - 16 = 8$ |
| (b)(ii) | -3 | 2 | M1 for $2^{-y} = 8$ or $2^y = \frac{1}{8}$ or $2^{-y} = \text{their } w$ or better |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (c)(i) | $[p =] \frac{1}{2}$ oe $[q =] 1$ | 2 | B1 for each If zero scored, SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations |
| (c)(ii) | $[u =] 30$ and 150 $[v =] 0$ and 360 | 4 | B1 for each OR SC1 for $\sin u = \text{their } p$ and $\cos v = \text{their } q$ SC1 if their two different angles for u sum to 180 or if their different two angles for v sum to 360 |

36. 0580_s22_ms_41 Q: 4

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | 3 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 7 | 1 | FT <i>their</i> (i) 3 <i>their</i> (i) - 2 |
| (b) | $\frac{x+2}{3}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $y + 2 = 3x$ or $\frac{y}{3} = x - \frac{2}{3}$ or $x = 3y - 2$ |
| (c) | 25 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{x} = 5^{-2}$ oe |
| (d) | $\frac{2x^2 - x - 1}{x}$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $2x - 1 - \frac{1}{x}$ |
| (e) | 2.98×10^{17} or $2.980... \times 10^{17}$ | 1 | |
| (f) | 625 | 2 | M1 for $x = j(4)$ |

Ace|GCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

37. 0580_s22_ms_41 Q: 6

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | -3 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | -1 1.55 to 1.6 4.4 to 4.45 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (a)(iii) | -8 | 1 | |
| (a)(iv) | Ruled line through origin intersecting curve once | 2 | B1 for ruled line through origin |
| (b)(i) | 18 | 3 | B2 for $6x - 12$ or B1 for $6x$ or -12 |
| (b)(ii) | (2, -5) | 2 | B1 for each. If 0 scored, M1 for <i>their</i> $6x - 12 = 0$ or states $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ |
| (c) | $[p =] 7$ $[q =] 3$ | 2 | B1 for each |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|--------------|---|
| (a) | $x^2 - x - 30 = 0$ | B3 | M1 for $(2x+1)(x-1) - x^2 = 29$ oe B1 for $(2x+1)(x-1) = 2x^2 - 2x + x - 1$ oe soi |
| | $(x-6)(x+5)$ oe | M1 | or correct factors for <i>their</i> 3 term quadratic equation or for correct substitution into quadratic formula or correctly completing the square for <i>their</i> 3 term quadratic equation |
| | $x = 6$ cao | B1 | |
| | 12 or $2 \times$ <i>their</i> x evaluated or $k = 2x$ stated | B1 FT | |
| (b)(i) | $(y+1)^3 - y^3 = 5$ oe | M1 | |
| | $(y+1)^3 = y^3 + 3y^2 + 3y + 1$ soi | B2 | B1 for $(y+1)^2 = y^2 + y + y + 1$ oe soi |
| | Completion to $3y^2 + 3y - 4 = 0$ | A1 | With no errors or omissions |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(3)(-4)}}{2 \times 3}$ | B2 | or B1 for $\sqrt{3^2 - 4(3)(-4)}$ or for $\frac{-3 + \sqrt{\dots}}{2 \times 3}$ or $\frac{-3 - \sqrt{\dots}}{2 \times 3}$ |
| | 0.44 | B2 | B1 for 0.758 or 0.7583... |

39. 0580_s22_ms_42 Q: 8

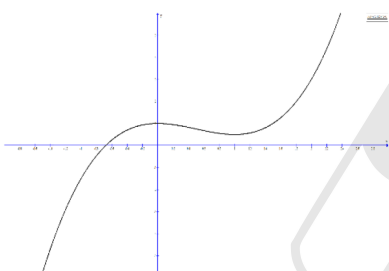
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| (a) | $\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.5 oe | 2 | M1 for $10 - 3 = 11p + 3p$ oe or better |
| (b) | $[m =] \frac{2k}{c^2 - g}$ oe final answer | 3 | M1 for correctly isolating m terms M1 for correctly factorising M1 for dividing by a bracket with two terms to the final answer Maximum mark M2 if final answer incorrect |
| (c) | 0 4.5 oe | 5 | B4 for $2x^2 - 9x [= 0]$ or $9x - 2x^2 [= 0]$ or better OR M2 for $(2x + 3) + 4(x - 3) = (x - 3)(2x + 3)$ or better or M1 for $(2x + 3) + 4(x - 3)$ seen oe or common denominator $(x - 3)(2x + 3)$ oe B1 for $2x^2 - 6x + 3x - 9$ or better seen |
| (d) | $y^2 - 10y + 21 [= 0]$ or $x^2 - 4x - 12 [= 0]$ | M2 | M1 for $y^2 + 5(12 - 2y) = 39$ oe or $5x + \frac{(12 - x)^2}{2^2} = 39$ seen oe |
| | $(y - 3)(y - 7) [= 0]$ or $(x + 2)(x - 6) [= 0]$ | M1 | or for correct factors for <i>their</i> 3– term quadratic equation or for correct substitution into quadratic formula or correctly completing the square for <i>their</i> 3– term quadratic equation |
| | $x = -2$ $y = 7$ $x = 6$ $y = 3$ | B2 | B1 for $x = -2, x = 6$ or for $y = 7, y = 3$ or for one correct pair of x and y values |
| (e) | $2x^3 + x^2 - 54x + 72$ final answer | 3 | B2 correct expansion of three brackets unsimplified or for final answer of correct form with 3 out of 4 terms correct or B1 correct expansion of two brackets with at least three terms out of four correct |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a) | 1, 2, 3 | 2 | M1 for $15 - 8 > 5n - 3n$ oe If 0 scored, B1 for 2 correct answers and no others or 3 correct answers with one extra value |
| (b)(i) | $10y + 8x \leq 80$ oe final answer $x > 4$ oe final answer $2y > x - 4$ oe final answer | 3 | B1 for each If 0 scored, SC1 for $10y + 8x < 80$ oe final answer and $x \geq 4$ oe final answer and $2y \geq x - 4$ oe final answer |
| (b)(ii) | 23 final answer | 2 | M1 for 7 and 2 selected soi |



Ace IGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

41. 0580_s22_ms_42 Q: 12

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|--|
| (a) | $3x^2 - 2kx$ | M2 | M1 for $3x^2$ or $-2kx$ |
| | <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6$ | M1 | Dep on at least M1 for derivative |
| | $x = 2$ substituted in <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx}$ | M1 | Dep on at least M1 for derivative |
| | Correct working leading to 1.5 oe | A1 | A0 if any errors in working leading to 1.5 |
| (b) | (0, 1) (1, 0.5) | 4 | B3 for $x = 0$ and $x = 1$ or for (1, 0.5) OR M1 for <i>their</i> $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ B1 for $3x^2 - 3x$ oe or better |
| (c) | correct sketch  | 2 | with max on positive y-axis and min in 1st quadrant B1 for positive cubic or for graph with one max which is on pos y-axis and one min which is in 1st quadrant |

42. 0580_s22_ms_43 Q: 3

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|-----------|---|----------|---|
| (a)(i)(a) | 187 or 186.7 to 186.8 or $186\frac{42}{53}$ | 1 | |
| (a)(i)(b) | 2 : 7 : 42 cao | 2 | B1 for 106 : 371 : 2226 or any equivalent ratio If 0 scored, SC1 for 2 : 7 : 42 in the wrong order |
| (a)(ii) | 33.3 or 33.28 to 33.29 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{2967 - 2226}{2226} [\times 100]$ oe or $\frac{2967}{2226} \times 100 [- 100]$ oe |

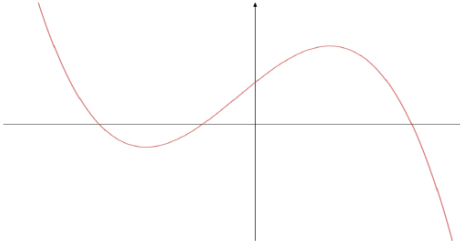
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------------|-------|---|
| (a)(iii) | 1706 cao nfw | 3 | B2 for 1705 to 1706.0... or 1710 or M1 for $\left(1 + \frac{30.48}{100}\right)x = 2226$ oe or better If 0 or M1 scored, SC1 for rounding <i>their</i> decimal answer seen to nearest integer |
| (b) | 3897 | 5 | B1 for $a = 2000$ M2 for $[b =] \sqrt[3]{\frac{2662}{2000}}$ or M1 for $2662 = 2000b^3$ M1 for <i>their</i> $2000 \times \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{2662}{\text{their } 2000}}\right)^7$ or for <i>their</i> $a \times (\text{their } b)^7$ provided <i>their</i> a and <i>their</i> b are clearly identified in the working If 0 or M1 scored, SC1 for rounding <i>their</i> decimal answer seen to nearest integer. |

43. 0580_s22_ms_43 Q: 6

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|----------------------------|-------|---|
| (a) | $5b - 2a$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $5b$ or $-2a$ in final answer or for $5b - 2a$ seen |
| (b) | $6x - 23$ final answer nfw | 2 | M1 for $4x - 20$ or $-3 + 2x$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (c) | $\frac{35-x}{2x(x-5)}$ or $\frac{35-x}{2x^2-10x}$ oe final answer nfw | 3 | B1 for $3(2x) - 7(x-5)$ or better isw B1 for $2x(x-5)$ as common denominator isw, allow expanded |
| (d) | -5 | 3 | M1 for $13 - 4x = 18 - 3x$ oe or $\frac{-4x}{3} + x = 6 - \frac{13}{3}$ oe M1FT for $-4x + 3x = 18 - 13$ oe or for $\frac{-x}{3} = \frac{5}{3}$ |
| (e) | $[x =] \frac{5p}{y+10}$ oe final answer | 4 | M1 for correctly clearing the x from the denominator M1 for correctly expanding the brackets or (dealing with the 5 correctly throughout) M1 for correctly isolating terms in x M1 for correctly factorising and dividing by the bracket Max 3 marks if answer is incorrect |

44. 0580_s22_ms_43 Q: 9

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|--|
| (a) | <p>Correct sketch of negative cubic crossing the x-axis at -3, -1 and 3 and crossing the y-axis at 9</p>  | 4 | <p>B1 for any negative cubic shape with two turning points</p> <p>B2 for three intercepts only with x-axis labelled at -3, -1 and 3 or B1 for one or two correctly labelled x-intercepts</p> <p>B1 for intercept with y-axis labelled at 9</p> <p>If no graph drawn, SC1 for all four intercepts labelled on axes.</p> |
| (b)(i) | $3 - x + 3x - x^2$ or better or $3 + x + 3x + x^2$ or better or $9 [-3x + 3x] - x^2$ | M1 | At least 3 of the four terms correct or for the correct expansion of all three brackets with all 8 terms correct |
| | Correct completion to $[y =] 9 + 9x - x^2 - x^3$ | A1 | with no errors or omissions seen |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| (b)(ii) | $9 - 2x - 3x^2 = 0$ oe | B3 | <p>B2 for $9 - 2x - 3x^2$ or B1 for two correct terms</p> <p>M1 for <i>their</i> derivative $= 0$ or stating $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$</p> |
| | $\frac{- -2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4 \times -3 \times 9}}{2 \times -3}$ oe OR $-\frac{1}{3} \pm \sqrt{\frac{9}{3} + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2}$ oe | B2 | <p>FT <i>their</i> derivative</p> <p>B1FT for $\sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(-3)(9)}$ or better</p> <p>or for $\frac{-(-2) + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times -3}$ or $\frac{-(-2) - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times -3}$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>B1 for $\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2$</p> |
| | -2.10 and 1.43 final answer | B2 | <p>B1 for each or for answers -2.1 or $-2.097 \dots$ and 1.4 or 1.430 to 1.431 or SC1 for $-2.097 \dots$ and $1.43[0]$ to 1.431 seen in working or for -1.43 and 2.10 as final answer</p> |
| (b)(iii) | $[a =] -6$ $[b =] 17$ | 3 | <p>B2 for either a correct or b correct or for $[a =] -5.04$ or -5.049 to -5.05 and $[b =] 16.9 \dots$ seen</p> <p>or M1 for substitution of one of <i>their</i> solutions into $9 + 9x - x^2 - x^3$ oe</p> <p>or SC1 for reversed answers, $a = 17$, $b = -6$</p> |

45. 0580_w22_ms_41 Q: 3

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------------------|-------|--|
| (a) | $-2 < x \leq 4$ oe | 1 | |
| (b)(i) | $-3 \leq x < 3$ final answer | 3 | M2 for $-3 \leq x < k$ or for $k \leq x < 3$ or for $-6 \leq 2x < 6$ or for $-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \leq x < \frac{9}{2} - \frac{3}{2}$ or M1 for $-3 - 3 \leq 2x < 9 - 3$ or for $-\frac{3}{2} \leq x + \frac{3}{2} < \frac{9}{2}$ After 0 scored SC1 for $-3 \leq x$ or for $x < 3$ |
| (b)(ii) | $-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$ final answer | 2 | FT <i>their (i)</i> as long as negative and positive values B1FT for one error or omission |
| (c)(i) | $\frac{36}{17}$ oe | 4 | B3 for $-15x - 2x = 5 + 4 - 45$ or better OR B2 for $45 - 15x - 2x - 4 = 5$ oe OR M1 for correct removal of fraction or M1 for correct removal of brackets |
| (c)(ii) | -8 | 3 | B2 for $5x - 3x = 9 - 25$ or better or M1 for $5(x + 5) = 3(x + 3)$ oe or better |

46. 0580_w22_ms_41 Q: 7

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | 4 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 16 | 1 | FT $2^{their-4}$ |
| (b) | 3 | 1 | |
| (c) | $\frac{1}{4}$ oe | 2 | M1 for $\frac{2}{x} = 2^3$ or better |
| (d) | $\frac{5-x}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 5 - 2y$ or $y + 2x = 5$ oe or $\frac{y}{2} = \frac{5}{2} - x$ oe |
| (e) | $\frac{11x - x^2 + 2}{x}$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $\frac{x(10-x) + 2 + x}{x}$ oe single fraction or B1 for $x(10-x) + 2 + x$ oe or M1 for $10 - x + \frac{2}{x} + 1$ |
| (f) | [a =] 1 [b =] -21 [c =] 100 | 4 | B3 for $x^2 - 21x + 100$ OR M1 for $(10-x)^2 - (10-(10-x))$ oe or better B2 for $[(10-x)^2] = 100 - 10x - 10x + x^2$ or B1 for three out of four terms of $[(10-x)^2] = 100 - 10x - 10x + x^2$ correct |
| (g) | 1024 | 2 | M1 for $[x =] h(10)$ oe or better |

47. 0580_w22_ms_41 Q: 9

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|---|
| (a)(i) | $x(3x+4)+2(x-1)[=20]$ | M1 | Correct expression with brackets unexpanded |
| | Leading to $3x^2+6x-22=0$ with no errors or omissions | A1 | Must see equated to 20 and brackets expanded first to award A1 |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{6^2 - 4(3)(-22)}}{2.3}$ oe or for $= -1 \pm \sqrt{1 + \frac{22}{3}}$ oe | B2 | B1 for $\sqrt{6^2 - 4(3)(-22)}$ or $\frac{-6 + \text{or} - \sqrt{k}}{2.3}$ or $(x+1)^2 = k$ oe |
| | -3.887 and 1.887 cao | B2 | B1 for one correct answer or for answers -3.89 or -3.88 or -3.886 or -3.8868 to -3.8867 and 1.88 or 1.89 or 1.886 or 1.8867 to 1.8868 or correct answers seen in working or -1.887 and 3.887 answers |
| (a)(iii) | 5.77 or 5.773 to 5.774 | 1 | FTdep 2(positive $x+1$) evaluated to 3 sig. fig. or more, dep on $x > 1$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------|-----------|--|
| (b) | $y^2+3y-40[=0]$ oe | B4 | Oe 3 term quadratic M3 for $15y-20(y-2)=y(y-2)$ oe Or M2 for $\frac{15}{y-2}-\frac{20}{y}=1$ oe Or M1 for $H(y-2)=15$ or $hy=20$ soi |
| | $(y+8)(y-5)[=0]$ oe | B2 | Strict FT a three term quadratic B1FT for $(y+a)(y+b)$ where $ab=-40$ or $a+b=3$ or $y(y-5)+8(y-5)$ or $y(y+8)-5(y+8)$ |
| | 5 | B1 | |

48. 0580_w22_ms_41 Q: 10

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| (a)(i) | 4 or 5 or 7 or 8 or 9 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $[a=] 3, [b=] 10$ | 2 | B1 for each or for a and b transposed |
| (b) | $6x^5-30x^4$ | B2 | B1 for $6x^5$ or $-30x^4$ |
| | their derivative = 0. | M1 | |
| | (0, 0) and (5, -3125) | B2 | B1 for (5, -3125) or for $x=0$ and $x=5$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | 75 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{45}{3}[\times k]$ where k is 1, 5 or 8 |
| (a)(ii) | 2.332 oe | 2 | M1 for $2.65 [\text{million}] \times \left(1 - \frac{12}{100}\right)$ oe or B1 for 0.318[million] seen |
| (a)(iii) | 23 280 cao | 2 | M1 for $\frac{6.25}{100} \times x = 1455$ or better |
| (a)(iv) | 1450 or 1449 to 1450 | 3 | M2 for $1631 = k \left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^3$ oe or better or B1 for $\left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^3$ oe seen or M1 for $1631 = k \left(1 + \frac{4}{100}\right)^n, n > 0$ oe |
| (b)(i) | $\frac{7x}{2}$ oe | 1 | |
| (b)(ii) | $x + 12 \quad \frac{7x}{2} - 26$ oe final answer | 2 | FT <i>their</i> (b)(i) B1 for $x + 12$ B1 for <i>their</i> $\frac{7x}{2} - 26$ |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (b)(iii) | $\frac{7x}{2} - 26 = 3(x + 12)$ oe leading to 124 | 4 | M1dep for <i>their</i> $\left(\frac{7x}{2} - 26\right) = 3 \times \text{their } (x + 12)$ oe M2dep for isolating x terms, dep on eqn with term in x and constant on each side and with a bracket or fraction. or M1dep for correctly removing brackets or dealing with fractions, dep on eqn with term in x and constant on each side and with a bracket or fraction. |

