

01.0620_w12_qp_31 Q: 1

A list of techniques used to separate mixtures is given below.

filtration
diffusion
fractional distillation
simple distillation
crystallisation
chromatography

From this list, choose the most suitable technique to separate the following mixtures.
A technique may be used once, more than once or not at all.

- (a) butane from a mixture of propane and butane [1]
(b) oxygen from liquid air [1]
(c) water from aqueous magnesium sulfate [1]
(d) potassium chloride from aqueous potassium chloride [1]
(e) silver chloride from a mixture of silver chloride and water [1]
(f) glucose from a mixture of glucose and maltose [1]

[Total: 6]

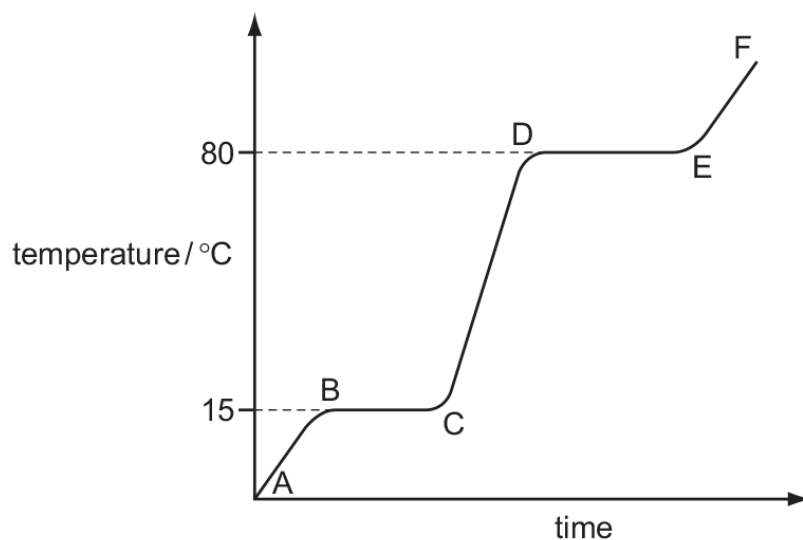
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2.2. PURITY

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The diagram shows a heating curve for a sample of compound X.



(a) Is X a solid, a liquid or a gas at room temperature, 20 °C?

..... [1]

(b) Write an equation for the equilibrium which exists in region BC.

..... [2]

(c) Name the change of state which occurs in region DE.

..... [1]

(d) Explain how the curve shows that a pure sample of compound X was used.

.....

..... [2]

[Total: 6]

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- (a) diffusion or fractional distillation;
- (b) fractional distillation;
- (c) simple distillation;
- (d) crystallisation;
- (e) filtration;
- (f) chromatography;

[Total: 6]

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- (a) liquid; [1]
- (b) (l) and (s); [1]
reversible sign; [1]
accept: X in equation
ignore: any compounds just look for state symbols
must be the same compound on both sides of equation
- (c) boiling / condensation; [1]
accept: evaporation or vaporisation
- (d) (in region BC) solid melts / liquid boils (in region DE); [1]
at one / fixed / sharp / single / specific temperature; [1]

[Total: 6]