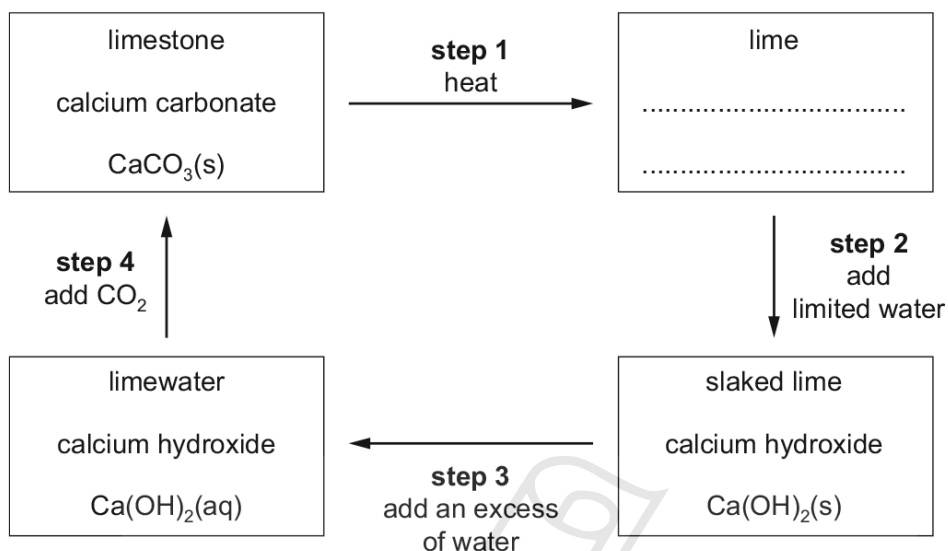


### 7.1 Physical and chemical changes

01. 0620\_m18\_qp\_42 Q: 3

Limestone rock is mainly calcium carbonate,  $\text{CaCO}_3$ .

(a) The 'limestone cycle' is shown. Each step is numbered.



(i) Complete the box to give the chemical name and formula of lime. [2]

(ii) Which step involves a physical change?  
 ..... [1]

(iii) What type of reaction is **step 1**?  
 ..... [1]

(iv) Suggest how **step 2** could be reversed.  
 ..... [1]

(v) Write a chemical equation for **step 4**.  
 ..... [1]

(vi) Explain why **step 4** is a neutralisation reaction. Refer to the substances reacting in your answer.  
 .....  
 ..... [2]

(b) Dolomite is a similar rock to limestone. Dolomite contains magnesium carbonate,  $\text{MgCO}_3$ .  
 Write a chemical equation for the reaction between magnesium carbonate and dilute nitric acid.  
 ..... [2]

7.1. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHANGES

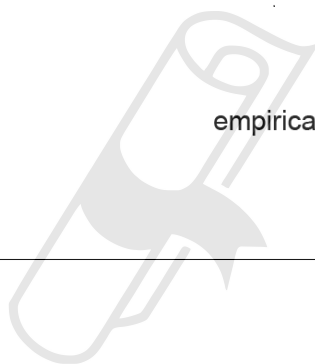
(c) Forsterite is another rock which contains a magnesium compound.

A sample of forsterite has the following composition by mass: Mg, 2.73g; Si, 1.58g; O, 3.60g.

Calculate the empirical formula of forsterite.

empirical formula = ..... [2]

[Total: 12]



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01. 0620\_m18\_ms\_42 Q: 3

(a)(i)	M1 calcium oxide M2 CaO	2
(a)(ii)	(step) 3	1
(a)(iii)	thermal decomposition	1
(a)(iv)	heating	1
(a)(v)	$\text{Ca(OH)}_2 + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{CaCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1
(a)(vi)	M1 $\text{CO}_2$ is acidic M2 $\text{Ca(OH)}_2$ is a base / alkali	2
(b)	$\text{MgCO}_3 + 2\text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Mg(NO}_3)_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$ M1 $\text{Mg(NO}_3)_2$ M2 rest of equation	2

(c)	Mg	Si	O		2
M1	2.73 / 24	1.58 / 28	3.60 / 16		
OR	0.11375	0.0564	0.23(0)		
M2	0.0.11375 / .0564	0.0564 / .0564	0.230 / .0564	leading to $\text{Mg}_2\text{SiO}_4$	



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