50. 0580_w22_ms_42 Q: 2

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | 28 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | Correct curve | 4 | B3FT for 9 or 10 correct points or B2FT for 7 or 8 correct points or B1FT for 5 or 6 correct points |
| (a)(iii) | 2.5 to 2.8 8.2 to 8.5 | 2 | B1 for each value |
| (b)(i) | $2x^2 + 4x(9 - x)$ oe | M1 | Accept the sum of individual areas if done in smaller parts |
| | $2x^2 + 36x - 4x^2$ oe Leading to $36x - 2x^2$ | A1 | With intermediate step shown and brackets removed with no errors or omissions |
| (b)(ii) | 144 | 3 | B1 for $x = 6$ identified from graph or using calculus M1 for $36 \times \text{their } 6 - 2 \times (\text{their } 6)^2$ |



Ace IGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

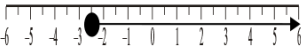
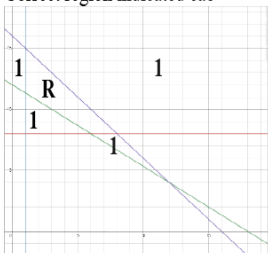
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|--|
| (a) | -1.5 or $-1\frac{1}{2}$ or $-\frac{3}{2}$ | 2 | M1 for $4x = 9 - 15$ or $x + \frac{15}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$ |
| (b) | $(a-3)(a+3)$ final answer | 1 | |
| (c) | $\frac{8c}{3d}$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $\frac{8ac}{3ad}$ or $\frac{40c}{15d}$ or $\frac{4}{1} \times \frac{2c}{3d}$ seen or for correct answer seen then spoiled or M1 for $\frac{4a}{5} \times \frac{10c}{3ad}$ or $\frac{8ac}{10c} \div \frac{3ad}{10c}$ oe |
| (d) | $n+1$ final answer | 2 | M1 for 5×5^n or 5^{n+1} seen |
| (e) | $(2x-1)(2x+5) [= 0]$ oe | B2 | M1 for $2x(2x+5) - [1](2x+5) [= 0]$ or $2x(2x-1) + 5(2x-1) [= 0]$ or for $(2x+m)(2x+n) [= 0]$ with and $mn = -5$ or $n+m = 4$ |
| | $\frac{1}{2}$ or 0.5 and -2.5 or $-2\frac{1}{2}$ or $-\frac{5}{2}$ | B1 | |
| (f)(i) | 7 | 3 | M1 for $y = k(x+3)^3$ or better M1 for $108 = \text{their } k(x+3)^3$ |
| (f)(ii) | 4 | 2 | M1 for $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$ oe or $\frac{k}{\frac{1}{4}d^2}$ oe seen or better |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------------------------------|-------|---|
| (g) | $2x^3 + 7x^2 - 9$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct expansion unsimplified or for simplified 4 term expression of correct form with 3 terms correct or B1 for one pair of brackets expanded with at least 3 terms out of 4 correct |
| (h) | $6x+4$ | 2 | B1 for $6x$ or 4 or $6x+4$ with one extra term seen |

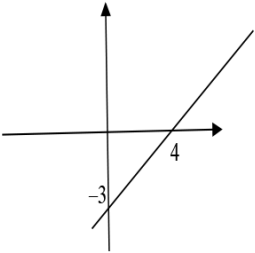
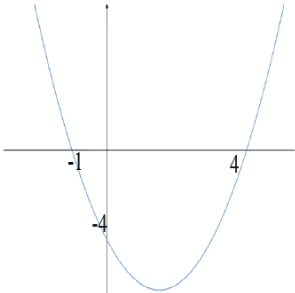
52. 0580_w22_ms_43 Q: 2

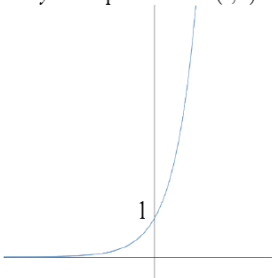
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| (a)(i) | p^{14} final answer | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $6m^4$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $6m^k$ or km^4 in final answer or correct answer seen and spoilt |
| (a)(iii) | $\frac{4}{3x^3y^9}$ or $\frac{4x^{-3}y^{-9}}{3}$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct answer seen and spoilt or 2 correct elements in final answer or B1 for one of $\frac{4}{3}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ oe or x^3 or y^9 seen |
| (b) | 3, 12, 27 | 2 | B1 for 12 or 27 |
| (c)(i) | $3n + 10$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for $3n + k$ oe or $jn + 10$ oe ($j \neq 0$) or for correct expression shown in working and then spoilt |
| (c)(ii) | $2n^3 + 1$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for 3rd diff = 12 (both needed) or for cubic answer or for correct expression shown in working and then spoilt |
| (d) | 38 | 3 | M2 for $3x = 4 \times 23 + 22$ or M1 for $3x - 22 = 4 \times 23$ or for $\frac{3x}{4} = 23 + \frac{22}{4}$ oe |
| (e) | $\frac{-8 \pm \sqrt{8^2 - 4(3)(-20)}}{2 \times 3}$ or $\frac{-8}{2 \times 3} \pm \sqrt{\frac{8^2}{4 \times 3^2} - \frac{(-20)}{3}}$ or better | B2 | B1 for $\sqrt{8^2 - 4(3)(-20)}$ oe or $\frac{-8 + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 3}$ oe or $\frac{-8 - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 3}$ oe or both |
| | - 4.24, 1.57 final answers | B2 | B1 for each If B0, SC1 for answers - 4.2 or -4.23 or -4.240 to - 4.239 and 1.6 or 1.572 to 1.573 or - 4.24 and 1.57 seen in working or for -1.57 and 4.24 as final answer |

AcelGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

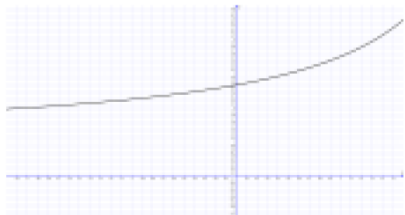
| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | 38 | 2 | M1 for $5 \times 3^2 - 7$ oe |
| (a)(ii) | $[\pm]\sqrt{\frac{P+7}{5}}$ oe final answer | 3 | M1 for $P+7=5k^2$ or $\frac{P}{5}=k^2-\frac{7}{5}$ M1 for $k^2 = \dots\dots$ FT <i>their</i> first step M1 for square root to final answer Max M2 for incorrect answer |
| (b)(i) | $x \geq -2.5$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $-4x \leq 7+3$ or better |
| (b)(ii) |  | 1 | FT <i>their</i> inequality in (b)(i) |
| (c)(i) | $x = 2$ broken line | B1 | |
| | $y = 32 - x$ solid line | B1 | |
| | $2x + 3y = 72$ solid line | B2 | B1 for line passing through (0, 24) or (36, 0) |
| | Correct region indicated cao  | B2 | B1 for region satisfying 3 of the inequalities |
| (c)(ii) | (16, 16) | 2 | M1 for substitution into $2x + y$ for any integer point in <i>their</i> region |

54. 0580_w22_ms_43 Q: 9

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-------|---|
| (a)(i) | <p>Correct sketch of $3x - 4y = 12$ with $y = -3$ and $x = 4$ indicated on axes</p>  | 2 | B1 for line with positive gradient |
| (a)(ii) | <p>Correct sketch of $y = x^2 - 3x - 4$ with $(0, -4)$ indicated as y-intercept and $x = -1$ and $x = 4$ indicated as roots</p>  <p>Minimum in fourth quadrant, not at $x = 0$</p> | 4 | <p>B3 for correct sketch with one value omitted or incorrect or for a poor sketch with all 3 intercepts correct.</p> <p>or B2 for roots $x = -1$ and $x = 4$ soi with no extra roots or for correct shape with $y = -4$ indicated or B1 for correct shape or for $(x - 4)(x + 1)$ shown or for incorrect sketch with $(0, -4)$ indicated as y-intercept</p> |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| (a)(iii) | Correct sketch of $y = 6^x$ with y-intercept indicated at (0, 1)  | 2 | B1 for increasing exponential graph seen on both sides of the y-axis. |
| (b)(i) | $8 - 4x^2$ [+ 0] | 2 | B1 for two terms correct and one extra incorrect term or for one of two terms correct or for correct answer seen and spoilt |
| (b)(ii) | 4 | 2 | M1 for substitution of $x = -1$ into <i>their</i> (b)(i) |
| (b)(iii) | (3, -7) and (-3, 17) | 5 | B4 for (3, -7) or (-3, 17) or B3 for $x = \pm 3$ or M2 for $x^2 = 9$ or $k(x - 3)(x + 3) = 0$ oe or for correct method for solving <i>their</i> (b)(i) = -28 or M1 for <i>their</i> (b)(i) = -28 |

55. 0580_m21_ms_42 Q: 6

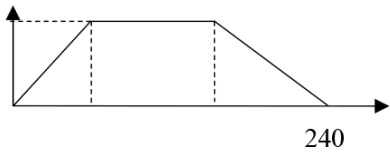
| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|------|--|
| (a)(i) | $[a =] 4$ $[b =] -3$ nfw | 2 | B1 for $[a =] 4$ B1 for $[b =] -3$ nfw |
| (a)(ii) | $y = 4$ oe | 1 | |
| (a)(iii) | $y = -6x + 7$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for answer $-6x + 7$ or answers $y = -6x + c$ or $y = kx + 7$ ($k < 0$) |
| (b)(i) | 2.25 2.67 3.5 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b)(ii) | correct curve  | 4 | B3 FT for 7 or 8 points or B2 FT for 5 or 6 points or B1 FT for 3 or 4 points |
| (c)(i) | -0.78 to -0.72 and 0.55 to 0.59 | 2 | B1 for each |
| (c)(ii) | $3x^3 - 9x^2 - 3x + 4$ [= 0] final answer | 4 | B3FT for 3 out of 4 correct terms or for $bx^3 - 3bx^2 + (a-1)x + 8 - 3a$ [= 0] oe or B2FT for 2 out of 4 correct terms or for 3 out of 4 terms from $bx^3 - 3bx^2 + (a-1)x + 8 - 3a$ [= 0] or M1 for $1 + \frac{5}{3-x} = \text{their } 4 + (\text{their } (-3))x^2$ oe |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| (a)(i) | $(5a - b)(m + 2p)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $5a(m + 2p) - b(m + 2p)$ or $m(5a - b) + 2p(5a - b)$ or B1 for correct answer seen |
| (a)(ii) | $5(k + g)(3k + 3g - 4)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for correct partial factorisation by 5 or $(k + g)$ isw eg $5(3k^2 + 6kg + 3g^2 - 4k - 4g)$ or $5(3(k + g)^2 - 4(k + g))$ or $(k + g)(15(k + g) - 20)$ or $(5k + 5g)(3k + 3g - 4)$ or B1 for correct answer seen |
| (a)(iii) | $(2x - y^2)(2x + y^2)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for answer in form $(a + b)(a - b)$ or B1 for correct answer seen |
| (b) | $3x^3 - 10x^2 - x + 12$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct unsimplified expansion or simplified expression with 3 terms correct in a 4-term expression of required form or B1 for correct expansion of two of the brackets with at least 3 terms correct |
| (c) | $[a =] 11$ $[b =] 121$ | 2 | B1 for each |

57. 0580_m21_ms_42 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|--|
| (a) | $\frac{48}{x}$ final answer | 1 | Accept $48 \div x$ |
| (b) | $their(a) - \frac{60}{x+2} = 4$ oe | M1 | FT <i>their</i> (a) provided expression in x |
| | $48(x+2) - 60x = 4x(x+2)$ oe | M2 | <p>FT <i>their</i> 3 term eqn with algebraic denominators, x and $x+2$, for M2 or M1</p> <p>M1 for common denominator $x(x+2)$ oe seen</p> <p>or any two terms in a 3 term equation from $\pm 48(x+2)$, $\pm 60x$, $\pm 4x(x+2)$ oe seen</p> |
| | $48x + 96 - 60x = 4x^2 + 8x$ oe leading to $x^2 + 5x - 24 = 0$ | A1 | With brackets expanded and no errors or omissions seen |
| (c) | $(x-3)(x+8)$ | B2 | <p>B1 for $x(x+8) - 3(x+8)$ or $x(x-3) + 8(x-3)$ or $(x+a)(x+b) [= 0]$ where $ab = -24$ or $a+b = 5$ [a, b integers]</p> |
| | 3 and -8 | B1 | |
| (d) | 12 | 1 | |

58. 0580_s21_ms_41 Q: 2

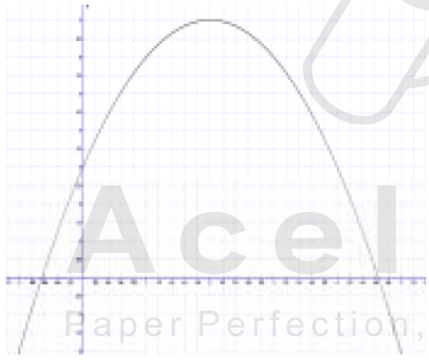
| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | 0.18 or $\frac{9}{50}$ | 1 | |
| (b) | $1944 \times \frac{1000}{3600 \times 3600}$ | M1 | |
| | $9 \div 0.15 = 60$ | M1 | |
| (c) |  | 1 | ruled line to axis with point of contact at 240 |
| (d) | 6.9375 | 4 | M2 for area = $\frac{1}{2} \times (130 + 240) \times 9$ oe or M1 for one correct partial area M1dep for <i>their</i> total area $\div 240$ |

59. 0580_s21_ms_41 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|---|------|---|
| (a) | $\frac{x+5}{x+4}$ final answer | 3 | B1 for $(x-5)(x+5)$ B1 for $(x-5)(x+4)$ |
| (b) | $\frac{2x^2+12x-5}{x(x-1)}$ or $\frac{2x^2+12x-5}{x^2-x}$ final answer | 3 | B1 for common denominator $x(x-1)$ oe B1 for $(x-1)(x+5) + x(x+8)$ or better |
| (c)(i) | $6x^2 - 8x$ final answer | 2 | B1 for each term in final answer or M1 for correct answer seen and spoilt |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|------|--|
| (c)(ii) | 64 | 2 | FT <i>their</i> (c)(i) correctly evaluated provided at least 2 terms but not the original equation M1 for substituting $x = 4$ into <i>their</i> (c)(i) |
| (c)(iii) | $(0, 6)$ $\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{98}{27}\right)$ oe | 4 | M1 for <i>their</i> derivative = 0 or $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ soi B1 for $x = 0$ and $x = \frac{4}{3}$ M1dep for substituting one of <i>their</i> x values into $y = 2x^3 - 4x^2 + 6$ soi |

60. 0580_s21_ms_41 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|-----------|---|
| (a) | 0.75 3 7 3 0.75 | 3 | B2 for 4 or 3 correct or B1 for 2 correct |
| (b) | correct curve  | 4 | B3FT for 8 or 9 correct plots B2FT for 6 or 7 correct plots B1FT for 4 or 5 correct plots |
| (c) | Accept any integer ≥ 8 | 1 | |
| (d) | line $y = 4 - \frac{1}{2}x$ ruled | B3 | B2 for $[y =] 4 - \frac{1}{2}x$ identified or B1 for ruled line with gradient $-\frac{1}{2}$ or B1 for ruled line through (0, 4) but not $y = 4$ |
| | 0.2 to 0.3 4.2 to 4.3 | B1 | |

61. 0580_s21_ms_41 Q: 12

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | 13 | 1 | |
| (b) | $4x - 3$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $3 - 2(3 - 2x)$ |
| (c) | $-7 \quad 5$ | 4 | M1 for $x^2 + 2x - 35 [= 0]$ or $x^2 + 2x = 35$ M2 for $(x + 7)(x - 5)$ or $x(x - 5) + 7(x - 5)$ or $x(x + 7) - 5(x + 7)$ or M1 for $(x + a)(x + b)$ where a, b are integers with $ab = -35$ or $a + b = 2$ |
| (d) | $\frac{3-x}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for a correct first step: $x = 3 - 2y$ or $y - 3 = -2x$, $2x = 3 - y$ or $\frac{y}{2} = \frac{3}{2} - x$ |
| (e) | $32 - 54x + 37x^2 - 8x^3$ final answer | 5 | B4 for $27 - 36x - 18x + 24x^2 + 12x^2 - 8x^3 + x^2 + 5$ oe OR B1 for $(3 - 2x)^3 + x^2 + 5$ and B2 for expansion of the 3 brackets, allow one error or B1 for correct expansion of 2 of the brackets with at least 3 terms correct |

