

## 14.3 Homologous series

01.0620\_s15\_qp\_31 Q: 4

The alcohols form a homologous series.

(a) (i) Give **three** characteristics which all members of a homologous series share.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

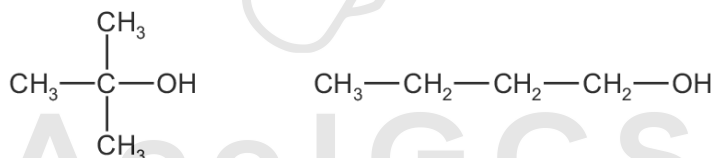
(ii) Give the name of the third member of this series.

name ..... [1]

(iii) Deduce the molecular formula of the alcohol whose  $M_r = 158$ . Show your working.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(b) Explain why the following two alcohols are isomers.



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..... [2]

14.3. HOMOLOGOUS SERIES

(c) This question is based on typical reactions of butan-1-ol.

- (i) When butan-1-ol,  $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-OH}$ , is passed over the catalyst silicon(IV) oxide, water is lost.

Deduce the name and the structural formula of the organic product in this reaction.

name .....

structural formula

[2]

- (ii) Suggest the name of the ester formed from butanol and ethanoic acid.

..... [1]

- (iii) Butan-1-ol is oxidised by acidified potassium manganate(VII).

Deduce the name and the structural formula of the organic product in this reaction.

name .....

structural formula

[2]

[Total: 13]

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(a)(i)	Any <b>three</b> from: same general formula; contain the same functional group; consecutive members differ by CH <sub>2</sub> ; common methods of preparation; same or similar chemical properties; physical properties vary in a predictable manner / show trends / show a gradual change / an example of a physical variation e.g. mpt, bpt volatility viscosity;	3	I different physical properties / physical properties change / an unqualified or slight change R same or similar physical properties
(a)(ii)	propanol / propan-1-ol / propan-2-ol;	1	
(a)(iii)	if molecular formula is given as C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O award 2 marks  if not, look for evidence of some correct working for one mark 158 - 17 = 141 <b>OR</b> 12n + 2n + 1 = 141 <b>OR</b> n = 10	2	A C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>21</sub> OH for two marks A (10 × 12) + (22 × 1) + 16 = 158 for one (working) mark
(b)	they have the same molecular formula (C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O);  different structures;	2	A same number of each type of atom I same number of atoms A different structural formula or different arrangement of atoms
(c)(i)	M1 butene or but-1-ene;  M2 structural formula of but-1-ene;	2	M1 and M2 are independent A but-2-ene for M1 Minimum acceptable structure is CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub> Double bond must be shown R structure of but-2-ene for M2
(c)(ii)	butyl ethanoate;	1	A butanyl R ethanoate and ethanoic
(c)(iii)	butanoic acid; structural formula of butanoic acid;	2	A butyric acid Minimum acceptable structure is CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> H A CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> COOH with C–HO connectivity in acid group