62. 0580_s21_ms_42 Q: 2

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|----------------------|-----------|--|
| (a)(i) | 1, -0.5 oe | 2 | B1 for each |
| (a)(ii) | Correct curve | 4 | B3FT for 6 or 7 correct plots or B2FT for 4 or 5 correct plots or B1FT for 2 or 3 correct plots |
| (b) | $y = 2.5 - 2x$ ruled | B2 | B1 for $y = k - 2x$ or $y = px + 2.5$ ruled ($p \neq 0$) or for $[y =] 2.5 - 2x$ oe identified |
| | 1.3 to 1.4 | B1 | |
| (c) | -1 | B1 | |
| | $y = -1$ | B1 | FT their k (must be negative) |

63. 0580_s21_ms_42 Q: 3

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 7^{11} cao | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 7^{10} cao | 1 | |
| (a)(iii) | 7^2 cao | 1 | If answers 11, 10 and 2 in (a) then allow SC1 in this part |
| (b) | $1000x^9y^{12}$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct answer seen or answer of the form $1000x^9y^k$ or $1000x^ky^{12}$ or kx^9y^{12} or B1 for answer with one correct element in product or $(10x^3y^4)^{[3]}$ seen |
| (c)(i) | 108 | 2 | M1 for $[540 =] 2^2 [\times] 3^3 [\times] 5$ or B1 for 108 oe not in prime factor form e.g. $2^2 \times 3 \times 9$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|------|---|
| (c)(ii) | 30 240 | 2 | M1 for $(540 \times 2^5 \times 3^3 \times 7) \div \text{their (c)(i)}$ oe or B1 for answer 30 240 oe not in prime factor form e.g. $2^5 \times 3^3 \times 35$ |
| (c)(iii) | 98 | 2 | B1 for 592 704 seen or $2^6 \times 3^3 \times 7^3$ seen or 2×7^2 oe seen |
| (d)(i) | $(x - 7)(x + 4)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $x(x - 7) + 4(x - 7)$ or $x(x + 4) - 7(x + 4)$ or better or for $(x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = -28$ or $a + b = -3$ |
| (d)(ii) | $(a + 2b)(11a + 14b)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $(a + 2b)(7(a + 2b) + 4a)$ or $(a + pb)(11a + qb)$ where $pq = 28$ or $11p + q = 36$ If 0 scored, SC1 for $a + 2b(11a + 14b)$ |
| (e) | $[y =] \frac{5x - 1}{2}$ oe final answer | 4 | B2 for $2x - 1 = -2x + 2y - x$ oe or B1 for $9^x = 3^{2x}$ or better M1dep for correct rearrangement of <i>their</i> 5 term 'linear' equation in y and x to make y the subject |

64. 0580_s21_ms_42 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--|---|-----------|--|
| | 125 n^3 oe final ans | B2 | B1 for 125 B1 for n^3 |
| | 29 $6n - 1$ oe final ans | B3 | B1 for 29 B2 for $6n - 1$ oe or B1 for $6n + k$ or $an - 1$ ($a \neq 0$) |
| | 2^{n-3} oe final ans | B2 | B1 for $2^{n[+k]}$ oe |
| | 25 $6n - 1 - 2^{n-3}$ oe final ans OR 25.25 $-\frac{1}{24}n^3 + \frac{1}{8}n^2 + \frac{17}{3}n - 1$ oe final ans | B2 | FT <i>their</i> 29 – 4 and <i>their</i> $6n - 1 - \text{their } 2^{n-3}$ B1FT for each OR B1 for each |

65. 0580_s21_ms_43 Q: 2

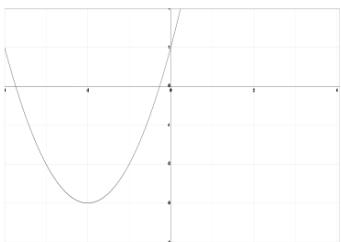
| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|----------|--|
| (a)(i) | -1 | 2 | M1 for $3 \times 2^2 - 13$ oe |
| (a)(ii) | $[\pm] \sqrt{\frac{y-t}{p}}$ oe final answer | 3 | M1 for correct rearrangement to isolate x^2 term M1 for correct division by p M1 for correct square root Incorrect answer scores a maximum of M2 If 0 scored, SC1 for a correctly rearranged formula with $p = 3$ and $t = -13$ substituted |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|------|---|
| (b)(i) | $(5x - 4)(3x + 2)$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ where either $ac = 15$ and $bd = -8$ or $ad + bc = -2$ or $5x(3x + 2) - 4(3x + 2)$ or $3x(5x - 4) + 2(5x - 4)$ or correct factors seen and spoiled |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{4}{5}$ oe and $-\frac{2}{3}$ oe | 1 | FT a factorised quadratic |
| (c) | $x(x + 4y)(x - 4y)$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $(x^2 + 4xy)(x - 4y)$ or $(x + 4y)(x^2 - 4xy)$ or answer in the form $x(a + b)(a - b)$ or correct answer seen and spoiled or B1 for $x(x^2 - 16y^2)$ oe or $(x + 4y)(x - 4y)$ |
| (d) | $\frac{1 - 2a}{x}$ oe final answer | 4 | B2 for $(2x - 1)(1 - 2a)$ oe or B1 for $2x - 1 - 2a(2x - 1)$ or $2x(1 - 2a) - (1 - 2a)$ B1 for $x(2x - 1)$ |

66. 0580_s21_ms_43 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | $[x =] 7$ $[y =] 3$ | 2 | B1 for each |
| (b) | $[x =] 0, [y =] 2$ $[x =] -3, [y =] 5$ | 4 | B3 for $x = 0$ and $x = -3$ or B2 for $x^2 + 3x = 0$ or M1 for $2 - x = x^2 + 2x + 2$ If 0 scored award B1 for $x = 0, y = 2$ or $x = -3, y = 5$ from no/incorrect working ALTERNATIVE B3 for $y = 2$ and $y = 5$ or B2 for $y^2 - 7y + 10 = 0$ or M1 for $y = (2 - y)^2 + 2(2 - y) + 2$ If 0 scored award B1 for $x = 0, y = 2$ or $x = -3, y = 5$ from no/incorrect working |

67. 0580_s21_ms_43 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|---|
| (a) | $-2 < x \leq 1$ | 2 | B1 for $-2 < x$ or $x \leq 1$ |
| (b)(i) | $(x+2)^2 - 3$ | 2 | M1 for $(x+2)^2 + k$ |
| (b)(ii) | $(x+2)^2 = 3$ | M1 | FTdep their (b)(i) for $k < 0$ |
| | -3.73 or $-3.732\dots$ and -0.268 or $-0.2679\dots$ | B1 | |
| (b)(iii) | $(-2, -3)$ | 2 | FT their $(x+2)^2 - 3$ B1 for each coordinate |
| (b)(iv) | Correct sketch  | 2 | Parabola with minimum point in correct quadrant and both x-intercepts negative and positive y-intercept B1 for parabola with minimum point. |

68. 0580_s21_ms_43 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|------------------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 4 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 3 | 1 | |
| (a)(iii) | 13 | 1 | FT $5 \times$ their (a)(i) $- 7$ |
| (b) | $\frac{x+2}{3}$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $y + 2 = 3x$ or for $\frac{y}{3} = x - \frac{2}{3}$ or for $x = 3y - 2$ |
| (c) | $9x^2 - 9x + 2$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $(3x-2)^2 + 3x - 2$ B1 for $(3x-2)^2 = 9x^2 - 6x - 6x + 4$ |
| (d) | $2x + 1$ | 1 | |
| (e)(i) | 81 | 1 | |
| (e)(ii) | x | 1 | Not $y = x$ |

69. 0580_s21_ms_43 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|---|
| (a)(i) | -5 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | Subtract 4 oe | 1 | |
| (a)(iii) | $15 - 4n$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for $k - 4n$ or $15 - jn$ $j \neq 0$ |
| (b)(i) | $\frac{1}{21}$ or equivalent fraction | 2 | B1 for $\frac{12}{7}$ and $\frac{10}{6}$ |
| (b)(ii) | $n = \frac{3}{5}$ oe or $2n \geq n + 1$ but $3 < 4$. | M2 | M1 for $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{2n}{n+1}$ oe or M1 for $2n > n + 1$ but $3 < 4$ |
| | No, n is not an integer oe or No, $\frac{3}{4}$ is less than 1, oe | A1 | |

70. 0580_m20_ms_42 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | $\frac{10x}{(x-3)(x+2)}$ or $\frac{10x}{x^2 - x - 6}$ final answer | 4 | M1 for common denominator $(x-3)(x+2)$ isw M1 for $(x+3)(x+2) - (x-2)(x-3)$ isw B1 for correct numerator in terms of x only |

AcelGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---------------------------------------|------|--|
| (b) | 14 | 2 | M1 for $12 - \frac{k}{2} = 5$ or $2^{\frac{k}{2}} = \frac{2^{12}}{2^5}$ oe or $\frac{4096}{32}$ or $12 - 5$ or $2^{12} \div 2^{\frac{14}{2}}$ [= 32] seen |
| (c) | $2y^3 - 3y^2 - 23y + 12$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct unsimplified expanded expression or for simplified four-term expression of correct form with 3 terms correct or B1 for correct expansion of 2 of the brackets with at least 3 terms correct |
| (d) | $[x =] \frac{3}{y-1}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $xy = 3 + x$ M1 for $xy - x = 3$ or $x - \frac{x}{y} = \frac{3}{y}$ M1 for factorising and dividing |

71. 0580_m20_ms_42 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|
| (a) | $n - 5 + 3n + 10 > 105$ or better | B1 | |
| | $n > 25$ final answer | B2 | M1 for $4n > 100$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|----------------------------|------|---|
| (b) | 4.8 | 3 | M1 for $y = \frac{k}{x^2}$ or better M1 for $[y =] \frac{\text{their } k}{5^2}$ OR M2 for $y \times 5^2 = 7.5 \times 4^2$ |
| (c)(i) | $6 - 2n$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for answer $6 - kn$ ($k \neq 0$) oe or answer $j - 2n$ oe or for correct expression shown in working and then spoilt |
| (c)(ii) | $2n^2 - 1$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for 2nd diff = 4 or a quadratic expression or for correct expression shown in working and then spoilt |

72. 0580_m20_ms_42 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|-----------|--|
| (a)(i) | $4x - 13$ final answer | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $25x^2$ final answer | 1 | |
| (b) | $\frac{x+1}{4}$ or $\frac{x}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$ | 2 | M1 for correct first step $x = 4y - 1$ or $y + 1 = 4x$ or $\frac{y}{4} = x - \frac{1}{4}$ |
| (c) | 0.6934 final answer | 3 | B2 for 0.69336... or $3^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ oe or 0.693 or M1 for $3^{-3^{-x}}$ oe |
| (d)(i) | $(3x - 2)^2 - 3^{-(-3)}$ | M1 | |
| | $9x^2 - 6x - 6x + 4 - 27$ or $9x^2 - 12x + 4 - 27$ leading to $9x^2 - 12x - 23$ | A1 | with no errors seen |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|-----------|--|
| (d)(ii) | $\frac{-(-12) \pm \sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(9)(-23)}}{2 \times 9}$ or better | B2 | B1 for $\sqrt{(-12)^2 - 4(9)(-23)}$ oe or $\frac{-(-12) + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 9}$ oe or $\frac{-(-12) - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 9}$ oe or both |
| | -1.07, 2.40 final answers | B2 | B1 for each If B0 , SC1 for answers -1.1 or -1.06 or -1.065... to -1.065 and 2.4 or 2.39 or 2.398 to 2.398... or -1.07 and 2.40 seen in working or for -2.40 and 1.07 as final answer |
| (e) | -5 final answer | 2 | M1 for $243 = 3^{-x}$ |

73. 0580_m20_ms_42 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | (1, 2) (-1, 6) | 5 | B2 for [derivative oe =] $3x^2 - 3$ or B1 for [derivative oe =] $3x^2$ or $f(x) - 3$ M1 for <i>their</i> derivative = 0 or recognition of $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ oe B1 for $[x =] -1, 1$ or for one coordinate pair |
| (b) | (1, 2) minimum with reason (-1, 6) maximum with reason | 3 | Reasons could be e.g. a reasonable sketch correct use of 2 nd derivative = $6x = 6$, $6 > 0$, so (1, 2) minimum oe 2 nd derivative = $6x = -6$, $-6 < 0$ so (-1, 6) maximum oe, or finds gradient on each side of both correct stationary points with correct conclusion B2 for 1 correct with reason or M1 for showing [2 nd derivative =] $6x$ or gradients for one value on either side of one correct stationary point or for reasonable sketch of cubic |

74. 0580_p20_ms_40 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---------------------------------|------|--|
| (a) | 2 | 2 | M1 for $2x + 1 = 1 + 4$ |
| (b) | $\frac{x-1}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $y - 1 = 2x$ or $\frac{y}{2} = x + \frac{1}{2}$ or $x = 2y + 1$ |
| (c) | $4x^2 + 4x + 5$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $(2x + 1)^2 + 4$ and B1 for $[(2x + 1)^2 =] 4x^2 + 2x + 2x + 1$ or better |
| (d) | $\sqrt{2}$ or 1.41 or 1.414.... | 1 | |
| (e) | -1 | 1 | |

75. 0580_p20_ms_40 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|--|
| (a) | (0, 16) (4, -16) | 6 | M1 for $3x^2$ or $12x$ A1 correct $3x^2 - 12x$ B1 setting <i>their</i> $dy/dx = 0$ M1 for factorising <i>their</i> dy/dx A1 $x = 0$ and $x = 4$ A1 (0, 16) and (4, -16) |
| (b) | (0, 16) maximum with correct reason (4, -16) minimum with correct reason | 3 | B2 for both correct with no/one reason or B1 for one correct (with no reasons) or M1 correct attempt to find e.g. second derivative or gradients |

76. 0580_s20_ms_41 Q: 3

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|-------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | 75.6 | 2 | M1 for $5.2 \times 7 + \frac{1}{2} \times 1.6 \times 7^2$ |
| (b)(i) | $2a - 3b$ final answer | 2 | B1 for answer $2a + kb$ or $ka - 3b$ or for $2a - 3b$ seen in working |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{3}{4}$ | 2 | B1 for $\frac{45x}{60x}$ oe single fraction |
| (c)(i) | -5 | 1 | |
| (c)(ii) | -0.25 or $-\frac{1}{4}$ | 3 | M1 for $20 - 12x = 23$ or for $5 - 3x = \frac{23}{4}$ M1 for correct completion to $ax = b$ FT <i>their</i> first step |
| (d) | $9x^6$ | 2 | B1 for $9x^k$ or kx^6 |
| (e) | $6x^2 - 7xy - 5y^2$ | 2 | M1 for 3 terms out of 4 from $6x^2 - 10xy + 3xy - 5y^2$ |

77. 0580_s20_ms_41 Q: 6

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| (a) | $y \geq x$ oe | 1 | |
| (b) | $2.25x + 1.5y \leq 22.5$ oe | M1 | |
| | One step shown to $3x + 2y \leq 30$ | A1 | |
| (c) | $y = 10$ ruled | 1 | Broken line |
| | $3x + 2y = 30$ ruled | B2 | Solid line B1 for line passing through (0, 15) or (10, 0) |
| | $y = x$ ruled | B1 | Solid line |
| | Correct region indicated | B1 | |
| (d) | 412 | 2 | M1 for (4, 9) identified or for evaluation $40x + 28y$ for an integer point in the region ($x > 0$ and $y > 0$) |

78. 0580_s20_ms_42 Q: 6

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | 256 | 1 | |
| (b) | 8 | 2 | M1 for $3(x^2 + 1) + 2$ or for $3(2) + 2$ |
| (c) | $9x^2 + 12x + 5$ | 3 | M1 for $(3x + 2)^2 + 1$ B1 for $[(3x + 2)^2 =] 9x^2 + 6x + 6x + 4$ oe |
| (d) | 16 | 2 | M1 for $3x + 2 = 7^2 + 1$ or better |
| (e) | $\frac{x-2}{3}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 3y + 2$ or for $y - 2 = 3x$ or for $\frac{y}{3} = x + \frac{2}{3}$ |
| (f) | $\frac{4x^2 + 2x + 1}{3x + 2}$ final answer | 3 | B1 for $x^2 + 1 + x(3x + 2)$ or better seen M1 for common denominator $3x + 2$ |
| (g) | 16 | 1 | |

79. 0580_s20_ms_42 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 5 | 2 | M1 for $(-1)^4 - 4(-1)^3$ |
| (a)(ii) | (0, 0) and (3, -27) | 6 | B2 for $4x^3 - 12x^2 [= 0]$ or B1 for $4x^3$ or $12x^2$ AND M1 for derivative = 0 or <i>their</i> derivative = 0 M1 for $4x^2(x - 3)[= 0]$ B1 for [x =] 0 and [x =] 3 or [y =] 0 and [y =] -27 or for one correct coordinate pair |
| (b) | [p =] 11 [q =] 5 | 2 | B1 for each or M1 for $\frac{dy}{dx} = px^{p-1} + 2qx^{q-1}$ |

80. 0580_s20_ms_43 Q: 4

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|------------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | $m \geq 3.4$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $12 + 5 \leq 8m - 3m$ or better or $3m - 8m \leq -5 - 12$ or better |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|-----------|---|
| (b) | $x = -0.75$ oe | 3 | M1 for $15(2x+5)=14(3-x)$ B1 for $30x+75=42-14x$ or better |
| (c) | $3x^2 - 16x - 35 [= 0]$ or $3y^2 - 8y - 51 [= 0]$ | M3 | M1 for $x^2 + 2(4-x)^2 = 67$ or $(4-y)^2 + 2y^2 = 67$ seen B1 for $16-8x+x^2$ or $16-8y+y^2$ |
| | $(3x+5)(x-7) [= 0]$ or $(3y-17)(y+3) [= 0]$ | M1 | or for correct factors for <i>their</i> equation or for correct use of quadratic formula or completing the square for <i>their</i> equation |
| | $x = 7, y = -3$ $x = -\frac{5}{3}, y = 5\frac{2}{3}$ | B2 | B1 for $x = 7, x = -\frac{5}{3}$ or for $y = -3, y = 5\frac{2}{3}$ or for a correct pair of x and y values |

81. 0580_s20_ms_43 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|------|---|
| (a) | 4 | 1 | |
| (b) | 52 | 2 | M1 for $f(8)$ seen or $7 \times \frac{2x}{x-3} - 4$ |
| (c) | $7x^2 - 4$ | 1 | |
| (d) | $\frac{7x^2 - 21x + 12}{2(x-3)}$ or $\frac{7x^2 - 21x + 12}{2x-6}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $(7x-4)(x-3) + 2 \times 2x$ B1 for denominator $2(x-3)$ or $2x-6$ |
| (e) | -3 | 2 | M1 for $7x+14-4=-11$ |
| (f) | $[p=] 0$ and $[p=] 1$ | 2 | B1 for each |

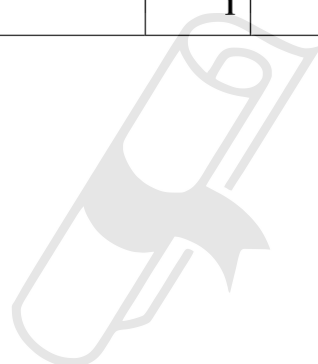
82. 0580_s20_ms_43 Q: 12

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|--|------|---|
| (a)(i) | $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4\right)$ and $\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2\right)$ | 5 | B2 for $12x^2 - 3 [= 0]$ or B1 for $12x^2$ or -3 M1 for their derivative $= 0$ or $dy/dx = 0$ B1 for $[x =] -\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ or one coordinate pair correct |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|-----------|---|
| (a)(ii) | $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4\right)$ Max with reason $\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2\right)$ Min with reason | 3 | B2 for one correct with reason or M1 for correct attempt to find e.g. 2nd derivative/gradients/sketch |
| (b) | line $y = x + 3$ ruled | M2 | B1 for $[y =]x + 3$ identified or rules $y = x + k$ or $y = px + 3$ |
| | -0.7 to -0.8 2.7 to 2.8 | A1 | |

83. 0580_w20_ms_41 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|------------|----------|---------------|
| (a)(i) | 2.7 to 2.8 | 1 | |



AceI GCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|--|
| (a)(ii) | tangent ruled at $x = -2$ | B1 | |
| | 6 to 10 | 2 | <p>dep on B1 or a close attempt at tangent at $x = -2$</p> <p>or M1 for rise/run for <i>their</i> tangent, or close attempt, at any point</p> <p>Must see correct or implied calculation from a drawn tangent</p> <p>After M0, SC1 for gradient of tangent (or close attempt) in range embedded in $y = mx + c$</p> |
| (a)(iii) | $y = 2x - 2$ ruled and $x = -2.9$ to -2.8 cao | 3 | <p>B2 for correct ruled line</p> <p>or B1 for short line or for freehand line or broken line or ruled line with gradient 2 or with y-intercept at -2 (but not $y = -2$)</p> |
| (b) | $A(4, 17) B(-1.5, 0.5)$ | 5 | <p>B4 for $(-1.5, 0.5)$ and $(4, 17)$, or for $x = 4$ and $x = -1.5$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>B3 for $A(4, 17)$ or $B(-1.5, 0.5)$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 for $2x^2 - 2x - 7 = 3x + 5$ oe</p> <p>AND</p> <p>either</p> <p>M2 for $(2x + 3)(x - 4)$ or M1 for $2x(x - 4) + 3(x - 4)$ or $x(2x + 3) - 4(2x + 3)$ or $(2x + c)(x + d)$ where $cd = -12$ or $c + 2d = -5$ [c and d are integers]</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M2 for</p> $\frac{-\text{their } b \pm \sqrt{(\text{their } b)^2 - 4(\text{their } a)(\text{their } c)}}{2(\text{their } a)}$ <p>or M1 for $\sqrt{(\text{their } b)^2 - 4(\text{their } a)(\text{their } c)}$ or for $p = -\text{their } b$, $r = 2(\text{their } a)$ if in the form $\frac{p + \sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p - \sqrt{q}}{r}$</p> |

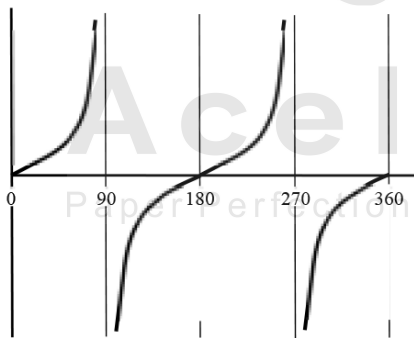
| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---------------------------|------|--|
| (a) | 25 36 10 15 35 51 | 2 | B1 for 3, 4 or 5 correct |
| (b) | n^2 | 1 | |
| (c)(i) | 92 | 1 | |
| (c)(ii) | $\frac{1}{2}(n^2 - n)$ oe | 2 | M1 for $\frac{1}{2}(3n^2 - n) - n^2$ oe or for final quadratic answer with $\frac{1}{2}n^2$ oe or $-\frac{1}{2}n^2$ oe but not both |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|------------------------------------|------|--|
| (d) | $a = \frac{1}{2}, b = \frac{1}{2}$ | 5 | B2 for 2 correct equations eg $a + b = 1, 8a + 4b = 6$ or B1 for 1 correct equation B2 for one correct value or M1 (dep on at least B1) for correctly eliminating one variable from two linear equations in a and b OR B2 for $a = \frac{1}{2}$ or B1 for $6a = 3$ or for 3^{rd} difference = 3 B2 for $b = \frac{1}{2}$ or M1 for substituting <i>their</i> a into a correct equation of first differences |

85. 0580_w20_ms_41 Q: 8

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|---|-----------|---|
| (a) | $ab(3a - b)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $a(3ab - b^2)$ or $b(3a^2 - ab)$ or $ab(3a - b)$ seen |
| (b) | $x > 7.5$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $12+3 < 5x - 3x$ oe |
| (c) | $27x^6y^{12}$ | 2 | B1 for two of 27 , x^6 and y^{12} correct |
| (d) | 0.5 or $\frac{1}{2}$ | 3 | M2 for $4 = 6x + 2x$ or better or M1 for $2(2 - x) = 6x$ oe |
| (e) | $2x^3 + 5x^2 - 23x + 10$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct expansion of three brackets unsimplified B1 for correct expansion of two brackets with at least 3 terms correct |
| (f)(i) | $200\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2 = 206.46$ oe | M1 | A1 Correct solution reached with no errors or omissions seen If 0 scored, SC1 for $200(n)^2 = 206.46$ |
| | $1 + \frac{2r}{100} + \frac{r^2}{100^2}$ oe | M1 | |
| | $r^2 + 200r - 323 = 0$ | A1 | |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|-----------|---|
| (f)(ii) | $\frac{-200 + \sqrt{200^2 - 4(1)(-323)}}{2 \times 1}$ | B2 | B1 for $\sqrt{200^2 - 4(1)(-323)}$ or $(r + 100)^2$ B1 for $\frac{-200 + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 1}$ or $r = \sqrt{323 + 100^2} - 100$ OR B2 for $100\left(\sqrt{\frac{206.46}{200}} - 1\right)$ or B1 for $\sqrt{\frac{206.46}{200}}$ |
| | 1.60 cao final answer | B1 | |
| | | | |

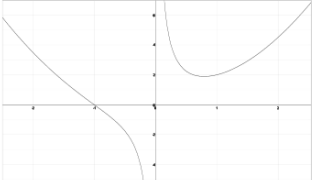
| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|------|---|
| (a)(i) | $A(-4, 0)$ $B(1, 0)$ $C(0, -4)$ | 4 | <p>B3 for A and B correct Or B2 for B $(-4, 0)$ and A $(1, 0)$</p> <p>Or B1 for $(x+4)(x-1)$ or for $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4 \times 1 \times -4}}{2}$ oe and B1 for A or B correct</p> <p>B1 for C $(0, -4)$ OR</p> <p>SC2 for $-4, 1$ and -4 in correct positions on the graph</p> |
| (a)(ii) | $2x + 3 [\pm 0]$ final answer | 2 | <p>B1 for answer $2x + c$ or for $ax + 3, a \neq 0$ or for correct answer seen</p> |
| (a)(iii) | $y = 7x - 8$ oe | 3 | <p>B2 for answer $7x - 8$</p> <p>OR</p> <p>M1 for [gradient =] $2(2) + 3$ FT <i>their</i> part (a)(ii) of the form $ax + b$ M1dep for substitution of $(2, 6)$ into $y = \text{their } mx + c$ oe</p> |
| (b)(i) | Correct sketch  | 2 | <p>B1 for one correct section out of 4 OR B1 for two properties correct from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crosses x-axis at $(0, 0)$ $(180, 0)$ and $(360, 0)$ only • Correct curvature in each section of 90° • Asymptotes at $x = 90$ and $x = 270$ |
| (b)(ii) | 125.5 or 125.53 to 125.54 and 305.5 or 305.53 to 305.54 | 3 | <p>B2 for one correct angle or B1 for -54.5 or $-54.46\dots$ or for 2 angles with a difference of 180.</p> |

87. 0580_w20_ms_42 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | 1.48 | 3 | B2 for $7x + 2 = 12.36$ or better or M1 for $3x + 2(2x + 1) [= 12.36]$ or better |
| (b) | 1.75 or $1\frac{3}{4}$ | 3 | B2 for $18x - 14x = 7$ or better or M1 for $18x = 7(2x + 1)$ |
| (c) | [0].8 oe | 3 | B2 for $4(2x + 1) = 13x$ or M1 for $\frac{4}{x} = \frac{13}{2x + 1}$ oe or correct equation to find number of cakes |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|-----------|--|
| (d) | $\frac{20}{x} + \frac{10}{2x+1} = 45$ oe | M2 | B1 for $\frac{20}{x}$ seen or $\frac{10}{2x+1}$ seen |
| | $90x^2 - 5x - 20 [= 0]$ oe | B2 | B1 for $\frac{20(2x+1)+10x}{x(2x+1)} = 45$ or better |
| | $(9x + 4)(2x - 1) [= 0]$ or for $\frac{- -1 \pm \sqrt{(-1)^2 - 4(18)(-4)}}{2(18)}$ oe | M2 | FT <i>their</i> 3-term quadratic M1 for factors that give two correct terms when expanded or for correct discriminant or correct $\frac{-b}{2a}$ provided quadratic formula is in correct form |
| | [0].5 or $\frac{1}{2}$ final answer | B1 | |

88. 0580_w20_ms_42 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|------|---|
| (a) | 2, 4.5 | 2 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Correct graph  | 4 | B3 FT for 6 or 7 correct points FT <i>their</i> table or B2 FT for 4 or 5 correct points FT <i>their</i> table or B1 FT for 2 or 3 correct points FT <i>their</i> table |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|------|---|
| (c)(i) | -0.5 to -0.4 | 1 | |
| (c)(ii) | $y = 1 - x$ ruled and -1.9 to -1.75 | 2 | M1 for $[y =] 1 - x$ or $\left[x^2 + \frac{1}{x} =\right] 1 - x$ soi or B1 for -1.9 to -1.75 |
| (d) | Any integer ≥ 2 | 1 | |

89. 0580_w20_ms_42 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---------------------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 10 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | -19 | 1 | FT 1 - 2 <i>their</i> (a)(i) |
| (b) | $\frac{1-x}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 1 - 2y$ or $y + 2x = 1$ or $\frac{y}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - x$ or $y - 1 = -2x$ or better |
| (c) | $\frac{1}{2}$ oe | 1 | |
| (d) | $4x^2 - 8x + 2$ final answer | 4 | M1 for $(1 - 2x)(1 - 2x) - (1 - 2(1 - 2x))$ or better B1 for $1 - 2x - 2x + 4x^2$ B1 for $-(1 - 2 + 4x)$ or better or $[+] 1 - 4x$ or for correct answer seen then spoiled |
| (e) | x final answer | 1 | |
| (f) | 3125 | 1 | |
| (g) | 25 | 1 | |
| (h) | -2 | 2 | B1 for $\frac{1}{25}$ or 0.04 |

90. 0580_w20_ms_42 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---------------------|------|--|
| (a) | A : -3 $17 - 4n$ oe | 3 | B1 for -3 B2 for $17 - 4n$ oe or B1 for $k - 4n$ oe or $17 - pn$ oe, $p \neq 0$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| | B : 124 $n^3 - 1$ oe | 3 | B1 for 124 B2 for $n^3 - 1$ oe or B1 for any cubic |
| | C : $\frac{11}{128}$ $\frac{n+6}{2^{n+2}}$ oe | 4 | B1 for $\frac{11}{128}$ B3 for $\frac{n+6}{2^{n+2}}$ oe or B2 for 2^{n+2} oe seen or B1 for 2^k oe or $n+6$ seen |
| (b) | $\frac{p+1}{2q}$ oe | 2 | B1 for $p+1$ or $2q$ oe |

91. 0580_w20_ms_43 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|--------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | $(8-x)(3+x)$ | 2 | M1 for $8(3+x) - x(3+x)$ or $3(8-x) + x(8-x)$ or $(a-x)(b+x)$ where $ab = 24$ or $a-b = 5$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|------|---|
| (a)(ii) | $[a =] -3$ $[b =] 8$ $[c =] 24$ | 3 | FT their (a)(i) for a and b B1FT for each of a and b or both correct but reversed B1 for $[c =] 24$ |
| (a)(iii) | 8 | 3 | M2 for $5 - 2x$ or M1 for $-2x$ or $5 - kx, k \neq 0$ |
| (b)(i) | Correct sketch: positive cubic shape and max on the y -axis or to the right of y -axis with one root at $(-1, 0)$ and turning point at $(3, 0)$ and y -intercept at $(0, 9)$ all labelled | 4 | B1 for positive cubic shape with max on the y -axis or to the right of y -axis B1 for root at $(-1, 0)$ B1 for turning point at $(3, 0)$ B1 for y -intercept $(0, 9)$ If 0 score SC1 for all three intercepts on axes identified |
| (b)(ii) | $x^3 - 5x^2 + 3x + 9$ final answer | 3 | B2 for correct expansion of three brackets unsimplified B1 for correct expansion of two brackets with at least 3 terms correct |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|---------------|------|--|
| (a) | 2, 3, 4, 5 | 2 | B1 for 3 correct and no extra or 4 correct and one extra or M1 for $1 < x \leq 5$ |
| (b)(i) | $3y(2y - 5x)$ | 2 | B1 for $3(2y^2 - 5xy)$ or $y(6y - 15x)$ or for the correct answer seen and then spoiled |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|------|--|
| (b)(ii) | $(y - 3x)(y + 3x)$ | 2 | B1 for $(y + 3)(y - 3)$ |
| (c) | $\frac{4x+5}{(x-1)(2x+1)}$ or $\frac{4x+5}{2x^2-x-1}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $3(2x+1) - 2(x-1)$ oe isw M1 for $(x-1)(2x+1)$ oe isw |
| (d) | (1.74 , 7.21 to 7.24) and (-3.74 , -9.20 to -9.22) cao | 6 | For the y values accept any value rounded to 2 decimal places in the given range B5 for (1.74 , 7.21 to 7.24) or (-3.74 , -9.20 to -9.22) or $x = 1.74$ and $x = -3.74$ OR M2 for $2x^2 + 4x - 13 = 0$ or $2y^2 + 4y - 133 = 0$ or M1 for $2x^2 + 7x - 11 = 3x + 2$ or $y = 2\left(\frac{y-2}{3}\right)^2 + 7\left(\frac{y-2}{3}\right) - 11$ AND FT their quadratic expression (not $2x^2 + 7x - 11$) M2FT for $\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \times 2 \times -13}}{2 \times 2}$ or $-1 \pm \sqrt{\frac{15}{2}}$ oe or M1FT for $\sqrt{4^2 - 4 \times 2 \times -13}$ oe or for $\frac{-4 + \sqrt{k}}{2 \times 2}$ or $\frac{-4 - \sqrt{k}}{2 \times 2}$ or $(x+1)^2 [-13/2 - 1 = 0]$ |

93. 0580_w20_ms_43 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|---------------------------------|------|--|
| (a) | -23 | 2 | M1 for $4 - 3(3^x)$ oe soi |
| (b) | $\frac{4-x}{3}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 4 - 3y$ or $y + 3x = 4$ or $x + 3y = 4$ or $\frac{y}{-3} = \frac{4}{-3} + x$ oe or $\frac{x}{-3} = \frac{4}{-3} + y$ oe |
| (c)(i) | $1 + 6x$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $4 - 3(1 - 2x)$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|------|---|
| (c)(ii) | $20 - 36x$ or $4(5 - 9x)$ final answer | 4 | B3 for $20 - 36x$ seen in working then spoiled OR M1 for $(4 - 3x)^2 + 4 - 3x - 9(x^2 + x)$ or better B1 for $[(4 - 3x)^2] 16 - 12x - 12x + 9x^2$ or better B1 for answer $20 - kx$ or $k - 36x$ oe or answer $20 - 36x + kx^2$ $k \neq 0$ |
| (d) | $-\frac{1}{2}$ oe | 2 | M1 for $(3^2)^{kx}$ or $9^{kx} = 9^{-\frac{1}{2}x}$ oe |

94. 0580_w20_ms_43 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---|----------------|------|---|
| A | 24 | B1 | |
| | $5n - 1$ oe | B2 | B1 for $5n - k$ or $jn - 1$ oe $j \neq 0$ |
| B | 127 | B1 | |
| | $n^3 + 2$ oe | B2 | B1 for n^3 oe |
| C | 256 | B1 | |
| | $4^{(n-1)}$ oe | B2 | B1 for 4^k oe |

95. 0580_m19_ms_42 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|-----------|--|
| (a) | -2.1, 1.6, -1.7, 2.1 | 3 | B2 for 3 correct or B1 for 2 correct |
| (b) | Fully correct curve | 4 | B3FT for 8 or 9 correct plots or B2FT for 6 or 7 correct plots or B1FT for 4 or 5 correct plots |
| (c) | line $y = \frac{1}{2}(1-x)$ ruled | M2 | M1 for line with gradient $-\frac{1}{2}$ M1 for line through $(0, \frac{1}{2})$ but not $y = \frac{1}{2}$ |
| | -2.15 to -2.01 -0.45 to -0.2 2.25 to 2.45 | B2 | B1 for two correct |
| (d) | number of intersections of <i>their</i> curve and the line $y = 1$ | 1 | strict FT for <i>their</i> curve |

96. 0580_m19_ms_42 Q: 8

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|------|--|
| (a) | -3 | 1 | |
| (b) | $\frac{12}{11}$ oe | 2 | M1 for $\frac{3}{\frac{3}{x+2} + 2}$ soi |
| (c) | $64x - 45$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $8(8x - 5) - 5$ isw |
| (d) | $\frac{x+5}{8}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for a correct first step $y + 5 = 8x$, $\frac{y}{8} = x - \frac{5}{8}$ or $x = 8y - 5$ |
| (e) | $\frac{8x^2 + 11x - 13}{x+2}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $(8x - 5)(x + 2) - 3$ oe isw B1 for common denominator $(x + 2)$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|-----------|---|
| (f)(i) | $(8x-5)^2 + 6 = 19$ | M1 | |
| | $64x^2 - 40x - 40x + 25$ | B1 | |
| | $64x^2 - 40x - 40x + 25 + 6 = 19$ oe leading to $16x^2 - 20x + 3 = 0$ | A1 | with no errors and must show $(8x-5)^2 + 6 = 19$ with no omissions after this |
| (f)(ii) | $\frac{[-]20 \pm \sqrt{([-]20)^2 - 4(16)(3)}}{2 \times 16}$ oe | 2 | B1 for $\sqrt{([-]20)^2 - 4(16)(3)}$ or better or B1 for $\frac{[-]20 + \sqrt{q}}{2(16)}$ oe or $\frac{[-]20 - \sqrt{q}}{2(16)}$ |
| | 0.17 and 1.08 final ans | 2 | B1 for each If 0 scored, SC1 for answer 0.2 and 1.1 or answer - 0.17 and -1.08 or 0.174... and 1.075 to 1.076 seen or 0.17 and 1.08 seen in working |

97. 0580_m19_ms_42 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|-----------|--|
| (a) | correctly equating one set of coefficients | M1 | or making x or y the subject of one equation correctly |
| | correct method to eliminate one variable | M1 | or substitution for x or y for <i>their</i> rearranged formula |
| | $x = 7$ $y = -3$ | A2 | A1 for one correct value If A0 scored, SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations or if no working shown, but 2 correct answers given |
| (b) | 2 | 3 | M1 for $y = \frac{k}{(x+3)^2}$ oe M1 for $y = \frac{\text{their } k}{(7+3)^2}$ oe OR M2 for $8(2+3)^2 = y(7+3)^2$ oe |
| (c) | $x > -5$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $3x - 6 < 7x + 14$ M1 for <i>their</i> $(-6) - \text{their } 14 < 7x - 3x$ oe |

98. 0580_m19_ms_42 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|------------|---------------|------|---|
| (a)(i) | 77 243 | 2 | B1 for each |
| (a)(ii)(a) | $2n^2 + 5$ oe | 2 | M1 for a quadratic expression as the answer or B1 for common 2nd difference of 4 |
| (a)(ii)(b) | 3^{n-1} oe | 2 | B1 for 3^k oe where k is a linear function of n |
| (b)(i) | 21 | 1 | |
| (b)(ii) | 11 | 3 | B2 for $(4n + 45)(n - 11)$ seen or B1 for $4n^2 + n + 3 = 498$ oe |

99. 0580_s19_ms_41 Q: 2

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|-----------------|-----------|--|
| (a) | 2, 2, 6 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Correct graph | 4 | B3FT for 10 or 11 correct plots or B2FT for 8 or 9 correct plots or B1FT for 6 or 7 correct plots |
| (c) | -3.3 to -3.1 | 1 | FT <i>their</i> graph |
| (d) | $y = -2x$ ruled | M1 | or B1 for $y = -2x$ stated |
| | -2.6 to -2.45 | A1 | |
| (e) | 3 or 4 or 5 | 1 | FT <i>their</i> graph Allow more than one correct value |

100. 0580_s19_ms_41 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| (a)(i) | 1.991×10^3 | 4 | B3 for 1991 or 1.99×10^3 or $1.991... \times 10^3$ or B2 for 1990 or 1991. ... OR M1 for $104.3 \times 26.5 + \frac{1}{2} \times (-2.2) \times 26.5^2$ oe B1 for <i>their</i> seen value correctly rounded to 4 sf B1 for <i>their</i> seen value correctly converted into standard form |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{2(s-ut)}{t^2}$ oe final answer | 3 | M1 for correct multiplication by 2 oe M1 for correct rearrangement to isolate term with a M1 for correct division by t^2 for 3 marks e.g. cannot have a fraction in denominator nor $\div t^2$ in numerator |
| (b)(i) | $(2x+3)(x-1) - (x+1)(x-2) = 62$ | M1 | |
| | $2x^2 + 3x - 2x - 3$ oe or $x^2 + x - 2x - 2$ oe | B1 | |
| | $x^2 + 2x - 63 = 0$ | A1 | Established with no errors or omissions |
| (b)(ii) | $(x+9)(x-7)$ | 2 | B1 for $(x+a)(x+b)$ where $ab = -63$ or $a+b=2$ or for $x(x-7)+9(x-7)$ or for $x(x+9)-7(x+9)$ |
| (b)(iii) | 20 | 2 | FT $2 \times$ <i>their</i> positive root + 6 M1 for substituting <i>their</i> positive root into four lengths or for stating $2x+6$ |

101. 0580_s19_ms_41 Q: 9

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|------------------------------|------|--|
| (a) | 82 | 2 | M1 for $(3^x)^2+1$ soi by $(3^2)^2+1$ or $g(9)$ isw |
| (b) | $\frac{x+2}{7}$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $y+2=7x$ or $\frac{y}{7}=x-\frac{2}{7}$ or $x=7y-2$ |
| (c) | $[a=] 1, [b=] 2, [c=] 2$ | 3 | B2 for $x^4+x^2+x^2+1+1$ or M1 for $(x^2+1)^2+1$ |
| (d) | $\frac{6}{7}$ oe | 3 | M2 for $7x-2=4$ or M1 for $3^x=81$ soi $f(x)=4$ or for $3^{7x-2}=81$ or better |

102. 0580_s19_ms_42 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--------|----------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | 2.45, 0.25, - 0.25 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Fully correct smooth curve | 4 | B3FT for 6 or 7 points or B2 FT for 4 or 5 points or B1 FT for 2 or 3 points |
| (c) | 0.7 to 0.8 | 1 | FT <i>their</i> curve |
| (d)(i) | Correct ruled line | 2 | M1 for good freehand, or ruled line with gradient -1.05 to -0.95 or ruled line through $(0, 2)$ but not line $y = 2$ |

AcelGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|-----------|--|
| (d)(ii) | Both intersections of <i>their</i> (b) and <i>their</i> (d)(i) | 2 | Strict FT intersection of <i>their</i> (b) and <i>their</i> (d)(i) B1FT for one correct OR B2 for 0.27 to 0.28 and 2.38 to 2.39 |
| (e) | Substitutes $x = \sqrt{2}$ into $\frac{1}{2x} - \frac{x}{4}$ OR Identifies $y = 0$ oe OR Correctly manipulates to a single fraction e.g. $\frac{2-x^2}{4x}$ oe seen | M1 | |
| | Concludes 'read the graph at $y = 0$ ' oe OR Manipulates $0 = \frac{1}{2x} - \frac{x}{4}$ oe leading to $x^2 = 2$ OR States $\frac{2-x^2}{4x}$ oe = 0 leading to $x^2 = 2$ | A1 | |

103. 0580_s19_ms_42_Q:6

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------------------------|----------|---|
| (a) | $x^2 + 4x - 21$ final answer | 2 | B1 for three of x^2 , $+7x$, $-3x$, -21 |
| (b)(i) | $5q^2(3p^2 - 5q)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $5(3p^2q^2 - 5q^3)$ or $q^2(15p^2 - 25q)$ or $q(15p^2q - 25q^2)$ or $5q(3p^2q - 5q^2)$ or for correct answer seen |
| (b)(ii) | $(2g + 5k)(2f + 3h)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $2g(2f + 3h) + 5k(2f + 3h)$ or $2f(2g + 5k) + 3h(2g + 5k)$ or for correct answer seen |
| (b)(iii) | $(9k + m)(9k - m)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $(9 + m)(9 - m)$ or for correct answer seen |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--------|------|---|
| (c) | 5.5 | 4 | M1 for $5 \times 3(x-4) + x + 2 = 5 \times 6$ M1 for $15x - 60 + x + 2 = 30$ FT <i>their</i> first step or $3x - 12 + \frac{x+2}{5} = 6$ If M0M0, SC1 for $3x - 12 + x + 2 = 30$ oe M1dep for $16x = 88$ FT <i>their</i> previous steps |

104. 0580_s19_ms_42 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | 40 54 26 34 | 4 | B1 for each |
| (b) | $n^2 + 3n$ or $n(n+3)$ oe | 2 | B1 for a quadratic expression or for 2nd common difference 2 (at least 2 shown) or for 2 correct equations seen or for subtracting n^2 |
| (c) | 100 | 2 | M1 for <i>their</i> (b) = 10300 seen |
| (d) | $[a =] \frac{1}{2}$ oe and $[b =] \frac{5}{2}$ oe | 2 | B1 for each or M1 for one correct equation or for 2nd difference = 1 soi (at least 2 shown) |

105. 0580_s19_ms_43 Q: 2

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------------------------------------|------|--|
| (a) | -10 | 2 | M1 for $-17 - 3 = 7x - 5x$ oe or better |
| (b) | -1, 0, 1, 2 final answer | 3 | B2 for 3 correct values and no incorrect values or 4 correct values and one incorrect value or M2 for $-\frac{7}{4} < n \leq 2$ oe or M1 for $-\frac{7}{4} < n \leq k$ or $k < n \leq 2$ oe |
| (c)(i) | a^0 | 1 | |
| (c)(ii) | $125x^3y^6$ final answer | 2 | B1 for 2 correct elements if in form $kx^n y^m$ |
| (c)(iii) | $\frac{4y^{[1]}}{3x^4}$ final answer | 3 | B2 for $\left(\frac{3x^4}{4y^{[1]}}\right)^{[-1]}$ oe seen OR B1 for $3x^4$ or $4y^{[1]}$ and M1 for $\left(\frac{64y^3}{27x^{12}}\right)^{[\frac{1}{3}]}$ oe If 0 scored, SC1 for $\frac{64y^{[1]}}{27x^4}$ or $\frac{0.333x^{-4}}{0.25y^{-1}}$ seen |

106. 0580_s19_ms_43 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|-------------------------------|------|---|
| (a)(i) | -3 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 6.2 to 6.4 oe | 2 | M1 for 3 seen or used |
| (b) | $y = 5 - 3x$ ruled | 2 | B1 for $y = 5 - 3x$ soi or ruled line with gradient - 3 or with y - intercept at 5 (but not $y = 5$) or B1FT for incorrect line equation/expression shown in working and <i>their</i> line correctly drawn |
| | - 0.3 to - 0.2 1.65 to 1.8 | 2 | B1 for each, dep on $y = 5 - 3x$ drawn or FT <i>their</i> line provided equation/expression shown in working, dep on B1FT for line |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------|------|--|
| (c) | Tangent ruled at $x = -2$ | 1 | B1 for correct tangent |
| | -4.5 to -2.5 | 2 | Dep on B1 for tangent or close attempt at tangent at $x = -2$ M1 for rise/run also dep on tangent drawn or close attempt at correct tangent Must see correct or implied calculation from a drawn tangent |
| (d)(i) | 8, 4, 0.25 oe | 3 | B1 for each |
| (d)(ii) | Correct graph | 3 | B2FT for 6 or 7 correct plots or B1FT for 4 or 5 correct plots |
| (d)(iii) | 1.8 to 1.9 | 1 | |

107. 0580_s19_ms_43 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---------------------------|------|---|
| (a)(i) | 3, -1 | 2 | B1 for each |
| (a)(ii) | $23 - 4n$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $k - 4n$ or $23 - jn$ ($j \neq 0$) |
| (a)(iii) | 22 | 2 | M1 for their (a)(ii) = -65 |
| (b) | 23 | 2 | B1 for 37 or 60 |

AcelGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

108. 0580_w19_ms_41 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|-----------------|-----------|---|
| (a) | 9 | 3 | M2 for $0.42x + 0.42 = 4.2$ oe or better or M1 for $0.21x + 0.21(x + 2)$ oe [= 420 or 4.20] or for $21x + 21(x + 2)$ oe [= 420 or 4.20] or for $420 \div 21$ oe [=20] |
| (b) | $5r + p = 245$ | B1 | |
| | $2r + 3p = 215$ | B1 | |
| | 45 | 3 | Finds p M1 for correctly equating coefficients of r M1 for correct method to eliminate r OR M1 for correctly making r the subject of one of <i>their</i> equations M1 for correctly substituting <i>their</i> correct r to form an equation in p OR Finds r first M1 for correctly eliminating p from <i>their</i> equations M1 for correctly substituting <i>their</i> value of r to find p |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|-----------|--|
| (c)(i) | $\frac{12}{x} + \frac{6}{x-1} [= 5]$ | M1 | |
| | $12(x-1) + 6x = 5x(x-1)$ | M1 | Dependent on previous M1 earned May be over common denominator |
| | $5x^2 - 23x + 12 = 0$ reached, with at least one more line of working and with no errors or omissions | A1 | |
| (c)(ii) | $(5x-3)(x-4)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $(5x+a)(x+b)$ with $ab = 12$ or $a + 5b = -23$ or for $5x(x-4) - 3(x-4)$ or $x(5x-3) - 4(5x-3)$ |
| (c)(iii) | $\frac{3}{5}$ oe and 4 | 1 | FT from their two brackets in (c)(ii) |
| (c)(iv) | 3 cao | 1 | |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|------|--|
| (a) | $x + y \geq 6$ oe $y \leq x$ oe $x \leq 8$ | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | $4x + 6y \leq 60$ | 1 | |
| (c) | Correct region indicated cao | 6 | B1 for $x + y = 6$ ruled and long enough B1 for $x = y$ ruled and long enough B1 for $x = 8$ ruled and long enough B2 for $2x + 3y = 30$ ruled and long enough or B1 for ruled line through (0, 10) or (15, 0) but not $y = 10$ or $x = 15$ |
| (d)(i) | 6, 6 | 1 | |
| (d)(ii) | 34 | 2 | M1 for trying $4x + 6y$ with (4, 3) or (5, 2) or (6, 1) or (7, 0) |

110. 0580_w19_ms_41 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|------|--|
| (a) | -7 $13 - 4n$ oe 36 $(n + 1)^2$ oe 125 n^3 oe 128 2^{n+2} oe | 11 | B1 B2 or B1 for $13 - kn$ ($k \neq 0$) or for $k - 4n$ B1 B2 or B1 for any quadratic B1 B1 B1 B2 or B1 for 2^k oe |
| (b) | $\dots, \dots, 6, 10, 16$ $\dots, 3, 4, 7, \dots$ $2, \dots, 1, 0, \dots$ | 3 | B1 for each correct row |
| (c)(i) | $\frac{q}{p+q}$ | 1 | |
| (c)(ii) | $\frac{18}{29}$ | 1 | |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|------|--|
| (a) | 3.5, 15, 3.9 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Correct graph | 5 | B4 for correct curves but branches joined or touching y -axis or B3FT 10 or 11 points or B2FT for 8 or 9 points or B1FT for 6 or 7 points B1indep two separate branches not touching or crossing y -axis |
| (c) | 0.5 to 0.6 and 1.3 to 1.6 | 2 | B1 for each or both correct but in reverse order |
| (d) | 1 | 1 | |
| (e)(i) | $y = 3x + 1$ ruled and 0.3 to 0.49 | 3 | B2 for correct ruled line that crosses <i>their</i> curve or B1 for $y = 3x + 1$ soi or freehand line or ruled line with gradient 3 or with y – intercept at 1 (but not $y = 1$) |
| (e)(ii) | $[a =] -6$ $[b =] -2$ $[c =] -4$ | 3 | M2 for $x^4 + 2 - 4x = 6x^3 + 2x^2$ or better seen or B1 for each correct value to a maximum of 2 marks If 0 scored, SC1 for answer $[a =] 6, [b =] 2$ and $[c =] 4$ or for $x^5 + 2x - 4x^2 = 6x^4 + 2x^3$ or better |

112. 0580_w19_ms_42 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|------|---|
| (a)(i) | 13 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 3 | 2 | M1 for $h\left(\frac{10}{30}\right)$ oe soi or $27^{\frac{10}{x}}$ |
| (a)(iii) | $\frac{7-x}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 7 - 2y$ or $y - 7 = -2x$ or $7 - y = 2x$ or $-\frac{y}{2} = -\frac{7}{2} + x$ oe |
| (b) | 0.75 oe final answer | 3 | M1 for $\frac{10}{2x+1} = 4$ M1 for $10 = 8x + 4$ or better |
| (c) | $\frac{70-19x}{x(7-2x)}$ or $\frac{70-19x}{7x-2x^2}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $x + 10(7-2x)$ or better isw B1 for common denominator $x(7-2x)$ oe isw |
| (d) | 3 final answer | 1 | |

113. 0580_w19_ms_43 Q: 3

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---------------------------------|------|--|
| (a) | 5, -3, 21 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Fully correct curve | 4 | B3 FT for 9 or 10 points or B2 FT for 7 or 8 points or B1 FT for 5 or 6 points |
| (c) | -2.9 to -2.7 0 1.7 to 1.9 | 2 | B1 for 2 correct values |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--------------------------|------|--|
| (d) | Tangent ruled at $x = 2$ | B1 | |
| | 10 to 14 | B2 | Dep on correct tangent or close attempt at tangent at $x = 2$ M1 for rise/run also dep on correct tangent drawn or close attempt at tangent Must see correct or implied calculation from a drawn tangent |
| (e) | 6 | 1 | |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 5 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 1 | 2 | M1 for $h(0)$ or 3^{9-x^2} or better |
| (a)(iii) | $9 - 4x^2$ final answer | 1 | |
| (a)(iv) | $15 - 2x^2$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $2(9 - x^2) - 3$ or better |
| (b) | $\frac{x+3}{2}$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 2y - 3$ or $y + 3 = 2x$ or better or $\frac{y}{2} = x - \frac{3}{2}$ |
| (c) | 1.8 or $1\frac{4}{5}$ or $\frac{9}{5}$ | 2 | M1 for $10x - 15 = 3$ or $2x - 3 = \frac{3}{5}$ |
| (d) | -1 and 4 nfw | 4 | M1 for $9 - (2x - 3)^2 = -16$ A1 for $4x^2 - 12x - 16 [= 0]$ oe M1 (dep on first M1) for correct factors or use of formula or completing the square for their 3-term quadratic OR M1 for $9 - y^2 = -16$ A1 for $y^2 = 25$ M1 (dep on first M1) for $2x - 3 = \pm 5$ |
| (e) | $\frac{1}{9}$ | 1 | |

115. 0580_w19_ms_43 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|--|---|-----------|---|
| | $x + 1 - 2x = 3x(x + 1)$ | M2 | M1 for a common denominator of $x(x + 1)$ seen or attempt to multiply through by denominators or for $\frac{x+1-2x}{x(x+1)} = 3$ |
| | $3x^2 + 4x - 1 [= 0]$ oe nfw | A1 | |
| | $[x =] \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \times 3 \times (-1)}}{2 \times 3}$ | B2 | B1FT for $\sqrt{4^2 - 4 \times 3 \times (-1)}$ or better or for $\left(x + \frac{2}{3}\right)^2$ B1FT for $\frac{-4 + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 3}$ or $\frac{-4 - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 3}$ or for $-\frac{2}{3} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{3} + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2}$ |
| | -1.55 and 0.22 final answers | B2 | B1 for each or B1 for -1.548 to -1.549 and 0.215... or for -1.55 and 0.22 seen in working or for -0.22 and 1.55 as final answer or for -1.5 or -1.54 and 0.2 or 0.21 as final answer |

116. 0580_m18_ms_42 Q: 3

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|----------|--|
| (a) | 0 -0.17 2.4 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Fully correct smooth curve | 4 | B3FT for 9 or 10 correct points or B2FT for 7 or 8 correct points or B1FT for 5 or 6 correct points |
| (c) | $x \leq 0.17$ to 0.25 and $x \geq 2.25$ to 2.3 | 3 | B2 for strict inequalities or one correct or B1 for 0.17 to 0.25 and 2.25 to 2.3 seen |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|------------------------------|----------|---|
| (d)(i) | $y = 4 - x$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for $4 - x$ or $y = k - x$ or $y = 4 + kx$ oe |
| (d)(ii) | correct ruled line | 1 | FT if in form $y = mx + c$ oe ($m, c \neq 0$) |
| | 0.125 to 0.2 and 2.15 to 2.2 | 2 | B1 for each |

117. 0580_m18_ms_42 Q: 4

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|------|---|
| (a) | $[\pm]\sqrt{k-s}$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $t^2 = k - s$ |
| (b)(i) | $(x-5)(x+5)$ final answer | 1 | |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{x-5}{x-7}$ nfwf final answer | 3 | M2 for $(x-7)(x+5)$ or M1 for $x(x+5) - 7(x+5)$ or $x(x-7) + 5(x-7)$ or $(x+a)(x+b)$ where $a+b = -2$ or $ab = -35$ |
| (c) | $\frac{4x^2 - 7x - 8}{x(x+1)}$ or $\frac{4x^2 - 7x - 8}{x^2 + x}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $(x-8)(x+1) + 3x \times x$ oe isw B1 for common denominator $x(x+1)$ oe isw |
| (d) | 3, 4, 5, 6 nfwf | 3 | B2 for 3 correct or 4 correct and 1 extra or M2 for $n > \frac{18}{8}$ oe and $n \leq 6$ or M1 for $18 < 8n [\leq 30 + 3n]$ or $[18 - 3n <] 5n \leq 30$ seen |

118. 0580_m18_ms_42 Q: 6

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | $y > x$ | 1 | |
| | $x \geq 15$ | 1 | |
| | $y < 50$ | 1 | |
| | $x + y \leq 70$ | 1 | |
| (b) | Four correct ruled lines and correct region indicated | 5 | all lines ruled B1 for $y = x$ broken B1 for $x = 15$ B1 for $y = 50$ broken B1 for $x + y = 70$ |
| (c) | 189 | 2 | M1 for (21, 49) seen or for $2x + 3y$ written for a point (x, y) in <i>their</i> region where x and y are integers |

119. 0580_m18_ms_42 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | 25 9 16 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b)(i) | $(n-1)^2$ oe | 2 | B1 for any quadratic of form $[1]n^2[+bn+c]$ |
| (b)(ii) | $n+3$ oe | 1 | |
| (c) | 25 | 2 | M1 for <i>their</i> $(n-1)^2 = 576$ |
| (d)(i) | $n^2 - 3n - 2$ final answer | 3 | M1 for <i>their</i> $(n-1)^2 - \text{their}(n+3)$ oe or 2nd diff = 2 soi B1 for $n^2 - n - n + 1$ or better or $-n - 3$ or for expression of form $n^2 - 2n - n + k$ or correct expression not in simplest form |
| (d)(ii) | 808 cao | 2 | M1 for substituting 30 in <i>their</i> (d)(i) |

120. 0580_s18_ms_41 Q: 5

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|-----------------------------|------|---|
| (a)(i) | $(2n+m)(m-3)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $m(2n+m) - 3(2n+m)$ or $2n(m-3) + m(m-3)$ |
| (a)(ii) | $(2y-9)(2y+9)$ final answer | 1 | |
| (a)(iii) | $(t-4)(t-2)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $(t-4)(t-2)$ seen and spoiled or M1 for $t(t-2) - 4(t-2)$ or $t(t-4) - 2(t-4)$ or $(t+a)(t+b)$ where $a+b = -6$ or $ab = +8$ |
| (b) | $[x =] \frac{2m}{k+1}$ | 4 | M1 for $xk = 2m - x$ or $k = \frac{2m}{x} - 1$ M1 for $xk + x = 2m$ or $k + 1 = \frac{2m}{x}$ M1 for $x(k+1) = 2m$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|-----------|--|
| (c) | correctly eliminating one variable | M1 | |
| | $[x =] 6$ | A1 | |
| | $[y =] -2$ | A1 | If 0 scored SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations or SC1 if no working shown, but 2 correct answers given |
| (d)(i) | $3m - 4(m + 4) = 6m(m + 4)$ | M1 | or $\frac{3m - 4(m + 4)}{m(m + 4)} [= 6]$ oe |
| | $3m - 4m - 16 = 6m^2 + 24m$ | M1 | removes brackets correctly |
| | $6m^2 + 25m + 16 = 0$ | A1 | with no errors or omissions |
| (d)(ii) | $\frac{-25 \pm \sqrt{(25)^2 - 4(6)(16)}}{2 \times 6}$ or $\frac{-25}{12} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{25}{12}\right)^2 - \frac{16}{6}}$ | 2 | B1 for $\sqrt{(25)^2 - 4(6)(16)}$ or better or B1 for $\left(m + \frac{25}{12}\right)^2$ and if in form $\frac{p + \sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p - \sqrt{q}}{r}$ B1 for $p = -25$ and $r = 2(6)$ |
| | -0.79 and -3.38 final ans cao | 2 | B1 for each SC1 for -0.8 and -3.4 or for -0.78 and -3.37 or $-0.789...$ and $-3.377...$ or 0.79 and 3.38 or -0.79 and -3.38 seen in working |

121. 0580_s18_ms_41 Q: 7

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|-----------|---|
| (a) | $x = 0$ | 1 | |
| (b) | Tangent ruled at $x = 0.5$ | B1 | No daylight between tangent and curve at point of contact |
| | –9 to –6.5 | 2 | dep on ruled tangent or close attempt at tangent at $x = 0.5$ M1 for rise/run also dep on tangent or close attempt at tangent at $x = 0.5$ |
| (c)(i) | 0 2.4 or better 4 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (c)(ii) | Correct smooth curve | 4 | B3FT for 6 or 7 correct plots or B2 FT for 4 or 5 correct plots or B1 FT for 2 or 3 correct plots FT <i>their</i> table |
| (d) | $x^3 + 3x + 4 = 10 - 8x^2$ and correctly completed | 1 | |
| (e) | line $y = -2x + 2$ drawn and –0.45 to –0.35 nfw | 3 | B2 for ruled $y = -2x + 2$ or B1 for $-2x + 2$ seen or for line $y = -2x + c$ drawn or for $y = cx + 2$ ($c \neq 0$) drawn and B1 for –0.45 to –0.35 nfw |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|------|---|
| (a) | 18 28 | 2 | B1 for each |
| (b) | $3n + 3$ oe | 2 | B1 for $3n + k$ oe or $cn + 3$ oe $c \neq 0$ |
| (c) | 45 | 2 | M1 for identifying 7th pattern or M1 for <i>their</i> $(3n + 3) = 24$ |
| (d) | $[a =] \frac{3}{2}$ oe $[b =] \frac{13}{3}$ oe | 6 | <p>M1 for any correct substitution e.g. $\frac{1}{6}(2)^3 + 2^2a + 2b$</p> <p>A1 for one of e.g. $\frac{1}{6} + a + b = 6$ oe $\frac{8}{6} + 4a + 2b = 16$ oe $\frac{27}{6} + 9a + 3b = 31$ oe $\frac{64}{6} + 16a + 4b = 52$ oe</p> <p>A1 for another of the above M1 for correctly eliminating one variable from <i>their</i> equations A1 for $a = \frac{3}{2}$ A1 for $b = \frac{13}{3}$ oe</p> |

123. 0580_s18_ms_42 Q: 4

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|-------------------------------|------|---|
| (a)(i) | $243p^{10}$ final answer | 2 | B1 for answer $243p^k$ or kp^{10} ($k \neq 0$) |
| (a)(ii) | $9xy^4$ final answer | 2 | B1 for answer with two correct elements in correct form of expression |
| (a)(iii) | $\frac{m^2}{25}$ final answer | 1 | |
| (b) | 10 | 4 | <p>B2 for $x = 8$ or for [length of rectangle =] 31 or M1 for $5x - 9 = 3x + 7$ oe or better</p> <p>M1 for $\frac{310}{(3 \times \text{their } x + 7)}$</p> <p>or $\frac{310}{(5 \times \text{their } x - 9)}$</p> <p><u>Alt method using simultaneous eqns</u> M1 for $5xw - 9w = 310$ and $3xw + 7w = 310$ M1 for equating coefficients of xw</p> <p>M1 for subtraction to eliminate term in xw</p> |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|------|--|
| (a) | $-2[.0], -0.2, 2.5$ | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Fully correct curve | 5 | B4 for correct curve, but branches joined or B3FT for 9 or 10 correct plots or B2FT for 7 or 8 correct plots or B1FT for 5 or 6 correct plots and B1 indep two separate branches not touching or cutting y-axis |
| (c)(i) | Correct tangent and $3 \leq \text{grad} \leq 5$ | 3 | B2 for close attempt at tangent to curve at $x = -2$ and answer in range OR B1 for ruled tangent at $x = -2$, no daylight at $x = -2$ and M1dep (dep on B1 or close attempt at tangent) [at $x = -2$] for $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$ |
| (c)(ii) | [y =] <i>their(c)(i) x + their y-intercept</i> final answer | 2 | Strict FT <i>their y-intercept</i> for <i>their</i> line M1 for $y = \text{their(c)(i)} x + \text{any value}$ or 'c' oe seen or for $y = \text{any value}(\text{non-zero}) x$ or 'mx' + <i>their y-intercept</i> seen oe |
| (d)(i) | 1.05 to 1.25 | 1 | |
| (d)(ii) | -2.3 to -2.2 -0.4 to -0.3 0.3 to 0.4 | 3 | B1 for each After 0 scored B1 for $y = -4$ ruled |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| (e) | $[a =] 2$ $[b =] 24$ $[n =] 5$ | 3 | B2 for 2 correct or for $2x^5 + 24x^2$ [$-3 = 0$] or B1 for 1 correct or for $\frac{2x^5 - 3 + 4(6x^2)}{6x^2}$ [$= 0$] oe If 0 scored SC1 for $2x^5$ seen in final line of algebra |

125. 0580_s18_ms_42 Q: 8

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 1 | 2 | M1 for $h(0)$ or for 2^{8-3x} |
| (a)(ii) | 8 | 2 | M1 for $g(\frac{1}{4})$ or for $\frac{10}{2^x+1}$ |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|------|---|
| (a)(iii) | $\frac{10-x}{x}$ or $\frac{10}{x}-1$ final answer | 3 | M2 for $x = \frac{10-y}{y}$ or better or $xy = 10 - x$ or better or $y + 1 = \frac{10}{x}$ or M1 for $x(y+1) = 10$ or $y(x+1) = 10$ or $x = \frac{10}{y+1}$ or $x+1 = \frac{10}{y}$ |
| (a)(iv) | 5 | 1 | |
| (b) | $\frac{-3x^2+5x+18}{x+1}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $\frac{(8-3x)(x+1)+10}{x+1}$ B1 for $-3x^2-3x+8x+8$ [+10] |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|-----------|---|
| (a) | 15.6[0] | 4 | B3 for $20900x = 326040$ or better or M2 for $18500x + 2400(x - 2.5[0]) = 320040$ or M1 for $18500x$ or $2400(x - 2.5[0])$ |
| (b)(i) | $(y+12)(y-7)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $(y+a)(y+b)$ where $ab = -84$ or $a+b=5$ or $y(y+12)-7(y+12)$ or $y(y-7)+12(y-7)$ |
| (b)(ii) | 38 cao | 3 | B2 for $y=7$ or M1 for $y(y+5)=84$ oe |
| (c)(i) | $168(m-0.75) + 207m = 100m(m-0.75)$ oe OR $207 = 100m - 168 - 75 + \frac{126}{m}$ | M2 | May be all over common denominator M1 for $\frac{168}{m}$ or $\frac{207}{m-0.75}$ used |
| | at least one interim line leading to $50m^2 - 225m + 63 = 0$ | A1 | No errors or omissions |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|-----------|---|
| (c)(ii) | $(10m-3)(5m-21)$ OR $m = \frac{-(-225) \pm \sqrt{(-225)^2 - 4(50)(63)}}{2(50)}$ oe OR $m = \frac{225}{100} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{225}{100}\right)^2 - \frac{63}{50}}$ oe | B2 | M1 for $(10m+a)(5m+b)$ where $ab=63$ or $5a+10b=-225$ or $10m(5m-21)-3(5m-21)$ or $5m(10m-3)-21(10m-3)$ OR M1 for $\sqrt{(-225)^2 - 4(50)(63)}$ or for $p = -(-225)$, $r = 2(50)$ if in form $\frac{p+\sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p-\sqrt{q}}{r}$ OR M1 for $\left(m - \frac{225}{100}\right)^2$ oe |
| | 4.2[0] cao | B1 | |

127. 0580_s18_ms_43 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 26 | 2 | M1 for $g(5)$ or for $(x^2 + 1)^2 + 1$ |
| (a)(ii) | $x^2 + 4x + 5$ | 2 | M1 for $(x + 2)^2 + 1$ |
| (a)(iii) | 5 | 2 | M1 for $2x - 3 = 7$ |
| (a)(iv) | $\frac{x+3}{2}$ oe | 2 | M1 for $x = 2y - 3$ or $y + 3 = 2x$ or $\frac{y}{2} = x - \frac{3}{2}$ oe |
| (b)(i) | [0].70 cao | 2 | B1 for [0].696 to [0].697 |
| (b)(ii) | 4 cao | 1 | |

128. 0580_w18_ms_41 Q: 9

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|---|-----------|---|
| (a)(i) | $\frac{72}{m}$ | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $\frac{72}{m+0.9}$ | 1 | |
| (b) | $\frac{72}{m} - \frac{72}{m+0.9} = 4$ oe | M1 | FT their (a)(i) and (a)(ii) if expressions in m |
| | $72(m+0.9) - 72m = 4m(m+0.9)$ oe | M1 | Dependent on M1 and correct fractions |
| | $[72m - 72m] + 64.8 = 4m^2 + 3.6m$ oe nfw | A1 | |
| | Correct completion to $10m^2 + 9m - 162 = 0$ | A1 | |
| (c)(i) | 3.6 and -4.5 final answer | 3 | B2 for $(2m+9)(5m-18)$ or $\frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{(9)^2 - 4(10)(-162)}}{2 \times 10}$ or better or B1 for $(am+b)(cm+d)$ where $ac = 10$ and either $bd = -162$ or $ad + bc = 9$ or for $\sqrt{(9)^2 - 4(10)(-162)}$ or better or $\frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{q}}{2(10)}$ or better |
| (c)(ii) | 20 | 1 | |

129. 0580_w18_ms_41 Q: 11

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | $5(m - 2p^2)(m + 2p^2)$ final answer | 3 | M2 for $(5m + k)(m + j)$ where $kj = -20p^4$ or $5j + k = 0$ or M1 for $5(m^2 - 4p^4)$ seen |
| (b) | $[P =] \frac{100A}{100 + RT}$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $100A = 100P + PRT$ or for $A = P(1 + \frac{RT}{100})$ M1 for $100A = P(100 + RT)$ or for $\frac{A}{1 + \frac{RT}{100}} = P$ or for $100A = P(1 + RT)$ after $100A = P + PRT$ as first step |

130. 0580_w18_ms_42 Q: 2

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|------|--|
| (a) | -1.5 | 3 | M1 for $30 + 2x = 9 - 12x$ or $10 + \frac{2}{3}x = 3 - 4x$ M1 for collecting <i>their</i> terms correctly to reach $ax = b$ |
| (b) | $6ab^2(2b + 3a^2)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for any correct partial factorisation seen or for correct answer seen |
| (c)(i) | $10a^5c^9$ final answer | 2 | B1 for final answer with $10a^k c^9$ or $10a^5 c^k$ or $ka^5 c^9$ |
| (c)(ii) | $\frac{8a^6}{c^9}$ or $8a^6 c^{-9}$ final answer | 2 | B1 for final answer with $\frac{8a^6}{c^k}$ or $\frac{8a^k}{c^9}$ or $\frac{ka^6}{c^9}$ [$k \neq 0$] or for correct answer seen |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--|------|--|
| (d) | 0.5 or $\frac{1}{2}$ | 3 | M1 for $y = \frac{k}{(x+2)^2}$ oe B1 for $k = 50$ or M2 for $2(3+2)^2 = y(8+2)^2$ oe |
| (e) | $\frac{7x-x^2}{2(x-2)}$ or $\frac{7x-x^2}{2x-4}$ oe final answer | 3 | M1 for $5 \times 2 - (x-5)(x-2)$ oe seen M1 for common denominator $2(x-2)$ oe isw |

131. 0580_w18_ms_42 Q: 4

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---|-----------|--|
| (a) | $\frac{1}{2} \times 4(x-1) \times (2x+5)[\sin 90] = 30$ oe | M1 | |
| | $8x^2 - 8x + 20x - 20$ or better | B1 | correct expansion of brackets |
| | Completion to $2x^2 + 3x - 20 = 0$ | A1 | with no errors or omissions seen |
| (b) | $(2x-5)(x+4)$ | M2 | Allow M2 for e.g. $2x(x+4) - 5(x+4)$ then $2x - 5 [= 0]$ and $x + 4 [= 0]$ M1 for $2x(x+4) - 5(x+4)$ or $x(2x-5) + 4(2x-5)$ or $(2x+a)(x+b) [= 0]$ where $ab = -20$ or $a + 2b = 3$ [a, b integers] |
| | 2.5 and -4 cao | B1 | |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|------------------------------------|------|--|
| (c) | 11.7 or $11.66 \dots$ or 11.67 | 3 | M2dep for $(4(\text{their } 2.5 - 1))^2 + (2 \times \text{their } 2.5 + 5)^2$ or M1dep for $4(\text{their } 2.5 - 1)$ or $2 \times \text{their } 2.5 + 5$ OR B1 for $\sqrt{20x^2 - 12x + 41}$ and M1dep for substituting $x = \text{their } 2.5$ into $\sqrt{20x^2 - 12x + 41}$ at any stage |

132. 0580_w18_ms_42 Q: 6

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--------|------|---|
| (a) | 0.6 | 1 | |
| (b) | 50.7 | 3 | M2 for $1.2 \times 19 + \frac{1}{2}(19 + 12) \times 1.8$ oe or M1 for method for finding any relevant area |
| (c) | 17.9 | 3 | M2 for <i>their</i> $50.7 - 1.2 \times 19 [-10]$ oe or M1 for 1.2×19 oe seen isw |

133. 0580_w18_ms_43 Q: 4

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|--------|------|--------------------|
| (a) | -1, 3 | 2 | B1 for each |

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|--|-----------|---|
| (b) | Correct graph | 3 | B2FT for 6 or 7 correct points or B1FT for 4 or 5 correct points |
| (c) | Correct ruled tangent and $-2 \leq \text{gradient} \leq -1.5$ | 3 | B2 for close attempt at tangent at $x = -4$ and answer in range OR B1 for ruled tangent at $x = -4$ with no daylight and M1 for rise/run also dep on close attempt at tangent. Must see correct or implied calculation from a drawn tangent. |
| (d) | -3, 3 | 1 | |
| (e) | Correct graph | 4 | B3FT for 7 or 8 correct points or B2FT for 5 or 6 correct points or B1FT for 3 or 4 correct points |
| (f)(i) | 3.6 to 3.85 | 1 | |
| (f)(ii) | $x > \text{their (f)(i)}$ | 1 | FT |
| (g) | $\frac{x^2}{4} = \frac{9}{x} + \frac{4}{x}$ or $\frac{x^3}{4} - 4 = 9$ | M1 | Allow $\frac{13}{x}$ for $\frac{9}{x} + \frac{4}{x}$ |
| | 52 | A1 | |

134. 0580_w18_ms_43 Q: 9

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----|---------------------------------|------|--|
| (a) | 0 | 1 | |
| (b) | 5 | 2 | M1 for $3(3^x) + 4$ or better or $f(\frac{1}{3})$ or $f(3^{-1})$ |
| (c) | $\frac{x+1}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 2y - 1$ or $y + 1 = 2x$ or $\frac{y}{2} = x - \frac{1}{2}$ or better |
| (d) | $9x + 16$ | 2 | M1 for $3(3x + 4) + 4$ oe |
| (e) | $9x^2 + 24x + 16$ | 2 | B1 for three terms from $9x^2 + 12x + 12x + 16$ correct |
| (f) | 27 | 2 | M1 for $x = h(\text{their } g(2))$ |

135. 0580_w18_ms_43 Q: 10

| | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|---------|-----------------------|------|--|
| (a) | $\frac{8}{15}$ | B1 | |
| | $\frac{n+2}{2n+3}$ oe | B2 | B1 for $n + 2$ as numerator or $2n + 3$ as denominator |
| (b)(i) | $1 - 2n$ oe | 2 | B1 for $-2n + k$ oe or $pn + 1$ ($p \neq 0$) oe |
| (b)(ii) | $n^3 + 1$ oe | 2 | M1 for cubic expression |

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|---|------|--|
| (a) (i) | $(3x-1)(x+4)$ | 2 | M1 for $(3x+b)(x+c)$ with $bc = -4$ or $3c + b = 11$ or for $3x(x+4) - 1(x+4)$ or for $x(3x-1) + 4(3x-1)$ |
| (ii) | $\frac{1}{3}$ oe and -4 | 1 | |
| (b) (i) | $2 \times 2(x-4) - 2(2x+11) = (2x+11)(x-4)$ or better | M2 | M1 for common denom $2(2x+11)(x-4)$ seen or attempt to multiply through by denoms or for $\frac{2(x-4) - (2x+11)}{(2x+11)(x-4)} \left[= \frac{1}{2} \right]$ |
| | $2x^2 + 11x - 8x - 44$ or better | B1 | or for other correct relevant 2 bracket expansion if alt method used |
| | $4x - 16 - 4x - 22 = 2x^2 - 8x + 11x - 44$ $2x^2 + 3x - 6 = 0$ | A1 | correct solution reached with all brackets expanded and no errors or omissions seen |
| (ii) | $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{(3)^2 - 4(2)(-6)}}{2 \times 2}$ | 2 | B1 for $\sqrt{(3)^2 - 4(2)(-6)}$ or better or $\left(x + \frac{3}{4}\right)^2$ oe and B1 for $\frac{-3 + \sqrt{q}}{2(2)}$ or $\frac{-3 - \sqrt{q}}{2(2)}$ or better or $-\frac{3}{4} + \sqrt{\frac{57}{16}}$ oe or $-\frac{3}{4} - \sqrt{\frac{57}{16}}$ oe |
| | -2.64 and 1.14 final ans cao | B1B1 | SC1 for -2.6 or $-2.637...$ and 1.1 or $1.137...$ or -2.64 and 1.14 seen in working or 2.64 and -1.14 as final answers |

Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

137. 0580_m17_ms_42 Q: 9

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|-----------------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | $x < 10$ oe | 1 | Accept $x \leq 9$ |
| | $y \geq 2$ oe | 1 | Accept $y > 1$ |
| (b) | $x + 3y \leq 21$ oe | 1 | Mark answer line isw |
| (c) | ruled broken line $x = 10$ | B1 | or ruled line $x = 9$ |
| | ruled line $y = 2$ | B1 | or ruled broken line $y = 1$ |
| | ruled line from (0, 7) to (21, 0) | B2 | SC1 for line with negative gradient correct only at (0, 7) or (21, 0) |
| | correct region indicated cao | 1 | |
| (d) (i) | 4 | 1 | |
| (ii) | 20 | 1 | |

138. 0580_m17_ms_42 Q: 11

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|------------------|------|--|
| (a) | 4 5 6 7 | 1 | |
| | 8 16 32 64 128 | 3 | B2 for 3 or 4 correct or B1 for first 2 correct If 0 scored, SC1 for 4 values correctly doubled FT one error |
| (b) | 2^n oe | 1 | |
| (c) (i) | $2 + 4 + 8 = 14$ | 1 | |
| | $16 - 2 = 14$ | 1 | or for $14 + 2 = 16 = 2^4$ |
| (ii) | 62 | 2 | B1 for each |
| | and 6 | | |
| (iii) | $2^{n+1} - 2$ oe | 1 | |
| (iv) | 9 | 1 | |

139. 0580_s17_ms_41 Q: 4

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|--|-----------|--|
| (a) | -1.6 to -1.4 | 1 | |
| (b) | -0.5 | 1 | |
| (c) | $k > -4$ | 2 | B1 for identifying the -4 or for horizontal line drawn $y = -4$ |
| (d) | $y = x - 5$ ruled and -2.3 to -2.1 -1.2 to -1.1 1.3 to 1.4 | 3 | B2 for correct line and 2 correct values or no line and 3 correct values or B1 for no line and 2 correct values or B1 for correct line |
| (e) | Tangent ruled at $x = 1$ | B1 | No daylight at point of contact. Consider point of contact as midpoint between two vertices of daylight, the midpoint must be between $x = 0.8$ and 1.2 |
| | -6 to -4 | 2 | Dep on B1 or close attempt at tangent at $x = 1$ M1 for rise/run for <i>their</i> tangent at $x = 1$ |

140. 0580_s17_ms_41 Q: 6

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|-------------------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | $-7x + 55$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $8x + 20$ or $-15x + 35$ or answer $-7x + k$ or $kx + 55$ |
| (a)(ii) | $x^2 - 14x + 49$ final answer | 2 | M1 for 3 of $x^2 - 7x - 7x + 49$ |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|----------|------------|------|---|
| (b)(i) | -18 | 3 | M1 for a correct first step ie correctly multiplying by 3 or correctly dividing by 2 or for correctly subtracting 5 M1 for correctly reaching $ax = b$ from <i>their</i> first step |
| (b)(ii) | 15 | 3 | M2 for $6x - 4x = 21 + 9$ oe or M1 for $6x - 21$ or correct division by 3 or for correctly reaching $ax = b$ from <i>their</i> first step |
| (b)(iii) | 5 and -5 | 3 | B2 for 5 or -5 or M1 for $[x^2 =] (74 + 1) \div 3$ or better |

141. 0580_s17_ms_41 Q: 9

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|-------------------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 5 and 13 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $8n - 3 = 203$ | M1 | Evaluation of 25th or 26th term with supporting evidence or explanation |
| | 25.75 or $25\frac{3}{4}$ | A1 | Second evaluation of 25th or 26th terms with supporting evidence or explanation If zero scored, SC1 for 25.75 or 197 and 205 with partial evidence or explanation |
| (b)(i) | $6n + 7$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for $6n + c$ or $kn + 7$ $k \neq 0$ |
| (b)(ii) | $n^2 + n + 2$ oe final answer | 2 | B1 for a quadratic expression or second difference = 2 |
| (c) | [y =] 10 | 2 | M1 for $5(20 - y) = 50$ |
| | [First term =] 14 | 2 | M1 for $5(x - \text{their } y) = 20$ or for $20 \div 5 + \text{their } y$ |

142. 0580_s17_ms_42 Q: 4

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|--|-------|---|
| (a) | -1.75 to -1.7 | 1 | |
| | 1.7 to 1.75 | 1 | |
| (b)(i) | Correct ruled solid tangent at (-1.5, 3.5) | 1 | |
| (b)(ii) | -7 to -5 | 2 dep | dep on close attempt at ruled solid tangent at $x = -1.5$ in part (b)(i) M1 for rise/run dep on close attempt at ruled solid tangent at $x = -1.5$ |
| (c)(i) | 1 | 1 | |
| (c)(ii) | Correct curve | 3 | B2 for 4 or 5 correct points or B1 for 2 or 3 correct points |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|--|------|-----------------------------------|
| (d)(i) | -0.95 to -0.8 | 1 | |
| | 1.1 to 1.45 | 1 | |
| (d)(ii) | <i>their</i> (-0.95 to -0.8) < x < <i>their</i> (1.1 to 1.45) oe | 1FT | correct or FT <i>their</i> (d)(i) |
| (e)(i) | 0.125 oe and 0.03125 oe and 0.000976 to 0.000977 oe | 1 | |
| (e)(ii) | 0 | 1 | accept zero, nought, etc |

143. 0580_s17_ms_42 Q: 7

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|---|------|--|
| (a)(i) | 4.5 or $4\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{9}{2}$ final answer | 3 | M2 for $[2](4x + 7) = [2](6x - 2)$ oe or M1 for $2(2x + 6) + 2(2x + 1)$ oe or $4(3x - 1)$ oe or M1 for correctly reaching $ax = b$ from <i>their</i> linear equation |
| (a)(ii) | $(2x + 6)(2x + 1) = (3x - 1)^2$ | M1 | May be seen in different stages |
| | $5x^2 - 20x - 5 [= 0]$ oe | B3 | B1 for $4x^2 + 2x + 12x + 6$ or better B1 for $9x^2 - 3x - 3x + 1$ or better |
| | $\frac{-(-20) \pm \sqrt{(-20)^2 - 4(5)(-5)}}{2(5)}$ oe | M2 | FT <i>their</i> 3 term quadratic provided formula used or complete the square M1 for $\sqrt{(-20)^2 - 4(5)(-5)}$ oe or if in form $\frac{-(-20) + \sqrt{q}}{2(5)}$ or $\frac{-(-20) - \sqrt{q}}{2(5)}$ FT \pm <i>their</i> quadratic or for completing the square M2 for $2 \pm \sqrt{1 + 2^2}$ or M1 for $(x - 2)^2$ |
| | 4.24 or 4.236... cao | B1 | |
| (b)(i) | $(x + 5)(x - 1)$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $x(x - 1) + 5(x - 1)$ or $x(x + 5) - [1](x + 5)$ or for $(x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = -5$ or $a + b = 4$ |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|--|-----------|---|
| (b)(ii) | $5(x+1) - 8x = x(x+1)$ or $5x + 5 - 8x = x^2 + x$ | M2 | Could be seen in different stages M1 for $5(x+1) - 8x$ seen or for common denominator of $x(x+1)$ for LHS or both sides soi |
| | -5 and 1 cao | A2 | A1 for $x^2 + 4x - 5 [= 0]$ oe |

144. 0580_s17_ms_42 Q: 9

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|---------------------------|------------|--|
| (a)(i) | 100 | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | 92.3 or 92.29... to 92.31 | 3 | M2 for $200 \div (2 + \frac{10}{60})$ oe or M1 for $200 \div \text{their time interval}$ or M1 for $\frac{10}{60}$ soi oe |
| (b)(i) | 240 nfw | 3 | M2 for $\frac{V}{2} \left(\frac{30}{60} + \frac{20}{60} \right) = 100$ oe or M1 for any correct relevant area seen in terms of V |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{2}{9}$ oe | 2FT | FT for <i>their</i> (b)(i) $\div 1080$ to 3 sf or better M1 for <i>their</i> (b)(i) $\times \frac{1000}{3600}$ soi |

145. 0580_s17_ms_42 Q: 10

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|---------------------------------|----------|---|
| (a) | -11 | 1 | |
| (b) | 7 | 2 | M1 for $3x - 2 = 19$ or better |
| (c) | 25 | 2 | M1 for $3 \times 3^x - 2$ oe |
| (d) | $9x^2 - 8x + 2$ final answer | 3 | M1 for $(3x-2)^2 + 3x - 2 + x$ oe B1 for $\left[(3x-2)^2 = \right] 9x^2 - 6x - 6x + 4$ oe |
| (e) | $\frac{x+2}{3}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 3y - 2$ or $y + 2 = 3x$ or $\frac{y}{3} = x - \frac{2}{3}$ or better |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|----------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | 0 2.25 2 1.25 | 4 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Fully correct smooth curve | 4 | B3 FT for 7 or 8 points or B2 FT for 5 or 6 points or B1 FT for 3 or 4 points |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|------------------------|------|---|
| (c) | 1 | 1 | |
| (d)(i) | $[y =] x + 1$ | 1 | |
| (d)(ii) | -2.2 to -2.1 | 1 | |
| | -0.45 to -0.4 | 1 | |
| | 0.51 to 0.6 | 1 | If zero scored, SC1 for <i>their</i> line in (d)(i) drawn. It must be of the form $y = mx + c$ ($m \neq 0$) and drawn 'fit for purpose' |
| (e) | $-1.33 < k < 0$ to 0.1 | 2FT | FT Strict fit of <i>their</i> max point and min point dep on cubic graph or accept correct answer from calculus B1 for each If zero scored, SC1 for two correct values reversed |

147. 0580_s17_ms_43 Q: 7

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|---|------|--|
| (a) | $[x =] -5$ $[y =] 7$ with correct working | 4 | M1 for correctly equating one set of coefficients M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable OR M1 for correctly rearranging one equation M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable A1 $x = -5$ A1 $y = 7$ both dep on M2 If zero scored, SC1 for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations SC1 if no correct working shown, but 2 correct answers given |
| (b) | $[a =] 36$ $[b =] -6$ | 3 | B2 for either correct or M1 for $a = b^2$ or for $x^2 + bx + bx + b^2$ or better or for $(x - 6)^2$ seen and M1 for $2b = -12$ soi |
| (c) | $\frac{7x^2 - 12x - 10}{(2x - 5)(x - 1)}$ oe final answer nfw | 4 | B1 for common denom $(2x - 5)(x - 1)$ seen oe isw M1 for $x(x - 1) + (3x + 2)(2x - 5)$ soi isw B1 for $6x^2 - 15x + 4x - 10$ soi |

148. 0580_s17_ms_43 Q: 11

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|--|---|--------|--|
| | 64 $(n + 3)^2$ oe final answer | 1, 2 | M1 for a quadratic expression seen or second differences 2 |
| | 17 $3n + 2$ oe final answer | 1, 2 | B1 for $3n + k$ (any k) or $kn + 2$ ($k \neq 0$) |
| | 47 $(n + 3)^2 - (3n + 2)$ oe isw | 1, 2FT | FT <i>their</i> difference expressions $A - B$ M1 for expression $an^2 + bn + c$ seen or second differences 2 |
| | $\frac{7}{6} \frac{n + 2}{n + 1}$ oe final answer | 1, 2 | B1 for $\frac{n + k + 1}{n + k}$ seen |

149. 0580_w17_ms_41 Q: 3

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|---|------|---|
| (a) | -2.75 or $-2\frac{3}{4}$ | 2 | M1 for $11x - 3x = -7 - 15$ or better |
| (b)(i) | $(x + 11)(x - 2)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $(x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = -22$ or $a + b = 9$ |
| (b)(ii) | -11 and 2 final answer | 1 | |
| (c) | $[x] = \frac{2a}{2-y}$ or $\frac{-2a}{y-2}$ nfw final answer | 4 | M1 for clearing the x term in the denominator M1 for correctly removing the bracket (expand or divide by 2) M1 for factorising to obtain single x term M1 for <i>their</i> factor and division Incorrect answer scores 3 out of 4 maximum |
| (d) | $\frac{x}{x+6}$ nfw final answer | 3 | M1 for $x(x - 6)$ M1 for $(x + 6)(x - 6)$ |

150. 0580_w17_ms_41 Q: 4

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|--|-----------|--|
| (a) | 10, 7 | 2 | B1 for each value |
| (b) | Correct curve | 4 | B3 FT for 10 or 11 correct points B2 FT for 8 or 9 correct points B1 FT for 6 or 7 correct points FT <i>their</i> table |
| (c) | -1.7 to -1.55 | 1 | FT <i>their</i> graph if one answer |
| (d) | Tangent ruled at $x = 3.5$ | B1 | No daylight between tangent and curve at point of contact |
| | 6.5 to 11 | B2 | dep on tangent drawn or close attempt at tangent at $x = 3.5$ M1 for rise/run also dep on tangent or close attempt at $x = 3.5$ |
| (e) | line $y = 2x + 10$ ruled <u>AND</u> -1.3 to -1.1 1 4.1 to 4.25 | 4 | B3 for correct line (could be short) and 1 correct value or B2 for correct line (could be short) or B1 for $[y =] 2x + 10$ seen If zero scored, SC1 for no/wrong line and 3 correct values |

151. 0580_w17_ms_41 Q: 6

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | 18 22 $4n + 2$ oe 17 26 $n^2 + 1$ oe | 6 | B2 for 18, 22, 17, 26 or B1 for two or three correct values AND B2 for $4n + 2$ oe or B1 for $4n + k$ oe or $pn + 2$ ($p \neq 0$) AND B2 for $n^2 + 1$ oe or B1 for $n^2 + k$ oe |
| (b) | 242 | 1 | FT <i>their</i> $4n + 2$ provided a linear expression |
| (c) | 15 | 1 | |
| (d) | 3 | 2 | M1 for $2 \times 1^2 + 2 \times 1 + q = 7$ oe |

152. 0580_w17_ms_41 Q: 7

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| (a) | -7 | 1 | |
| (b) | $\frac{4}{64}$ or better | 2 | M1 for $g(4^3)$ soi or $\frac{4}{4^x}$ or better |
| (c) | $\frac{3-x}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x = 3 - 2y$ or $2x = 3 - y$ or $\frac{y}{2} = \frac{3}{2} - x$ or $\frac{y-3}{-2}$ oe as final answer |
| (d) | 4^{3-2x} | M1 | |
| | Correctly interprets the indices | M1 | Dep on previous M1 e.g. $4^3 \times 4^{-2x}$ or $4^3 \times \frac{1}{4^{2x}}$ or $\frac{4^3}{4^{2x}}$ |
| | $\frac{64}{16^x}$ nfw | A1 | Correct completion with no errors |
| (e) | 1.5 | 2 | B1 for $4^x = 8$ or better |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|--|-----------|---|
| (a) | 3.2 or 3.15 or 3.152 to 3.153 5.2 or 5.19 or 5.20 or 5.196... | 2 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Correct graph for $0.5 \leq x \leq 3.5$ | 4 | B3FT for 6 or 7 correct points or B2FT for 4 or 5 correct points or B1FT for 2 or 3 correct points |
| (c) | 1.7 to 1.8 | 1FT | FT <i>their</i> graph if one answer |
| (d)(i) | Any integer $k \geq -1$ | 1 | |
| (d)(ii) | Any integer $k < -1$ | 1 | |
| (e) | Tangent ruled at $x = -3$ | B1 | |
| | 2.5 to 4 | B2 | dep on tangent drawn at $x = -3$ or close attempt at tangent at $x = -3$ M1 for rise/run also dep on tangent at $x = -3$ or close attempt at tangent at $x = -3$ |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|--|-----------|--|
| (f)(i) | $y = 6 - x$ ruled accurately | M2 | M1 for correct line but freehand or ruled line gradient -1.1 to -0.9 , or through $(0, 6)$ but not $y = 6$ |
| | $2.85 \leq x \leq 3$ | A1 | |
| (f)(ii) | $[a =] 8$ $[b =] -48$ $[c =] -16$ | 4 | B3 for 2 correct or $x^5 + 8x^3 - 48x^2 - 16 = 0$ seen or $-x^5 - 8x^3 + 48x^2 + 16 = 0$ seen or M2 for correct multiplication by $8x^2$ or B1 for answers $\pm 8, \pm 48, \pm 16$ or M1 for $\frac{x^2 \times x^3 - 8 \times 2}{x^2 \times 8} = 6 - x$ or M1 for correct multiplication by 8 or M1 for correct multiplication by x^2 |

154. 0580_w17_ms_42 Q: 8

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|------------|--|--------------|--|
| (a)(i) | $7a + 9p = 354$ oe final answer | 1 | |
| (a)(ii) | $[a =] 21$ $[p =] 23$ | 3 | M1 for correctly eliminating one variable A1 for $a = 21$ A1 for $p = 23$ |
| (b)(i) | $\frac{2}{x}$ | 1 | |
| (b)(ii)(a) | $\frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x-1} = 2$ | M1 | |
| | $2(x-1) + 3x = 2x(x-1)$ oe | M1dep | Both sides of the equation could be over $x(x-1)$ at this stage Dep on M1 or 3 term equation with fractions but one sign error |
| | $2x - 2 + 3x = 2x^2 - 2x$ oe $2x^2 - 7x + 2 = 0$ | A1 | Answer reached with one correctly expanded line seen and no errors seen |
| (b)(ii)(b) | $\sqrt{(-7)^2 - 4(2)(2)}$ | B1 | or for $\left(x - \frac{7}{4}\right)^2$ |
| | $\frac{- -7 + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 2}$ or $\frac{- -7 - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 2}$ | B1 | or for $\frac{7}{4} + \text{or} - \sqrt{-1 + \left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2}$ |
| | 3.19 only | B2 | B1 for 3.19 with other root or for 3.2 or 3.186... isw other root or for 0.31 or 0.314 or 0.3138 to 0.3139 |

155. 0580_w17_ms_42 Q: 9

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|---------------------------------|------|---|
| (a) | 3 | 1 | |
| (b) | $-\frac{2}{5}$ oe | 2 | M1 for $2(1-2x) = x+4$ |
| (c) | $-2x-7$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $1-2(x+4)$ |
| (d) | 26 | 2 | B1 for $h(5)$ soi or M1 for $(x^2+1)^2+1$ |
| (e) | $\frac{1-x}{2}$ oe final answer | 2 | M1 for $x=1-2y$ or $2x=1-y$ or $\frac{y}{2}=\frac{1}{2}-x$ or $y-1=-2x$ |
| (f) | $[p=]-20$ $[q=]26$ | 4 | B3 for $[hgf(x)] = 4x^2-20x+26$ seen and not spoilt by further working or M1 for $(1-2x)+4$ M1 dep for $(their\ (5-2x))^2+1$ B1FT dep for $25-10x-10x+4x^2$ |

156. 0580_w17_ms_43 Q: 2

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|----------|--|------|--|
| (a) | 343 | 1 | |
| (b)(i) | 1 | 1 | |
| (b)(ii) | x^{10} final answer | 1 | |
| (b)(iii) | $9x^{16}$ final answer | 2 | B1 for x^{12} or x^{16} or $(3x^8)^2$ seen |
| (c)(i) | $2(x-3)(x+3)$ final answer | 2 | M1 for $(2x+6)(x-3)$ or $(2x-6)(x+3)$ or $(x-3)(x+3)$ |
| (c)(ii) | $\frac{2(x+3)}{x+10}$ or $\frac{2x+6}{x+10}$ final answer nfw | 3 | M2 for $(x+10)(x-3)$ or M1 for $(x+a)(x+b)$ where $ab=-30$ or $a+b=7$ |

157. 0580_w17_ms_43 Q: 3

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|---------------------------------------|------|---|
| (a)(i) | 1890 | 2 | M1 for $126 \div 4 [\times 60]$ oe If zero scored, SC1 for answer 31.5 |
| (a)(ii) | 103.95 | 4 | M3 for $0.5 \times \left(\frac{44}{60} + \frac{55}{60} \right) \times 126$ oe or SC3 for figs 10395 or figs 104 or M2 for two correct area methods or for a full method without minutes to hours conversion or M1 for one correct area with or without minutes to hours conversion |
| (b)(i) | $126 \times 1000 \div (60 \times 60)$ | 1 | |
| (b)(ii) | 46.3 or 46.28 to 46.29 | 3 | M2 for $(1400 + 220) \div 35$ oe or M1 for distance \div speed or $1400 + 220$ |
| (c) | 180 nfw | 4 | B3 for final answer 3 OR M3 for $\frac{217.5}{72.5} \times 60$ oe or M2 for $217.5 \div 72.5$ oe or $\frac{210 \text{ to } 220}{72.5} \times 60$ or $\frac{217.5}{72 \text{ to } 74} \times 60$ or M1 for 217.5 or 72.5 seen or $\frac{215}{73} \times 60$ |

AcelGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion

158. 0580_w17_ms_43 Q: 7

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|---|------|---|
| (a) | 9, -6, 9 | 3 | B1 for each |
| (b) | Correct graph | 4 | B3FT for 6 or 7 correct points or B2FT for 4 or 5 correct points or B1FT for 2 or 3 correct points |
| (c) | -3.5 to -3.35 and 0.8 to 0.9.. | 2FT | FT <i>their</i> graph B1FT for either |
| (d) | $a = \frac{5}{4}$ or $1\frac{1}{4}$ or 1.25 $b = -\frac{49}{8}$ or $-6\frac{1}{8}$ or -6.125 | 3 | B2 for either correct or M1 for $[2]\left(x + \frac{5}{4}\right)^2$ seen isw or for $2x^2 + 4ax + 2a^2 + b$ |

159. 0580_w17_ms_43 Q: 9

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|----------|--|--------------|---|
| (a) | $\frac{10}{x-0.5}$ oe final answer | 1 | Accept $\frac{20}{2x-1}$ |
| (b)(i) | $\frac{10}{x-0.5} - \frac{10}{x} = 0.25$ oe | M1 | FT <i>their</i> (a) |
| | $10x - 10(x-0.5) = 0.25x(x-0.5)$ oe | M1 | Clears algebraic denominators or collects as a single fraction FT <i>their</i> algebraic fractions dep on two fractions with algebraic denominators |
| | $10x - 10x + 5 = 0.25x^2 - 0.125x$ or better | B1 | Expands brackets |
| | $2x^2 - x - 40 = 0$ | A1 | Dep on M1M1B1 and no errors seen |
| (b)(ii) | $\frac{- -1 \pm \sqrt{(-1)^2 - 4 \times 2 \times -40}}{2 \times 2}$ oe | B2 | B1 for $\sqrt{(-1)^2 - 4(2)(-40)}$ or better or B1 for $\frac{- -1 + \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 2}$ or $\frac{- -1 - \sqrt{q}}{2 \times 2}$ or both |
| | -4.23 and 4.73 final answers | B1 B1 | SC1 for -4.229... and 4.729... or for -4.23 and 4.73 seen in working or for -4.73 and 4.23 as final answer or for -4.2 or -4.22 and 4.7 or 4.72 as final answer |
| (b)(iii) | 2 [hours] 7 [minutes] | 3 | B2 for 2.11 or 2.114 to 2.115 or 126.8 to 126.9 or 127 or M1 for $10 \div$ <i>their</i> positive root from (b)(ii) |

160. 0580_w17_ms_43 Q: 10

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|---------|------------------------------|------|--|
| (a)(i) | $2^2 \times 3^2 \times 5$ oe | 2 | M1 for 3 correct prime factors in a tree or table seen before the first error or for 2, 3, 5 identified |
| (a)(ii) | 540 | 2 | M1 for $2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5$ or 2×3^3 shown or answer $540k$ |

| | ANSWER | MARK | PARTIAL MARKS |
|-----|--------------------------|------|--|
| (b) | $X = 8575$ $Y = 6125$ | 4 | B3 for $X = 8575$ or $Y = 6125$ or B2 for $a = 5$ or $b = 1$ soi or B1 for $1225 = 5^2 \times 7^2$ or $42875 = 5^3 \times 7^3$ or M1 for $a^2 \times 7^2 [= 1225]$ or $a^3 \times 7^{b+2} [= 42875]$ |



AcelGCSE
Paper Perfection, Crafted With Passion